

No 61,602

TOMORROW

Work... George Walden, MP, on the unwillingness of top people to get on their bikes... and play The Times Guide to the World Athletics Championships

Birds... Philip Howard looks at the birds down his way... of a father Helen Mason meets fathers cut off from their children

War... Sri Lanka's Parliament debates the riots... game The draw for the semi-final of the NatWest Cricket Trophy

Right or wrong The Gillick judgment gives courts more rights than parents over children. Is this as it should be?

Conviction of 34 in IRA trial

The judge in Belfast's IRA trial has convicted 34 of the 38 defendants and cleared three. Mr Justice Basil Kelly continued detailing the evidence of Christopher Black, the Provisional IRA "supergrass", on whose word the charges were brought Page 2

US sends flour to Sri Lanka

The United States is sending 30,000 tonnes of wheat flour to Sri Lanka after a plea by Colombo for aid to relieve food shortages caused by the riots Page 4

Dollar struggle

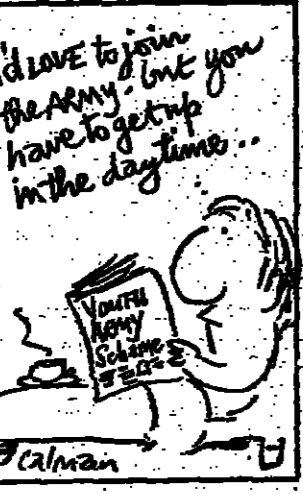
Heavy intervention on world currency markets by the central banks of five leading countries only partly succeeded in checking the rise of the dollar Page 17

Cell pressures

Prisoners awaiting trial are manacled during exercise at a London police station forced by prison overcrowding to keep two men in single cells Page 2

Golfer serious

Jack Newton, the Australian golfer who lost an arm when he walked into an aircraft propeller, is in a "very serious" condition after abdominal surgery.



Chasing treble

Middlesex are chasing a cricketing treble after beating Northamptonshire in the NatWest Trophy. The Benson and Hedges Cup holders, Middlesex also lead the county championship Page 21

Leader page 9 Letters: On the dollar from Professor H W Singer, and Sir Alan Neeve; resignation from Mr James Slater; Armenia, from DM Thomas

Leading articles: NHS finances; foreign correspondents in southern Africa; French restrictions on day trippers Features, pages 6, 8 Over-reacting to the typhoid outbreak; back comes the TUC carthorse; Ronald Butt on the Labour explosion yet to come; a profile of Mother Teresa of Calcutta Arab Aviation, pages 11-14: A four-page Special Report looks at the Arab airlines following their oil-funded spending spree on aircraft and technology over the past decade Books, page 7 Anthony Quinton surveys the riotous lives of MPs in the seventeenth century. Kay Dick reviews a life of Pasternak and Rory Coonan looks at photographs of Tibet before the Chinese arrived. Obituary, page 10 Mr James Archibald, Miss Josephine Foss

Home News	2-3	Events	28
Overseas	4-5	Law Report	10
Appointments	10-11	Times Bookshop	10
Books	12	Times	10
Business	16-20	Sport	28-29
Church	10	TV & Radio	27
Comment	20	Theatre, etc.	27
Continued	8	Universities	10
Obituary	10	Weather	10
Diary	8	Wills	10

Labour told it has one year to crush the Alliance

By Philip Webster, Political Reporter

Members of Labour's Shadow Cabinet and some MPs have received a stark analysis of the party's general election defeat which says that unless it beats off the challenge from the Liberal-Social Democratic Party Alliance within 12 months, Labour will go into the next election as the third party. Labour's senior politicians are told that the shift of votes away from the party to the Alliance between the 1979 and 1983 general elections represented an electoral "earthquake" and this shift suggests that Labour's performance in early parliamentary by-elections, next May's local elections and the following month's European Assembly elections will determine whether the same thing happens again.

The next general election may be five years away but the decision about which is to be the third party in that election will almost certainly be decided within one year, the politicians are told. "Unless we have broken the back of the Alliance within 12 months - unless we have firmly reestablished ourselves in second place in public opinion - we face the real prospect of a steady erosion of our already massively depleted vote."

The analysis, a copy of which has been obtained by The Times, states that in 1983 Labour ceased to be a national party, and claims: "Unless we understand and accept the sheer scale and nature of our defeat, there is not the slightest chance of us winning the next election." The confidential paper has been prepared by one of Labour's most respected and experienced researchers, Mr David Cowling, who works for Mr Peter Shore, the Shadow Chancellor and one of the candidates in Labour's leadership election. The paper, which some MPs are now circulating outside Westminster, says that in May 1979 Labour won more than seven million votes ahead of the Liberals; in 1983 it was less than 600,000 votes ahead of the Alliance. Further changes are just as likely in the period ahead; Ronald Butt, page 8

Beith heads Liberal lists for deputy chief

By John Winder

Four Liberal MPs are seen as possible contenders if the party assembly decides in September that Mr David Steel should have an elected deputy. The "P" may be a big one, for some MPs were arguing yesterday that the assembly discussions might well lead to a quite different future strategy.

Some see the creation of the posts of deputy leader, and chairman as an over-generous provision of chiefs with no few "indians" in Parliament, even though the Parliamentary Liberal Party now numbers 17, the largest since the Second World War.

The four front runners must be headed by Mr Alan Beith, Liberal Chief Whip for more than seven years, who has the advantage of having stood in for Mr Steel since he took an enforced rest some weeks ago. Other MPs with a good chance would be Mr David Penhaligon, MP for Yveto, and Mr Russell Johnston, MP for Inverness, Nairn and Lochaber, while the fourth possibility is Mr Cyril Smith, MP for Rochdale. Mr Smith will be presenting the motion, which would make the election of a deputy leader possible, to a strategy commission, meeting in advance of the Liberal Assembly, at Harrogate, on September 19. The

Three killed as jet crashes off Gibraltar

By Rodney Cowton, Defence Correspondent

The crew of three were killed when an RAF Canberra jet bomber crashed into the sea shortly after taking off from Gibraltar yesterday. The aircraft was on its way back to its base at RAF Wyton, in Huntingdonshire, after taking part in exercises.

The members of the crew were Flying Officer William Hunter Edward, aged 24, a married man who lived at Wyton; Flying Officer Andrew Gwyn, 22, unmarried, from Bristol; Flight Lieutenant Peter Ford, 42, married, from Needingworth, Cambridgeshire.

Thatcher in hospital for major eye surgery



Mrs Thatcher leaves Downing Street with Dr John Henderson before yesterday's operation.

By Our Political Reporter

Mrs Margaret Thatcher underwent a serious operation yesterday on her damaged right eye after laser treatment failed. The Prime Minister was taken straight to hospital for immediate surgery after visiting a Harley Street specialist early yesterday afternoon.

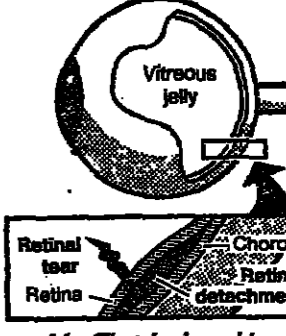
In an examination lasting 50 minutes the specialist found that a minor operation carried out on Sunday, details of which were disclosed only yesterday, had not succeeded in repairing a tear in the retina, which had become partly detached. Downing Street said Mrs Thatcher was expected to be in hospital for two or three days and resume her normal programme next week, when she is due to go on a fortnight's holiday to Switzerland. But Mr John Shilling, a London eye-specialist, said in a television interview last night that it might take up to a month to recover fully from such an operation.

Lord Whitelaw, who would take control of the Government if Mrs Thatcher had to rest for a long time, was said to be standing by at his farm near Penrith, Cumbria, to take on urgent duties. But there was no suggestion that he would return to London yet.

Downing Street insisted that Mrs Thatcher would continue to run the Government while in hospital and would keep in touch with her officials by telephone.

The aim of yesterday's operation carried out under general anaesthetic, was to stick together separated layers of the eye with a surgical freezing technique. An extremely cold instrument is applied to the eyeball and the ultra cold temperature is transmitted to the separated retinal layer and sticks it back. Downing Street said Mrs Thatcher would have to wear dark glasses for 24 hours after the operation.

In accordance with Mrs Thatcher's wishes Downing Street declined to reveal where the operation took place or who conducted it. The Prime Minister, who belongs to the British United Provident Association (BUPA), is receiving private treatment. The fact that Mrs Thatcher had already undergone a minor operation was not disclosed until the announcement that she was going into hospital. Downing Street had referred earlier in the week to "minor damage" to the retina and



Mrs Thatcher's problem

declined to specify the nature of the treatment received. Her own doctor, Dr John Henderson, had said there were clear signs of improvement.

The earlier operation was carried out under local anaesthetic. A special contact lens was fitted over the eye, through which laser beams were focused in an attempt to seal the tear.

It was said last night to have had a 70 per cent chance of success. Downing Street said the success rate for the second operation was 95 per cent for a detached retina and even better than that for Mrs Thatcher's condition, in which only a tiny part of the retina separated.

In people of the Prime Minister's age the vitreous jelly in the inner eye contracts (writes our medical correspondent). If the jelly is unusually adherent to the retina this contraction tears the retina allowing fluid to spread under the retina, which is then lifted.

The aim of the laser treatment which Mrs Thatcher had was to seal the hole to halt the fluid. The second operation probably took about an hour.

US sends Chad \$7m military supplies

From Mohsin Ali, Washington

The United States yesterday announced that it had sent military supplies worth \$7m (\$4.6m), including anti-aircraft equipment, to the Chad Government to help it in its fight against Libya-backed dissident forces in Northern Chad.

The State Department spokesman said these supplies included lorries, jeeps, medical items, some ammunition, small arms and anti-aircraft equipment.

An unspecified number of shoulder fired Redeye guided missiles have been airlifted for the Chadis. The spokesman said that the supplies sent were from the recently allocated \$10m for aiding the Pro-Western Government of President Hissene Habré.

The US was closely consulting the French Government, which is also giving military supplies to President Habré.

● NDIJAMENA: Libyan aircraft are attacking Chad Government troops cornered in the northern town of Faya-Largeau with repeated clusters of fragmentation and phosphorus bombs, but President Hissene Habré's men are holding out, according to Army sources here (AFP reports).

Western sources in a position to assess the situation independently agreed with this description of the scene in Faya-Largeau, the sprawling oasis 500 miles north of Ndjamena, which Mr Habré's forces recaptured on Saturday.

These reports were a contradiction of claims by the army of Mr Goukouni Oueddei, the ousted President, broadcasting from Libya, to have regained control of the strategic town. Libyan threat, page 4

Striking print union accepts £13 peace formula to bring back FT

By Paul Rontledge, Labour Editor

The Financial Times should be back on the streets early next week after a strike of more than two months that has cost the company an estimated £10m.

Leaders of the National Graphical Association last night accepted a peace formula agreed in secret talks with the company and the Advisory, Conciliation and Arbitration Service (Acas). The 24 machine-minders whose stoppage closed the paper will receive a £13-a-week guaranteed increase, taking their weekly pay to £317 for 32 hours. They were claiming £322.

The settlement, which has to be confirmed in a return-to-work agreement to be negotiated today by NGA officials and the newspaper's management, removes the threat of the craft print union's suspension from the TUC.

The TUC general council was due to meet this morning to suspend the NGA for refusing to abide by "formal advice" that it should accept the award recommended by an Acas-appointed mediator. The mediator said the men should not have more than they were paid before the strike.

The TUC will not now consider the disciplinary action, and Mr Len Murray, the TUC general secretary, said he was delighted at the outcome of the 16 hours of negotiations which resulted in a settlement much higher than the general council was instructing the NGA to accept.

Mr Joe Wade, the NGA's general secretary said last night: "We have achieved our objective of reaching by negotiation with the management a solution to this dispute."

The settlement, agreed early yesterday, gives an immediate £7 a week to the machine-minders, and a guaranteed further £6 when the union negotiates a joint press room agreement during the next fortnight in talks involving the semi-skilled union, Sogat 82.

Further money could result from those talks. Mr Alan Hare, the Financial Times' managing director, said: "An approach was made

Americans step up Salvador aid

From a Staff Reporter

Guatemala and El Salvador, the main allies of the United States in Central America, are to be given extra US food aid in an attempt to focus attention on the economic aspects of Washington's policy in the region. Mr John Block, the Agriculture Secretary, has been dispatched to the region on direct instructions from the White House.

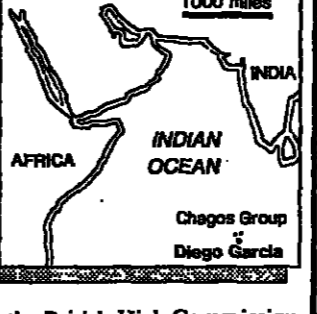
An American destroyer questioned the captain of a Soviet ship en route to Nicaragua. The ship was not stopped or boarded but it was asked to identify its cargo. It responded to the questions and continued on its course. Full story, page 4

Coconut invaders get orders to quit atoll

Britain is seeking to evict a group of coo-fibre merchants who have landed illegally on a remote Indian Ocean island atoll near the military base in Diego Garcia.

The Foreign Office confirmed last night that a ship had landed the merchants on a small island in the Chagos group. Although the incident seems similar to the South Georgia invasion by Argentine scrap metal dealers which led to the Falklands war last year, no gunboat diplomacy is envisaged in the Indian Ocean, it is understood.

The Navy Lieutenant-Commander commanding the 39-strong party of sailors and Royal Marines in Diego Garcia is acting in his civilian capacity as a deputy commissioner to ensure the illegal immigrants leave. A Foreign Office Spokesman said: "An approach was made



"We'd love to give up London rents. But how can we give up the London way of life?"

In Peterborough, new offices cost less than £700 a sq. ft., rent and rates. Factories or warehouses just £3,000 a sq. ft., all in.

Houses from £15,000 to £130,000. In limestone villages on the banks of the Nene, minutes from your desk. Or a modern house, equally close.

But can any of this compensate for giving up London? Hundreds of companies believe so. Their output, profits and productivity have improved since moving to Peterborough.

This, we believe, is because their staff have improved their quality of life. They appreciate the ancient city with its XII century Cathedral. The shopping centre voted the best in Europe. The Nene flowing through the city, set in thousands of acres of lakes and countryside.

And should they ever miss London, it's only 50 minutes away - closer in time than Tunbridge Wells.

Send for our Information Pack. It gives real hope of survival outside London.

For your copy telephone John Souda at Peterborough 0733 48921. Or send the coupon to Peterborough Development Corporation, Touthill Close, Peterborough PE1 1UJ (Telex 32822)

Name _____
 Company _____
 Position _____
 Address _____
 Tel. _____

the Peterborough Effect
It works for people. As well as business.

Lawson initiative signals start of three-way debate Government to identify job-creating sectors

By Edward Townsend, Industrial Correspondent

A new government initiative to identify the sectors in which jobs are most likely to be created in post-recession Britain was promised yesterday by Mr Nigel Lawson, the Chancellor of the Exchequer.

A special study is to be put in train by the Treasury and a full report is expected to go to the National Economic Development Council in the late autumn. It seems certain to signal the start of a major debate, with business and trade union leaders intent on influencing long-term job-creation policies. Mr Lawson, who chaired yesterday's NEDC meeting, expressed his keen desire for his department and the Government, rather than the National Economic Development Office, to take the lead in any discussion on the generation of jobs. The Government would produce a paper on the theme of "Where will the new jobs come from?"

The Confederation of British Industry, whose latest survey of manufacturing this week suggested that the recovery continues to be slow and patchy, will take the opportunity of Mr Lawson's paper to reiterate employers' concentration on the role of cost competitiveness in curbing the rate of unemployment and in creating new jobs.

Three killed as jet crashes off Gibraltar

By Rodney Cowton, Defence Correspondent

The crew of three were killed when an RAF Canberra jet bomber crashed into the sea shortly after taking off from Gibraltar yesterday. The aircraft was on its way back to its base at RAF Wyton, in Huntingdonshire, after taking part in exercises.

The members of the crew were Flying Officer William Hunter Edward, aged 24, a married man who lived at Wyton; Flying Officer Andrew Gwyn, 22, unmarried, from Bristol; Flight Lieutenant Peter Ford, 42, married, from Needingworth, Cambridgeshire.

TUC will drop boycott of Tebbit and test the ice, Murray predicts

By Paul Routledge, Labour Editor

The TUC will drop its boycott of contacts with Mr Norman Tebbit, the Secretary of State for Employment, in a move to test government intentions towards the unions, Mr Len Murray, TUC general secretary, predicted yesterday.

In an interview with *The Times* conducted after publication of the preliminary agenda for the September TUC conference in Blackpool, he said: "We have to be free to go in and test the ice."

"That is why it is important that we should go and talk to Mr Tebbit about his union legislation, not only about those proposals but to try to make a judgement about the attitude of the Government."

"It is the one way to find out what they are thinking and what they are intending to do, not just what they are saying. We may fail. We may find the frost is still there, in which case I would not see much advantage to the TUC in merely slithering about on the ice. But we have got to find out."

Militant engineering white-collar workers are urging next month's conference to reject "any discussion with the

Government on the subject of anti-union legislation," but after a close vote on the TUC General Council, Mr Murray believes there will be a substantial majority for lifting the ban on talks with Mr Tebbit.

The minister had invited the TUC for discussions on his recent White Paper on democracy in the unions. That envisages compulsory secret ballots for internal union elections and the removal of legal immunity from strikes which have not been sanctioned by a ballot of those involved.

But the issue on which the TUC hopes to make some headway is the Minister's controversial proposal to make the operation of trade union political funds subject to a ballot every ten years. On that point they believe Mr Tebbit is still open to persuasion.

Mr Murray is also confident that a move by the National Graphical Association to get the TUC out of the National Economic Development Council will be defeated. "It is a balance of advantage to be in Neddy," he said. "Like going to

see Tebbit, it is a balance of advantage. Those who want to abolish Neddy are those who do not want to talk to the Government."

"We can make it perfectly clear we do not accept the policies of the Government, but while saying we do not accept them, we are affected by them. We have to recognize that as fact."

Mr Murray also predicted "a long and full reappraisal of our economic policies" in the wake of the Blackpool Congress.

'Union of the unemployed'

● The TUC is to try to win back the 1,500,000 "lost comrades" who have left unions in the last four years. A motion before congress next month, and almost certain to be passed, will aim to issue special TUC cards to former trade unionists who are unemployed.

The "Union of the unemployed" is proposed in a resolution from the National Union of Journalists.

Getting ready to talk, page 8

Judge convicts 34 of IRA terror crimes

From Richard Ford, Belfast

Thirty-four people had been convicted of terrorist crimes on the word of a Provisional IRA supergrass yesterday when the Belfast Crown Court judge ended the second day of his judgment in Ireland's longest trial.

Mr Justice Basil Kelly cleared three of the 38 defendants implicated by Christopher Black. Today he will deal with the one remaining man accused of murdering the Maze prison's deputy governor in 1978.

Those convicted on the 118th day of the trial included the youngest defendant, aged 20, and the oldest, Mrs Rose Harvey, a 71-year-old grandmother, who allowed her home to be used by the IRA.

Others convicted included Gerald Loughlin, officer commanding the Provisionals' Third Battalion, Tobias McMahon, an explosives expert, and Kevin Mulgrew, the leader of an active service unit.

The public gallery was crowded as Mr Justice Kelly went through Mr Black's evidence

about a murder, conspiracy to murder, possession of arms and knee-cappings.

The 32 men and five women have been convicted of a number of terrorist charges. Mulgrew, Loughlin and Charles McKiernan, have been convicted of murdering a part-time member of the Ulster Defence Regiment.

The judge said Mr Black's role was "more than peripheral" he had addressed a letter used by a gunman disguised as a postman to lure the man to his door.

Another six people involved in setting up the killing were found guilty of less serious charges.

Mrs Pauline McKinney, aged 42, and her son, Mark, 20, were convicted of Provisional IRA membership, and her husband, Edward 45, was convicted of possessing a firearm.

The judge is wearing a bullet-proof vest as part of the tight security at the court. When the trial is over he may be given protection for life.

Tourists not deterred by typhoid

While some holidaymakers cut short their stay on the Greek island of Kos because of the typhoid outbreak and flew back to Britain, others were flying out to begin their holidays yesterday.

So far official figures have 12 confirmed typhoid cases and 12 suspected, but hospitals in Britain say that the numbers are higher. Most of the cases involve people who stayed at the Ramada Beach Hotel on the island early in June.

One holiday firm, Thomson, said yesterday that six of their 90 clients staying at the hotel had cut short their holiday, but more than 20 other people were flying out after being given the option of cancelling with a full refund.

The Department of Health said yesterday that thousands of holidaymakers did not realize that vaccinations were recommended for most parts of the Mediterranean, including Spain, Portugal, Greece, Italy, Turkey and North Africa.

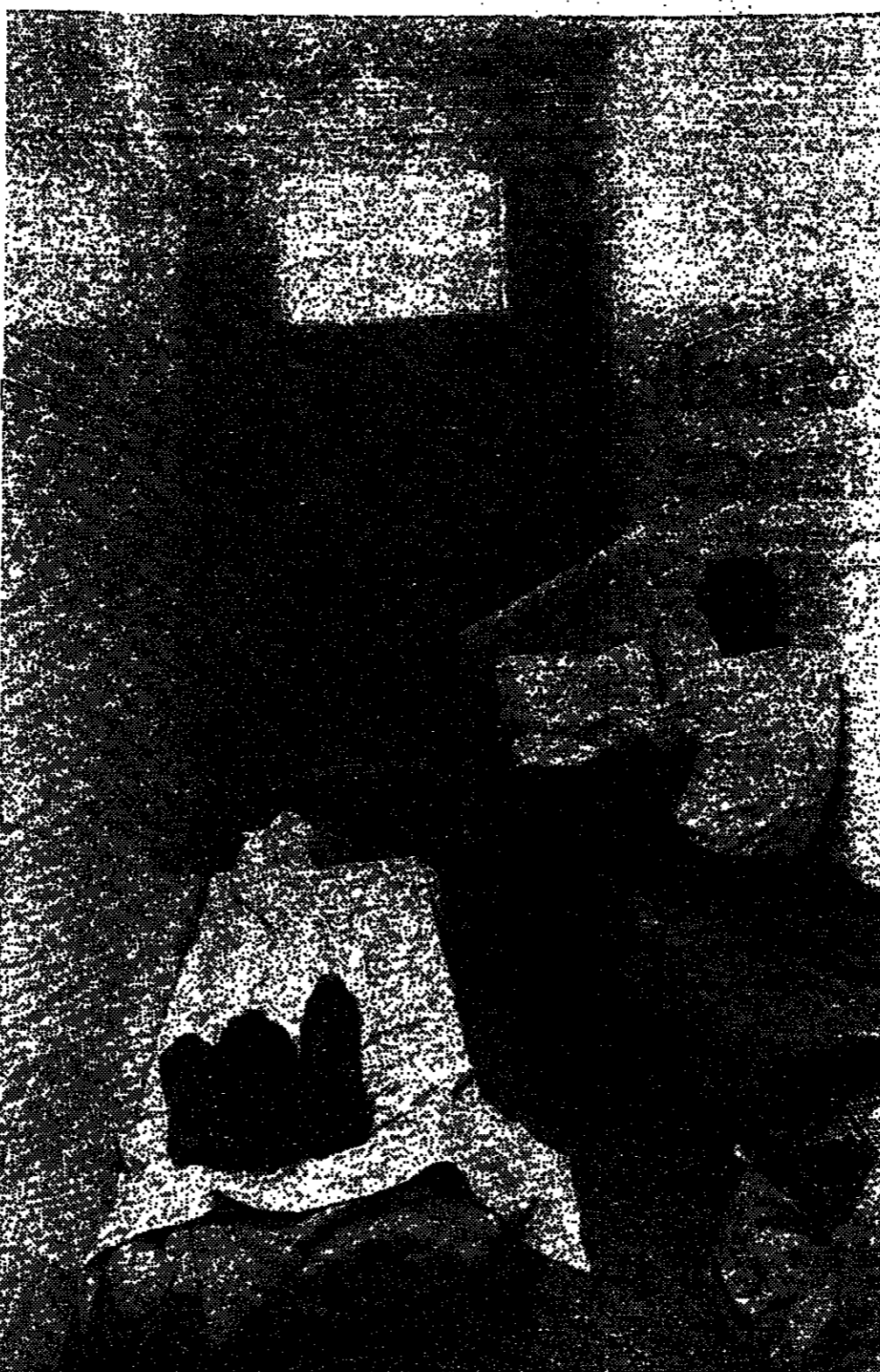
But travel agents may not always pass on the recommendation to those booking holidays, the Association of British Travel Agents (Abta) admitted. "We have to advise the necessary vaccinations," an Abta spokesman said, referring to those diseases, like yellow fever, against which protection is compulsory to enter certain countries.

In Bristol, Doctors said yesterday that there was a shortage of typhoid vaccine and hundreds of families planning holidays abroad had been unable to get their prescriptions filled.

Public health authorities in Madrid said yesterday that outbreaks of typhoid fever and legionnaires' disease in eastern Spain were under control (a Madrid Correspondent writes).

In Murcia four elderly patients in a psychiatric hospital have died of typhoid fever during the past week. The hospital's water supply became contaminated as the result of a broken water main.

Understanding typhoid, page 8



Two prisoners sharing a single cell at Arbour Square police station.

Photograph: Brian Harris

Manacles used on remand prisoners at police stations

By Peter Evans, Home Affairs Correspondent

Prisoners on remand in London police cells are being manacled together for exercise which might last no more than a quarter of an hour a day and are sometimes guarded by police dogs.

The rest of the time is spent sharing with another prisoner a cell smaller than those in prisons, the Victorians built to hold one person.

The cells, in Arbour Square Police Station in London's East End, were shown to journalists for the first time yesterday. They have been pressed into emergency use because of lack of rooms in London's overcrowded jails.

Inspector Roger Moore said at Arbour Square yesterday that there were no proper facilities for the police to assume responsibility for prisoners not in jails. "We have no laid-down minimum for exercise. The yard is used for exercise purposes when it is available."

It also serves as an entrance to a magistrates' court and a police compound for vehicles. The No. three area dog section is at the station.

Use of dogs at exercise time was not a prerequisite, Inspector Moore said, but if they were there while prisoners were in the yard "it would be natural to say hang on". There has been one attempted escape from Arbour Square.

There is one washbasin in the corridor outside the four cells which house eight prisoners. But if they want to use a shower upstairs they can do so if there are officers to supervise them.

There is a lavatory in the cell, but no privacy. Each cell contains only one bed. The other prisoner lies on a mattress on the floor, sometimes for much of the day. There is little else to do and almost no space in which to do it, though prisoners can have radios to listen to. There are no ward-robies or cupboards.

They have little complaint about food or visits, though one prisoner said it was sometimes difficult to keep in touch with relatives. After a court appearance they might be moved to another police station.

Another prisoner told me that because police did not have enough staff to man the station, they had tried, unsuccessfully, to shorten a half-hour interview with his lawyer to prepare his case.

Conditions compare badly with those even in overcrowded prisons and remand centres where much more time is spent out of cells. "I seem to take it out on visitors", one prisoner said. "I get wound up for so much of the day."

For the Prison Department, which meets all the cost of keeping prisoners in police cells, the emergency is expensive. In the first two months of this financial year, use of police and court cells has cost £3.4m. The total cost in 1982-83 was £3.4m.

Mr Leon Brittan, Home Secretary said on July 21 that he was determined to ensure that the use of police cells to hold prisoners was eliminated before the end of the year. On Monday there were 268 people in police cells, 153 of them in the Metropolitan Police area and the rest in those of surrounding forces.

● The Prison Department was yesterday studying the implications of a clash between black remand prisoners and white prisoners in Wormwood Scrubs jail, west London on Tuesday.

The trouble began when a prison officer tried to break up a fight between a black prisoner and a white prisoner. In other prisoners, six black and four white, then joined in.

In the end the clash involved nearly half of the prisoners in the severely overcrowded B wing. There were minor scratches and bruises to 11 inmates, and of 11 officers needing medical examination, three went off duty, according to the department.

Man to be questioned on dead girl

By Arthur Osman

A man arrested in Bristol on a theft charge is to be interviewed by Leicestershire detectives taking part in the Caroline Hogg murder inquiry.

However, a senior police officer said yesterday: "We are going all over the country seeing people on various aspects of the hunt, so too much importance should not be attached to this."

It is understood that the man, aged about 27, is a long distance lorry driver and lives in co Durham.

In Edinburgh, where Caroline Hogg, aged five, disappeared on July 8 - her body was found on July 18 near Twycross, Leicestershire - the police said they were renewing an appeal for an Asian family group, which had been in a swing park in Potobello at about the time the child was there to come forward.

Two officers of the Lothian and Borders police have returned from West Germany after seeing Herr Fritz Witte, a schoolteacher.

Satellite links for ships in £350m scheme

By Clive Cookson, Technology Correspondent

Inmarsat, the London-based international maritime satellite organization, is to establish a £350m mobile communications system which would provide satellite links to up to 20,000 ships as well as aircraft and possibly even long-distance lorries.

The world's aerospace companies were invited yesterday to tender for the second-generation Inmarsat system, including up to nine satellites to be launched between 1988 and 1991.

Manufacturers will be competing fiercely for what will be one of the most valuable orders

of the decade, and one consortium, led by Britain's GEC-Marconi and including Ford Aerospace and Aerospaciale of France, has already agreed to submit a joint proposal.

Inmarsat is willing either to lease or to buy the satellites, which will carry 125 to 250 telephone channels, compared with a maximum of 40 on the current first-generation satellites.

The satellites may be launched on the Soviet Proton rocket as an alternative to the European Ariane or the American Shuttle.

THINKING OF BUYING A DIAMOND?

The Diamond Centre of the North offers you a selection of over 2,500 rings, including a number of CIBJO certified diamonds. Write or telephone now for list of CIBJO diamond rings at prices from £800 upwards.

It's well worth the journey to the Diamond Centre of the North. **Prestons** Privately owned diamond merchants since 1830. Profusion of Bolton (North) 2, Deansgate, Bolton, BL1 1BT. Tel: 02040 25476. Telex: 62221.

Why Nell's victory is crucial

By Richard Evans

While most working women in Britain may not take kindly to being compared with Nell Gwynne, millions almost certainly face the same pay discrimination suffered by this week's much-publicized industrial tribunal.

The sad truth for women, 13 years after Britain led the field in introducing equal pay legislation, is that their average earnings are still only three quarters of those paid to men, and many even earn less than their male counterparts for work of equal value.

Under the existing Equal Pay Act a woman can claim equal pay with a man for work which is "like" his or has been "rated as equivalent" by a job evaluation scheme, but she cannot claim it where she is doing different work, albeit of equal value to the employer.

The loophole is particularly damaging to women in industries where they monopolise one job, and therefore cannot compare their wages with those of a man.

In the clothing industry job segregation has traditionally required women to be the machinists and men the cutters. Although they contribute equally to producing clothes, men have always been paid more. Likewise, women who tend to dominate the production and packing lines



Gaynor Miles, the actress who pioneered the principle

in the food processing industry earn less than men involved with warehousing and distribution.

In theory, women's chances of equal pay for equal work should improve dramatically from the beginning of next year. For the Government, rapped over the knuckles by the European Court of Justice, is in the process of widening the scope of legislation.

Under a draft order laid before Parliament shortly before the summer recess, women will be allowed to claim equal pay for work which is of equal value to a man's in terms of the effort, skill and decision-making required.

Industrial tribunals which hear claims would be able to commission reports from inde-

pendent experts on whether jobs were of equal value.

But critics say parts of the order are so badly drafted that it is bound to be thrown out by Parliament, and in any case it may not satisfy the European court.

The performance of Mr Alan Clark, Under-Secretary of State at the Department of Employment, who unveiled the proposals before the Commons, only served to confirm doubts about the Government's determination to enforce equal pay.

He angered MPs of all parties with his apparent lack of commitment to the principle of the new measure.

And so the victory of Nell Gwynne, alias Miss Gonor Miles in successfully claiming she should have been paid as much as two male court jesters in a restaurant entertainment is being hailed as crucial.

Ms DI Trembath of the Equal Opportunities Commission, who thinks a majority of women probably suffer from pay discrimination, said yesterday she hoped the case would persuade more women to come forward with genuine claims.

"It is going to make both employees and employers question what this concept of equal value is all about, and whether it applies to them."

Park and ride stations planned Inter-City's answer to M25

By Michael Bally Transport Editor

British Rail plans a ring of Inter-City stations around London to combat the effect of the M25 orbital motorway on rail travel.

Nearly two thirds of BR's £450m Inter-City business originates in the London area and it could be greatly reduced when the M25 is completed in three years.

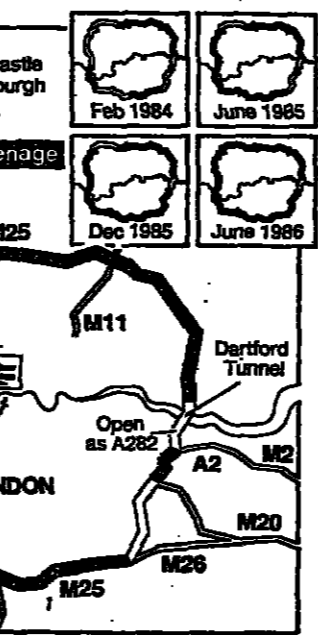
Business and commuter travellers will soon get into the habit of using the M25 for local journeys, and once in the car they may use one of the radial motorways to their provincial destination rather than go into London to catch an Inter-City train.

To provide a rival attraction British Rail plans a series of park and ride stations on or near the M25 that will tempt businessmen to leave their cars and travel by rail.

Likely sites are Stevenage on the Newcastle and Edinburgh line; Luton for Nottingham and Sheffield; Watford for Manchester, Liverpool and Glasgow; Slough for Bristol and South London; and Woking for Southampton and the south coast.

The perimeter stations will feature greatly expanded car parks similar to the highly successful Bristol Parkway on the M4. Many more high-speed trains will stop at the stations which will be refurbished.

The plan is part of a new BR strategy to sell Inter-City into the next century by meeting the challenge of the widespread



population exodus from the centre to the periphery of London and other cities. Perimeter stations are also being considered around Glasgow, where the population has fallen 30 per cent since 1951, Liverpool and Manchester (35 per cent) and Birmingham (15 per cent).

A close watch will be kept on the possibility of redeveloping the city centre terminal built in Victorian days. These valuable sites, as disclosed in *The Times* this week, are regarded by the Government as suitable for

private development into commercial, shopping and entertainment centres.

● A £2 packet of washing powder will buy more than £100 worth of rail travel in a big promotional deal between BR and the Lever Brothers combine.

For every three coupons from such Lever products as Persil and Domestos, a rail ticket for use throughout Britain and to Paris and Amsterdam will be given free, provided the user travels with a passenger paying the full fare.

Attack on NHS care at cut price

By Our Social Services Correspondent

Private patients are getting cut-rate treatment in health service hospitals, some of which are not even collecting the money, Association of Scientific, Technical and Managerial Staffs (ASTMS), the white-collar union, claimed yesterday.

People who may have paid to jump the queue, were being charged £5.50 for an electrocardiograph test; £5 for any number of tests on a blood specimen and £3.50 for a single physiotherapy session.

Mr Terry Comerford, the ASTMS national officer, said: "We have reproduced this information in a leaflet for wide circulation to show the taxpayer the level of rip-off by the private health sector."

"Mrs Thatcher should be doing something about these charges rather than attempting to save money by sacking health service workers and closing hospitals."

MP calls for inquiry after firm secretly closes

The Government was last night asked to suspend share dealings and investigate the affairs of two companies, one of whose workers returned from holiday to find that their factory's machinery and equipment had been removed.

Employees of Nova (Jersey) Knit, plc, found the gates locked at their factory in Ystrad Mynach, Mid Glamorgan, and were later told by letter to go to work on Monday to hear details of redundancy payments.

Union officials later discovered that the machinery, to dye and finish textiles, had been

Reply over Nigerians' tuition fees

By Our Education Correspondent

The nine British universities and polytechnics accused by the Nigerians this week of refusing to give vital information which would enable Nigerian students to pay their fees said yesterday either that they had given the details requested or that they had fee problems.

"The Nigerian High Commission seems to be passing the buck," Mr Ted Bell, senior assistant registrar of Reading University said, "While it is true that we are not prepared to give complete information about all our Nigerian students, we have given information about the students who owe fees or on whose behalf fees are owed."

Hatfield Polytechnic, Oxford Polytechnic, Sussex University, King's College, and the London School of Economics, say they do not have any problem with unpaid fees, but that they respect the confidentiality of information provided by students.

Police seek taxi driver

Scotland Yard yesterday began searching for a London taxi driver who may have vital information in the search for the killer of Mr Peter Arne, aged 63, the actor found battered to death in his Knightsbridge flat last Monday.

Police knew that Mr Arne visited a theatrical costumer on Monday morning. He was picked up from the firm, in Clerkenwell, by taxi shortly after midday. At about 2pm neighbours heard a commotion in Mr Arne's flat in Hans Place and later police found his body.

Police want to know where the taxi driver was ordered to take his passenger.

An inquest into Mr Arne's death was adjourned at Westminster Coroner's Court yesterday until the end of August.

Numbers worry polytechnics

A record number of students went to Britain's 30 polytechnics last year, figures published yesterday by the Committee of Directors of Polytechnics show. Some polytechnics are reaching the limits of their capacity in certain areas and are becoming alarmed, Mr Roger Blow, the committee's senior administrative assistant, said.

Last year there were 140,000 on full-time and sandwich courses, a rise of 6.6 per cent. The increase in students going to polytechnics is partly a result of the cut in university students.

Overseas selling prices: **US** \$1.00 = 2.46p Sterling; **FR** 100 Francs = 16.36p; **DM** 100 Marks = 6.56p; **Yen** 100 Yen = 0.70p; **Swiss** 100 Francs = 1.35p; **Italian** 100 Lira = 0.13p; **Spanish** 100 Pesetas = 0.16p; **Portuguese** 100 Escudos = 0.02p; **Japanese** 100 Yen = 0.70p; **South African** 100 Rand = 0.60p; **West German** 100 Marks = 6.56p; **US Dollar** 100 Dollars = 2.46p; **Swiss Franc** 100 Francs = 1.35p; **Italian Lira** 100 Lira = 0.13p; **Spanish Peseta** 100 Pesetas = 0.16p; **Portuguese Escudo** 100 Escudos = 0.02p; **Japanese Yen** 100 Yen = 0.70p; **South African Rand** 100 Rand = 0.60p; **West German Mark** 100 Marks = 6.56p.

ADVERTISEMENT AUTHORS WANTED BY N.Y. PUBLISHER. Leading weekly book publisher seeks manuscripts of all types fiction/non-fiction, poetry, prose, scholarly and religious. Send for free booklet to: New York, N.Y. 10001, USA.

سكوا من الاصل

Many snaps are ruined by process firms, consumer magazine says

By Stephen Goodwin

Blurred views and chopped off heads which typically mar photographs of that unforgettable holiday may not, after all, be the fault of the camera or an unsteady hand.

A report in the consumer magazine *Which?* published today, says poor results with colour prints may be attributable to the film processing, and paying higher prices will not necessarily make any difference.

Which? sent 300 identically exposed Boots Colourprint and Kodacolor II films to 19 processing firms and assessed the returned prints for faults, sharpness, colour and cut-offs from the negative.

The magazine says: "Our tests results show what initially were identical scenes can lead to some startlingly different results."

Fees charged by the processing firms varied greatly, from 6p to 30p for a large print, and there was also "considerable variation" among the prints received.

"Poor results can be due to variations in colour balance - it is possible to eliminate the

yellowish tone of a face taken in ordinary indoor lighting, but most laboratories did not do it," *Which?* says.

Cut-offs can be particularly galling. That vital part of a scene can be removed by the high-speed printing machines set to ensure that black edges are not left round a print.

The commonest fault was white specks on prints, which could be caused by dust or dirt in the laboratory or splashes from chemicals.

The survey lists 19 firms trading under a variety of names, one as many as nine. Special offers, it says, are not always what they seem and the fastest processors tend to be expensive, to give poor results, or both.

One of the speediest, the London-based Fotofast, which operates an "in by 10, out by 5" service, is criticized for faults with both 110mm and 35mm films. Cut-offs, sharpness and colour are also below par for the 35mm film, which accounts for about 85 per cent of its business.

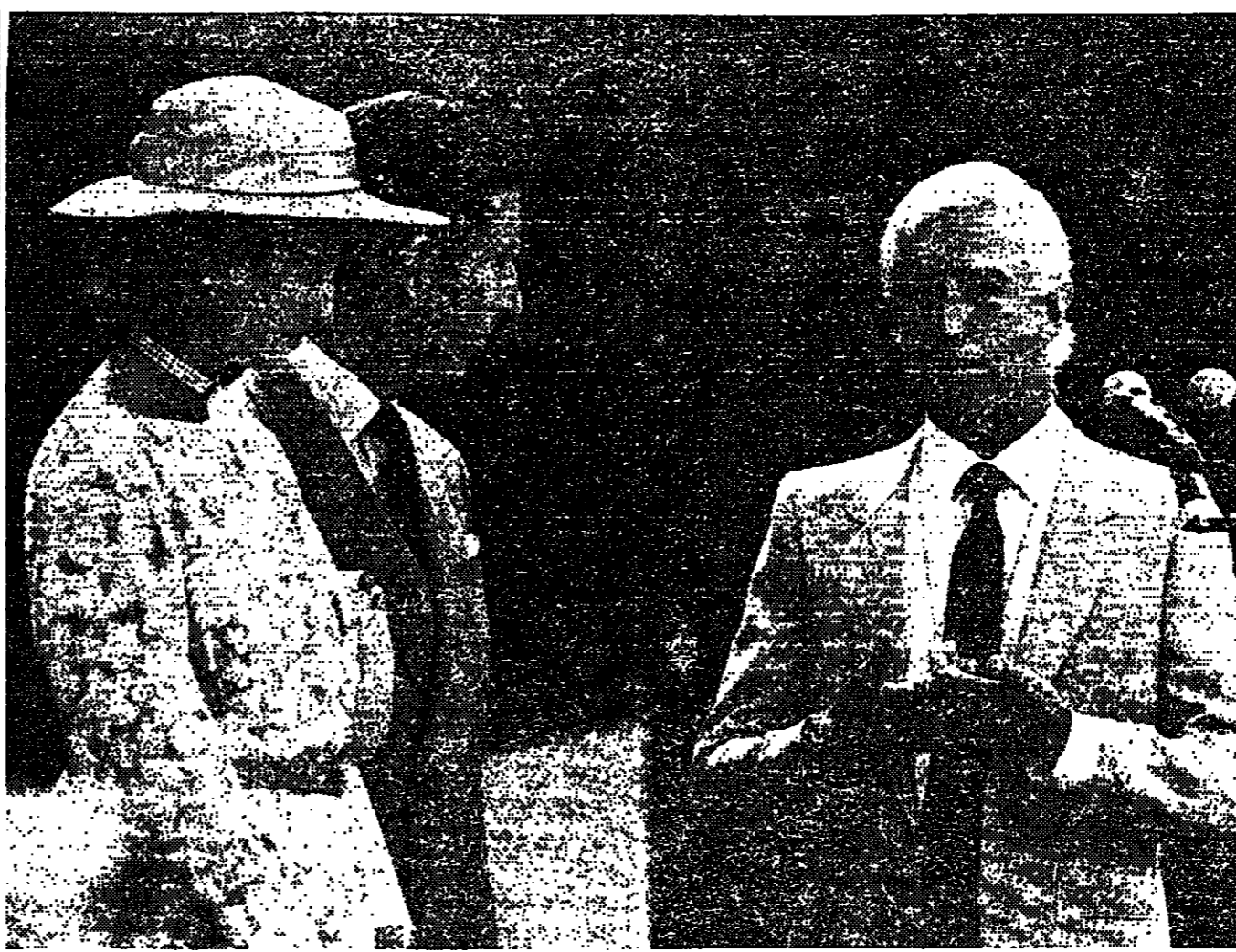
Mr Tim Auv, Fotofast's marketing controller, told *The Times* that quality control suffered as the firm tried to keep its promise on days when the film load was heavier than normal.

He said: "We are trying to cater for a certain section of the photo-taking public, commuters, who are willing to entertain perhaps a slight drop in quality in exchange for speed."

Which? praised the Memo group, which trades under names such as BonusPhoto, Bonusprint, Capitalfoto and Fast-a-Film. Memo group processing is done at Grunwick in north London, scene of a bitter dispute over union recognition in 1977.

Kodak and the Snap 'n' Save firm were the only ones to get "best" marks in the faults category for 110mm film.

Kodak's spokesman said: "It is up to the customers, if they are not happy, to go back to the lab and say so." *Which?* says free reprints are nearly always given without arguments.



The Prince and Princess of Wales listening to Jimmy Savile's speech yesterday.

Hospital patients get royal surprise

The Prince of Wales took a surprise yesterday for patients and staff at Stoke Mandeville Hospital, near Aylesbury, Buckinghamshire: his wife. He had been expected alone to open the hospital's new spinal injuries centre.

Flag-waving crowds, who had waited for hours in the bright sunshine, cheered when the royal party arrived.

The Prince explained: "The atmosphere and spirit here is quite extraordinary. I mentioned this to my wife and she thought what I had to say was interesting, so she said she would come along as well."

But Mr Jimmy Savile, who launched an appeal to raise £10m for the new unit, suspected an ulterior motive. "Only I know the real reason why the Princess is here, it's a complicated way to get a request played on Radio One", he joked.

His comment brought a giggle from the Princess, who looked cool in an ivory and grey silk two-piece with matching dove grey hat, bag, belt and shoes.

Mr Savile acted as host to the royal couple, who were accompanied by Mr Norman Fowler, Secretary of State for Social Services.

The unit has the most modern

facilities for disabled people, including Jacuzzi baths and a push-button miniature colour television set for each patient in the intensive care ward.

Mr Savile's campaign raised £10m for the unit in three years. Building began two years ago yesterday.

He described Stoke Mandeville as "a hospital of perfection, built by the laughter and good times of the British public, British industry and the British media".

The Prince agreed that it was a team effort. "What we see here is, more than anything, a tribute to a very large number of people", he said.

Retrial for Britons amid claims of torture

By Richard Dowden

Three Britons who were convicted of drug smuggling in Peru last December after claiming that they signed false confessions because of torture, are being retried because the public prosecutor has demanded harsher sentences.

Peter Duffy from Macclesfield was sentenced to eight years and Philip Thorne and Hugh Quigley, both from Bristol, were sentenced to five years each for trying to smuggle cocaine.

Mr Duffy and Mr Quigley said they were hooded, kicked, beaten and held under water by the police when first arrested in November, 1980.

It is understood that the Peruvian public prosecutor wanted a 25-year sentence for Mr Duffy and ordered the retrial because he felt that police evidence had not been presented well enough.

A British observer at the trial described it as a mixture of Lewis Carroll and Franz Kafka. "The judge laughed when Duffy complained about the torture", he said.

The three have been in prison for nearly three years. Mr Thorne is now passing blood in his urine and has a severe skin infection. Mr Quigley fell and broke his left hand in June. It took him 17 days to get an X-ray examination, and he was told that if he wanted plaster, he would have to pay for it.

The three used what little money they had hiring lawyers for the first trial, but they say the lawyers never came to the court and they had to rely on others who did not meet them before the hearings. It is understood that Mr Duffy is being helped by his company.

The Foreign Office in London says that the Peruvian Minister of Justice had "refuted all the allegations" at a meeting with the British Ambassador on February 19 last year.

Car registration change studied

By Clifford Webb, Motoring Correspondent

Alternatives to the August car registration system are being considered by Mr Tom King, Secretary of State for Transport.

It is understood to be concerned that BL, which is entirely dependent on the output of British factories, should be handicapped by the government-imposed model-year change. The present system appears to favour the importers.

Among the alternatives is a change to June, which is favoured by many car dealers; October which is supported by BL; or the scrapping of the

present system, replacing it with the American and Swiss method of allocating licence plates to drivers instead of cars.

Supporters of the latter method argue that it removes the artificial distortion of the market resulting from the use of a letter identifying the year of manufacture.

Opponents insist, however, that it would result in lower sales over the year by removing any incentive to buy cars in a specific month.

Mr King's concern follows lobbying by BL executives, who

insist that the August bonanza enables Continental manufacturers to switch to the production of right-hand drive models for Britain during June and July.

These are months when they would normally be introducing short-time working before the August holidays.

BL would prefer October to give it two more months in which to build up stocks. It would also reduce the risk of short-time working at Longbridge and Cowley in September and October.

Receiving order on Sutcliffe

A receiving order was made at Bradford County Court yesterday against Peter Sutcliffe, the Yorkshire Ripper. It was the first step towards making the killer of 13 women bankrupt.

The registrar, Mr David Garside, made the order after a hearing in private. It was requested by Mrs Irene MacDonald, whose daughter Jayne was murdered by Sutcliffe in 1977.

Mrs MacDonald, who was awarded £6,722 compensation, has not been paid by Sutcliffe. He also owes £19,000 to two women who survived his attacks. His only asset is a detached house in Garden Lane, Heaton, Bradford.

Sutcliffe, who is serving a life sentence, was not legally represented at the hearing but his wife Sonia attended.

Afterwards, Mrs MacDonald's solicitor, Mr William Tate, said the Official Receiver would deal with the estate. "We are now very optimistic that Mrs MacDonald will receive the money."

Rider charged

Harvey Smith, aged 44, the showjumper, of Craighlands Farm, Bingley, West Yorkshire, faced charges of drunken driving and failing to display matching headlights at Selby Magistrates Court yesterday. The case was adjourned until September 14.

Argentine ban

Mr Alfred Lomas, Labour Member of the European Parliament for London North-east, has been refused a visa to visit Argentina with a European delegation, which is investigating the disappearance of political prisoners. No explanation was given.

Pill ban appeal

Mrs Victoria Gillick, of Wisbech, Cambridgeshire, the mother of 10 children who lost her High Court battle to stop doctors prescribing the contraceptive pill to under-age girls, is to appeal against the ruling. She will again receive legal aid.

Drug man jailed

Ikhlag Mubarak, aged 44, from Lahore, Pakistan, was jailed for ten years and recommended for deportation yesterday when he was found guilty at Aylesbury Crown Court of smuggling heroin with a street value of £650,000 into Britain.

M1 speed purge

Northamptonshire police have charged nearly 700 drivers in a two-month period for allegedly exceeding 80 miles an hour on the M1. The police action follows a sharp increase in road deaths in the county.

Wine for 25m

The number of wine drinkers in Britain is expected to exceed 25 million for the first time this year. They will consume 350 million litres, according to figures published yesterday by Cinzano UK.

Poor programmes 'bar to cable boom'

By Bill Johnstone, Electronics Correspondent

There are not enough good quality television programmes for British cable operators to attract subscribers, according to a five nation study on satellite and cable television programming published today.

The study conducted by CIT Research of London into consumer attitudes to cable in Britain, West Germany, Belgium, France and The Netherlands, says that if European programme makers produce material that subscribers will buy, then a new industry worth between \$4,000m and \$5,000m (£2,660m and £3,330m) a year could be created by 1990.

The amount that people will pay for cable television still appears to be critical. "This is limited, initially to an average of less than the equivalent of \$12 (£4) per household per month", the report says.

The most popular product which subscribers would pay for is feature films, followed by sport, documentaries, science, music and news, the survey found.

The report also concludes: "There is widespread interest in a specialized news channel (40 to 50 per cent of viewers would watch) but few viewers would pay for such a service." Rather, they would expect it to be part of a package which would include popular entertainment.

Programme sponsorship, particularly of news, will be needed because of high production costs; channel sharing will also be necessary to reduce costs.

Britain is potentially one of the biggest markets for cable television. The Government is committed to its expansion and 60 per cent of British homes have more than one television. The average British viewer watches 22.7 hours a week, compared to France (14.3), Belgium (13.1), West Germany (12.5) and The Netherlands (12).

The Government has invited applications for 12 pilot franchises for multi-channel cable television networks in Britain probably carrying between 20 and 30 channels. Applications must reach the Home Office by the end of this month. Franchises are to be awarded in November.

Video recorder use in Britain 1983	
Category of use	%
Recording while watching another channel	39
Recording while absent	30
Watching pre-recorded material (rented or bought)	22
Recording/watching at same time	9

Source: Communications and Information Technology (CIT) Research Ltd.

Dublin pilots held over moonlighting

Three Irish Air Corps pilots arrested at Dublin airport on Tuesday night face disciplinary charges and possible court martial for flying for a civilian airline without permission.

The were placed in "open service custody" - confined to barracks - after they landed at the airport while flying for an independent airline, Avair.

A fourth pilot, who had been working for Flightline, based at Prestwick, Scotland, reported to the police yesterday.

An Irish Army spokesman said yesterday that a court martial was likely, probably on charges of being absent without leave. The air corps is a branch of the army.

The pilots had requested to leave the air corps so that they could take up more lucrative employment with civil airlines, but their request was rejected at a Cabinet meeting last week.

EEC blamed in dearer cakes warning

By Patricia Clough
Biscuits, cakes and other flour-based foods will become dearer as a result of the "crazy" EEC cereal system, Mr John Bradbury, president of the Cake and Biscuit Alliance, has predicted.

Last year, Britain had a surplus of home-grown wheat and prices were down to the EEC intervention level. But more than two million tons were exported, leaving a shortage, and now Britain is having to import dearer wheat, he said.

Mr Bradbury blamed the EEC's "too generous" export refunds, which induced farmers to export too much too soon. The alliance was making representations to the EEC Commission and the European Parliament.

The price of home-grown wheat has increased from about £125 to £140 a ton.

Judge defers decision on glue sale charges

From Our Correspondent, Edinburgh

A judge has reserved his decision on whether two Glasgow shopkeepers should go on trial accused of endangering lives by supplying young people with solvents and glue-sniffing kits.

Lord Avonside said at the High Court in Edinburgh yesterday, after hearing two days of preliminary legal debate into the relevancy of the charge, that he would take time to consider this "serious and difficult" case and give his decision in writing.

Counsel for two accused brothers, Khalig Raja, aged 23, and Ahmed Raja, aged 28, maintained that the main charge disclosed no crime known to Scottish law. In Scotland there was no control over the supply of solvents and it was not contrary to the misuse of Drugs Act.

But Lord MacKay, Scotland's Lord Advocate, claimed the supply was for inhaling, which endangered health and life, and the brothers knew the solvents were for "sniffing".



SIGNS OF A SYMPATHETIC HEARING ARE EVERYWHERE.



Wherever you look in your high street, the 'ear' symbol will catch your eye. Wherever you see it, a special service is available, as part of The Sympathetic Hearing Scheme making life easier for anyone who is deaf or hard of hearing.

In shops, from C & A, Marks & Spencer, and Rumbelows to corner shops, it means that staff are keen and able to help deaf and hard-of-hearing customers, who show the Sympathetic Hearing Scheme card.

The same goes for building societies - like the Abbey National, the Halifax and Nationwide.

In theatres, cinemas and airport departure lounges the 'ear' indicates a 'looped' area where hearing-aid wearers can hear.

And it shows that telephone boxes can also be used by people with hearing aids.

Wherever you see the 'ear' you know deaf and hard-of-hearing people are getting the sympathetic hearing they deserve.

If you work with the public, why not join The Sympathetic Hearing Scheme? Send the coupon, and we'll send you a vinyl window sticker

showing the 'ear' and copies of a short leaflet telling you how to help.

If you have problems hearing, we'll send you a plastic 'credit' card which you can discreetly show to ask for help, and get better service.

All the signs are that The Sympathetic Hearing Scheme is growing.

TO:
The Coordinator, The Sympathetic Hearing Scheme,
FREEPOST, London W3 7BR
(NO STAMP NEEDED)
Please Tick
 Please send me vinyl window stickers!
and leaflets.
 Please send me a plastic card.

NAME _____
COMPANY _____
(retailers only)
ADDRESS _____

US to step up food aid to Guatemala and El Salvador

From Christopher Thomas, Washington

Guatemala and El Salvador, two of the United States' principal allies in Central America, are to receive extra food aid in a gesture designed to draw attention from deepening US military involvement in the region.

Mr John Block, US Agriculture Secretary, has been dispatched to the region on Tuesday to discuss with the principal officials of the White House in order to focus attention on the economic aspects of American policy in Central America.

Mr Block is currently visiting Guatemala, which is to get \$50m (£35m) in food credit guarantees for the fiscal year beginning on October 1. He is also discussing prospect for modernizing food production in Guatemala and El Salvador.

El Salvador, in particular, has suffered severe disruption in its backward agricultural industry because of the civil war. Mr Block arrives there on Saturday and is expected to announce an extra \$35m in direct food aid for the year beginning on October 1.

The Reagan Administration is clearly trying to redirect the public's perception of its Central America policy. The President and Mr George Shultz, the Secretary of State, briefed Congressional leaders in confi-

dential discussions on Tuesday and ensured that all their words of optimism and calm were later relayed to the press through official information sources.

Mr Shultz was quoted as telling the Congressmen that "things are moving in a reasonably positive way." He has played hardly any public role in the Central America issue in recent weeks; it is clear that the principal players now are the President himself, Mrs Jeane Kirkpatrick, United States representative at the United Nations, and Mr William Clark, the National Security Adviser.

The Administration's public handling of the Central America issue has, it is widely agreed, been appalling and President Reagan's televised defence of his strategy merely added to national concern about military confrontation.

Even so, there is no intention of scaling down the military exercises now getting under way in and around Honduras. Indeed, it is likely that the number of military personnel who will be on the ground in Honduras later this year will total 5,000, compared with the original plan to send 4,000 men.

Warship questions Soviet vessel

Washington (Reuter) - A United States destroyer on exercises off Central America questioned the captain of a Soviet ship which President Reagan claimed was carrying arms to Nicaragua. Defence officials said here yesterday.

The Soviet cargo ship Aleksandr Ulyanov was not stopped or boarded and no shots were fired in the incident last weekend.

The officials said the guided missile destroyer Lynde McCormick met the Soviet ship which was in international waters en route to the Nicaraguan port of Corinto. It asked the captain of the Ulyanov by radio to provide its nationality and destination.

Details were still sketchy, but the destroyer may also have asked the Ulyanov to identify its cargo.

The statements came after reports from the Nicaraguan capital, quoting crew members of the Soviet ship saying it was interrogated by a US warship, identified as the Lynde McCormick.

President Reagan told a news conference last week that the Ulyanov was carrying military helicopters and other military equipment to Nicaragua.

Defence officials said the Ulyanov responded to the McCormick's queries and continued on its course.

The Lynde McCormick is one of an eight-ship battle group now on exercises in the Pacific off Central America.

A Nicaraguan port official said earlier this week that the Ulyanov was carrying medicine, tractors, construction equipment and consumer goods.

Libya threatens to attack aircraft carrier

Beirut (Reuter) - Libya yesterday called in African ambassadors to protest about the presence of the United States Sixth Fleet near its coast and said it would attack the aircraft carrier Eisenhower if it entered the Gulf of Sirte.

According to Libya's official news agency Jana, it denied accusations by the Government in Nijamena that its Air Force was bombing the Chad town of Faya-Largeau.

In a dispatch monitored here, the agency said Libya's Foreign Liaison Secretary (foreign minister), Mr Abdel-Ali Obeidi, informed the ambassadors of the Sixth Fleet's presence near Libya and "the open provocations they pose against the Libyan Arab people".

Mr Obeidi said Libya had called on the Organization of

African Unity (OAU) to stop "flagrant US and French intervention" in Chad. He said Libya was against internationalising the conflict and in favour of "national reconciliation to be reached between the disputing Chadian factions".

The United States considers the gulf as international water and regularly sends naval patrols there.

● WASHINGTON: Two Navy F14 jet fighters from the Eisenhower had a head-on encounter with two Libyan MiG23s on Monday over the Gulf of Sirte, a Pentagon spokesman here said (Mohsin Ali writes).

The Libyan jets turned to avoid a collision, then descended and headed for home. No weapons were fired during the incident.



Mr Chad

Washington sends Sri Lanka flour to relieve shortages

From Michael Hamlyn, Colombo

A 30,000 tonnes load of wheat flour is being shipped to Sri Lanka by the United States in response to a request for food.

The gift of flour represents about one-and-a-half months' supply according to the newly-appointed Commissioner General for Essential Services, Mr Bradman Weerakoon.

Mr Weerakoon said food stocks were being requisitioned from stores which had not reopened after the troubles. "Requisition means that we take over the stocks on behalf of the person who is not available," he said, "and we pay him back when we find him."

He said that supplies of basic foodstuffs such as rice, dal and sugar were sufficient, though supplies of wheat flour and some imported foods were giving concern.

The Minister of State, Mr

Ananda Tissa De Alwis, said that life in Sri Lanka has returned to normal. "Better than normal in some cases," he said, pointing out that the number of instances of arson and assault were much less than on a normal day.

Offers of help from countries other than the United States have also been received, the minister said, and they were being considered. A ship had been sent from India to assist in the transfer of refugees.

The ship also contained an elephant, a gift from the Indian Government intended for the famous Temple of the Tooth, in Kandy. It was regarded as a highly friendly act, as the election symbol of President J. R. Jayawardene's United National Party is an elephant.

More than 2,500 refugees have now embarked for the north of the island on three

Campaign winds up in Nigeria

Lagos (Reuter) - Nigeria's six presidential candidates wound up their marathon seven-month campaign yesterday with last-minute appeals for votes in the first civilian-run elections for nearly 20 years.

On the final day of a campaign that started in January, the candidates put most of their efforts into newspaper, television and radio advertisements ahead of a two-day break before Saturday's crucial election test.

Most of the dozen national newspapers carried full page advertisements, the majority asking for support for the two leading contenders, President Shehu Shagari of the National Party of Nigeria and Mr Obafemi Awolowo of the Unity Party of Nigeria.

The Government-owned Daily Times devoted 15 of its 40 pages to political advertisements.

Cease fire holds between rival PLO factions

From Kate Dourian, Beirut

An undeclared ceasefire between rival Palestinian factions in Lebanon's eastern Bekaa valley appeared to be holding yesterday, ending 12 days of fighting. The 12 day incident reported yesterday was a brief exchange of artillery fire between rebel Palestinian guerrillas of the Fatah group and a Lebanese Army unit near Baalbek. One Lebanese policeman was killed when a shell, presumably fired by the Fatah rebels, landed on a police station.

A Lebanese Army spokesman in Baalbek said that the Sheikh Abdullah barracks came under fire from supporters of Colonel Abu Mousa, the rebel leader, on Tuesday evening and that army artillery positions had responded, halting a guerrilla advance on a police station.

This was the first reported clash between the Palestinian guerrillas and the Lebanese Army. The fighting was re-

ported to have died down after Lebanese officers established contact with the Syrian Army. Although the area is controlled by Syrian forces, the Lebanese Army has been allowed to retain a nominal presence but Lebanese soldiers are usually confined to barracks.

Shia Muslim "Islamic Amal" organization in Baalbek issued an ultimatum to the Palestinian fighters to leave the city and close their offices there.

There was heavy fighting between supporters and opponents of the Palestine Liberation Organization, on Tuesday in the Bekaa valley. There was speculation that the rebels had provoked the fighting in order to strengthen their bargaining position on the eve of a meeting of the Palestine Central Council, which was scheduled to be held yesterday in Tunis, at the PLO's provisional headquarters.

Two months to halt Gulf leak, Red Adair says

By David Young, Energy Correspondent

The oil leaking from two Iranian offshore wells and polluting the Gulf at the rate of 5,000 barrels a day could take up to two months to be halted, according to Mr Red Adair, the Texan expert on dealing with oilfield accidents.

According to official sources within the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (Opec) Mr Red Adair has now flown over the damaged wellhead and the 300 mile slick.

He has said Opec officials that if he had been called in when the two wells were first damaged in the first week of March he could have capped them and stopped the flow in two days. Now it would take up to two months for the damaged wellheads to be closed.

The Bahrain officials in charge of monitoring the progress of the oil slick threatening Gulf states said that at present flow rates of two wells could spill oil into the

Gulf for several years unless the Iranian Government gives the go-ahead for salvage teams to be brought in.

● TEHRAN: Iran claimed to have driven Iraqi troops out of Iranian territory and seized a swathe of Iraqi land in a four-day offensive on the central sector of the battlefield (Reuter reports). A military communique said more than 6,000 Iraqis had been killed or injured and more than 200 taken prisoner.

● BAGHDAD: Iraq said yesterday it would raze Iranian cities to the ground if Iran continued to shell Iraqi civilian targets (Reuter reports).

● ANKARA: Mr Tareq Aziz, Iraq's Foreign Minister, paid a surprise visit here yesterday, in what appeared to be an attempt to have Turkey mediate for an end to the three-year-old Gulf war (Basit Gardilek writes).

35 killed in armed attack on bus

Nairobi - Thirty-five passengers were shot dead and at least as many were injured when a crowded bus was attacked by armed men in the Luwero area, 60 miles north of Kampala (Charles Harrison writes).

A nurse who survived said the bus was forced to stop when its tyres were shot up, and passengers were robbed before the attackers opened fire indiscriminately.

Survivors said some of the attackers wore army uniforms while others were in civilian clothes. The area was until recently controlled by guerrillas of the National Resistance Army. Another bus escaped from an ambush with minor damage shortly before.

Reporter sent back to jail

Hamburg (AP) - Gerd Heidemann, the Stern reporter implicated in the Hitler diary hoax was back in jail again yesterday 24 hours after winning his release.

Prosecutors argued that he might try to flee the country or tamper with evidence, court officials said, and the court agreed.

Third heart

Cape Town (AFP) - An unnamed 18-year-old youth who underwent a "piggy-back" heart operation two years ago has been given a third heart in the first operation of its kind in the world. He is the first person to live with two donor hearts.

Valdes decision

Santiago (Reuter) - Chile's military rulers said they would not pursue legal action against Senator Gabriel Valdes, the former Foreign Minister, jailed last month on charges of helping to publicize a day of anti-government protest.

Murder charge

Nairobi - Four Kenyans have appeared in court at Kiambu, near here, charged with murdering Mr Edward John Edward Smith, from Hornchurch, Essex, when a tourist minibus was attacked by an armed gang 30 miles from Nairobi in June. All four were remanded in custody. If convicted, they face mandatory death sentences.

King honoured

Washington (Reuter) - Martin Luther King, the civil rights leader, was honoured by the House of Representatives when it approved by 338 to 90 a Bill to establish a public holiday in his memory on the third Monday each January. The White House is opposed because it would cost the Government \$210m (£140m) in lost working days.

Snakepit record

Bonn (AFP) - Jurgen Hergert, aged 41, who owns a snake farm, spent three months in a cage with assorted Cobras, Rattlesnakes, African Mambas, Asps and Vipers, emerging for only an hour a day to set a new world record.

Mondale's million dollar grin

From Our Owa Correspondent Washington

Politics in America is an expensive business, and usually only the best money-makers succeed. Mr Walter Mondale, therefore, has much to smile about.

In six months he has raised \$5.1m (£3.4m) from the unions, from all manner of interested parties hoping one day to call in the debt and from families up and down the country who can claim a tax deduction for donations of up to \$100 a year.

That is almost exactly double the amount raised by the other leading contender for the Democratic presidential nomination next summer, Mr John Glenn, the former astronaut.

Their lesser-known rivals are finding the system a huge financial burden. Mr Alan Cranston has borrowed \$462,000 in the last three months and on January 30 his campaign fund was \$300,000 in debt. He has raised a trifling £1.1m in contributions.

Mr Gary Hart is accumulating so much debt that questions are being asked about the viability of his campaign. He is negotiating for another \$350,000 loan to finance a new fund-raising drive. He raised little more than \$800,000 in the first half of the year. Such traditional political fare as direct mail appeals and benefit concerts are now on the cards.

Mr Reuben Askew is doing much better. The latest returns to the Federal Election Commission show his campaign fund to contain \$433,000 with debts of little more than \$12,000.



Thousands flee hill fires

Overcome by smoke: A fireman rescues a companion, one of eight men hurt as fires yesterday destroyed thousands of acres of forests in southern France.

Fires fanned by violent winds forced some 10,000 holidaymakers to evacuate camp sites in the Provence hills north of the Riviera. (Reuter reports). The fires began between the villages of Puget-sur-Argens and Bagnols-en-Forêt and spread rapidly through pine forests towards the Gulf of St Tropez.

As winds up to 50 mph whipped up the flames, three separate fires broke out near Fréjus and a fourth blaze was centred on Coray-Le-Rouet in the west of the region.

US thwarts Arabs in UN vote

From Zoriana Pysariwsky New York

The United States has again risen to Israel's defence in the United Nations Security Council with a veto on Tuesday that blocked the adoption of an Arab-drafted resolution seeking to confirm the illegality of the Israeli Government's settlements policy on the West Bank.

The vote was the culmination of a rancorous and ill-tempered four-day debate convened at the request of Arab nations.

After the vote the American representative, Mr Charles Lichtenstein, attempted to impress upon the Council that the veto should not be misconstrued as approval of the Israeli settlements policy. The United States, however, thought impractical the call for the dismantling of existing settlements.

Voting in favour of the draft resolution were: Britain, China, France, Guyana, Jordan, Malta, The Netherlands, Nicaragua, Pakistan, Poland, Soviet Union, Togo, Zimbabwe. Voting against: United States. Abstaining: Zaire.

Shot envoy is slowly recovering

Exactly 14 months after the gun attack which left him partially paralysed and suffering from serious head wounds, Mr Shlomo Argov, the former Israeli Ambassador to London (below), continues to make slow progress towards recovery in Jerusalem's Hadassah Hospital. (Christopher Walker writes).

A recent report on his condition said that he was able to go home at weekends and keep up with current events by watching television, although he is understood to be still some way from regaining his full intellectual capabilities.

Despite his injuries, Mr Argov is able to talk. His recent controversial attack on the war in Lebanon - a conflict prompted by his own attempted assassination - was dictated verbally to a friend from his bedside.

Photograph of new ambassador, page 10



MPs protest at motion to unseat Nkomo

From Stephen Taylor Harare

Debate on a Zimbabwe government motion to have Mr Joshua Nkomo's parliamentary seat declared vacant was adjourned yesterday amid accusations by his Patriotic Front party that the Government was avoiding a vote because it had insufficient MPs present to carry the motion.

The motion, to deprive the exiled Patriotic Front leader of his seat on the ground that he has been absent for 21 consecutive days of Parliament, required the approval of more than 50 MPs of the 100-seat House of Assembly. During the debate there were no more than 40 MPs on the government benches.

Israeli test for McFarlane's mission

From Christopher Walker, Jerusalem

The diplomatic difficulties facing Mr Robert McFarlane, President Reagan's new Middle East envoy, on his first visit to the region were demonstrated here yesterday during his opening talks with senior Israeli ministers. He will meet Mr Menachem Begin, the Prime Minister, this morning.

The importance of the latest US mission to secure the withdrawal of all foreign forces from Lebanon, was also emphasized by events away from the

negotiating table. One of these was the funeral of a young Israeli Army captain, who had died from wounds received on Tuesday when the Syrians opened fire on an Israeli position in eastern Lebanon.

During the day, a further six Israeli soldiers were jailed for refusing to serve in Lebanon, one for the fourth time since the war began in June, 1982, and another for the second time.

During the talks, Mr Yitzhak Shamir, the Foreign Minister,

flatly rejected a demand presented by Mr McFarlane on behalf of President Amin Gemayel of Lebanon, seeking a written commitment that the imminent redeployment of Israeli troops was part of a total pull-back from his country.

On another point of disagreement, Mr Shamir was informed by the American envoy that the Lebanese Government was not prepared at present to ratify formally the agreement with Israel signed on May 17.

THE TROOPS ARE ON THE STREETS.

SO ARE THOUSANDS OF CHILDREN.

More than 20,000 children are now homeless in Sri Lanka of persecution. They need water. They need medicine. Our workers on the scene are helping in the makeshift refuges.

In one refuge up to 6,000 people rely on two water taps. There is no sanitation. So the risk of disease is high. To help them we need your help.

Please send a donation to: The Save the Children Fund, Dept. 204, 17 Grove Lane, Camberwell, London SE5 8RD or phone 01-701 0984 quoting your Access/Barclaycard account No.

Please use this donation £ towards your Sri Lanka appeal. Or debit my Access/Barclaycard account No. _____

To save postage, please tick the box only if you need a receipt

Signature _____

Name _____

Address _____

Save the Children

صكنا من الاصل

Uruguay bans all political activities and censors press

From Andrew Thompson, Buenos Aires

The Uruguayan military Government has banned all political activity and established harsh censorship of the press. The announcement was made by Interior Minister, on Tuesday night after a series of meetings of senior military officers over five days.

General Linarez Brum said that the Government remained committed to calling general elections in November, 1984, and was prepared to continue talks with the three permitted political parties on the nature of a new constitution. But it was made clear that any talks would be private and the Government would no longer tolerate any public campaigning.

At the same time he announced the introduction of Institutional Act Number 14, which allows the regime to ban all political activity for up to two years, as well as to establish individual bans on politicians "who by their conduct, actions, or omissions disturb the peace and public order".

Sources in Montevideo said that the new hard line was paradoxically a victory for the so-called "moderate" wing of the armed forces.

General Gregorio Alvarez, the President, and other officers, had wanted to go much further, cancelling the elections and imposing an "official"

political party. In contrast, General Linarez Brum and General Boscini, Hontou, the Army commander, imposed their policy of tightening controls on the parties, while maintaining the promised elections.

Relations between the permitted Opposition parties and the Government have been deteriorating rapidly since July 5, when negotiations on constitutional amendments sought by the armed forces reached deadlock. The politicians reject what they regard as "anti-democratic" constitutional changes.

After the break in the constitutional dialogue, the Government announced it would impose a new constitution without consultation.

The hardening military line is in part a response to the political parties' increasing willingness to denounce human rights violations. Last week, for the first time in many years, two opposition weeklies, *Opinion* and *Corre de Los Viernes*, which reflect the thinking of sectors of the Colorado Party, published information on the torture of political dissidents.

The information was provided by the Uruguayan branch of the Peace and Justice Service, led in Latin America by Señor Adolfo Pérez Esquivel, the Argentine Nobel Peace Prize winner.

Reagan task force to report on US hunger

From Mohsin AH Washington

President Reagan has ordered a task force on hunger to be set up and given 90 days to produce a "no-holds-barred" report on the causes of hunger in the United States.

The President said in a statement on Tuesday: "I am deeply concerned about the extent to which we have a problem that should not exist in this great and wealthy country."

He added that America was "literally the breadbasket of the world. Yet, I have seen reports in the press in past weeks of Americans going hungry."

Mr Reagan observed that he was perplexed by reports of widespread hunger because of the large amount of money the Government spent on food programmes.

"If the food assistance programmes are being mismanaged, I want to know that. If certain aspects of our food assistance programmes require more funding, I want to know that too," he said.

One White House aide was reported to have said privately that the President's announcement was part of a campaign to counteract allegations that his policies were unfair to the poor.

President Reagan has been sharply criticized for his efforts to limit eligibility for food stamps. His 1984 fiscal year budget proposal calls for a cut in federal spending on food and nutrition programmes.



Suffer little children: A child on holiday in Rome gets a kiss from the Pope after squeezing through the crowd in St Peter's Square yesterday.

Frontline ban on reporters modified

From Ray Kennedy Johannesburg

The southern African "frontline" states are to draw up a list of South African-based foreign correspondents they like and do not like, according to a senior Zimbabwean official.

Those whose reporting has not been appreciated in the past will be barred, but others who have caused no offence will be treated as exceptions and allowed to cover news events in these countries.

Mr Justin Nyoka, director of information in Zimbabwe, has made this clear to a delegation representing the Foreign Correspondents' Association of Southern Africa (FCA) which returned to Johannesburg yesterday from Harare.

The FCA, whose members represent 53 news organizations covering South Africa as well as the frontline states - Angola, Mozambique, Botswana, Zimbabwe, Zambia and Tanzania - sent delegates to Harare where the ban was announced to seek official clarification.

Frontline information ministers and officials had accused the South African-based correspondents of giving credibility in reports to the official South African view of "the reality in our countries".

It is clear that Zimbabwe, which has already expelled a South African-based BBC Television news team, had been the instigator of the action.

Leading article, page 9

Prime Minister gives evidence Hawke says envoy was a KGB agent

From Tony Dabondin Melbourne

Mr Bob Hawke, the Australian Prime Minister, told the Hope Royal Commission yesterday that the Australian Security Intelligence Organization (ASIO) had told him that Mr Valery Ivanov, the expelled Soviet diplomat, was using a classic KGB ploy to establish Mr David Combe, a former federal secretary of the Labour Party and a Canberra lobbyist, as an agent.

Mr Hawke, the first Australian Prime Minister to appear before a Royal Commission, said that he had concluded from an ASIO briefing that Australian security was facing a serious risk.

He also told the Commission that he had personally telephoned Mr Richard Farmer and Mr Bill Butler, two Canberra businessmen, and advised them not to enter into a business relationship with Mr Combe, although he did not tell them why.

Mr Hawke, who spent the entire day in the witness box, said that if the relationship between Mr Combe and Mr Ivanov had developed further, Mr Combe would have been so compromised that his position "would have been irretrievable".

The Hope Commission was set up after the expulsion of Mr Ivanov on April 22 to inquire into Australia's security services and was later widened to take in the relationship between Mr Ivanov and Mr Combe.



Mr Hawke: The first Australian Prime Minister to face a royal commission.

Mr Hawke told the commission that there was no doubt on ASIO's behalf that Mr Ivanov was a KGB agent and "what they thought has proved positive".

He added that Mr Harvey Barnett, the head of ASIO had called him one day in April and asked to discuss the security matter involving Mr Ivanov.

"He indicated that there was a severe problem with national security which involved Mr Ivanov, the First Secretary at the Soviet Embassy.

Mr Barnett had also told him that Mr Ivanov had cultivated contacts at both the Indonesian and the Mauritian embassies in Canberra.

The Prime Minister will resume giving evidence today, but in camera.

Malaysia restricts powers of King

From M G G Pillai, Kuala Lumpur

The Malaysian Government is pushing through the current session of Parliament important constitutional amendments that restrict the powers of the King and abolish appeals to the Privy Council. They also raise the number of parliamentary seats by 22 to 176, and set out how and when a convicted Member of Parliament can lose his seat.

With the Government controlling 136 of the present House of 154, the amendments will easily be passed. But they could find a growing conflict between the nine rulers and the federal authorities.

One amendment takes away the King's persuasive power to delay the signing of Bills into law, and another allows the Prime Minister to declare a state of emergency without reference to the King.

One peculiarity in the Malaysian democratic system is that the nine rulers have given themselves more powers than provided for under the constitution. Neither the states nor the central Government were willing to confront the rulers directly over this, and it led to direct conflicts between the rulers and their chief ministers and, indirectly, with the central Government.

In the past, the King of the day has also delayed legis-

lation, in one case for five years, and the more appears to have been about "after specific problems in the states involving two sultans. The Sultans of Pahang and Perak withheld their assent for more than 12 months, even on money Bills, in an attempt to remove their Chief Ministers.

The amendments do not affect the rulers who derive their powers from state constitutions. But if the past is any guide, similar amendments would be tabled later in the respective state assemblies. Informed sources said the amendments were aimed at preserving the institution of monarchy.

The Malaysian constitution is more detailed than many others and consequential amendments were often necessary before laws could be introduced or streamlined. Since independence in 1957, there have been more than 1,000 amendments.

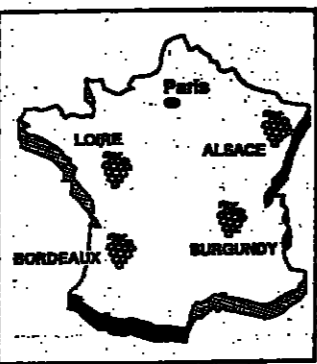
The abolition of Privy Council appeals refers to civil cases only, since criminal appeals to that body in London were abolished nine years ago. A consequential law gives the Attorney-General considerable powers to regulate unilaterally the legal profession, which until now he shared with the Bar Council.

Champagne region escapes

French wines weather damaging hailstorms

In the first of four articles on how the unusual weather is affecting prospects for Europe's wine harvest, ROGER BEARD-WOOD reports from Paris on this year's French wines.

French vinticulteurs are expecting a bountiful year in spite of hailstorms a fortnight ago which badly damaged some vineyards in the Burgundy, Bordeaux, Loire and Alsace regions. In other parts of France, the harvest has been damaged little and the Champagne region has escaped entirely. Even in the areas hit by hail, producers say, rumour has greatly exaggerated the damage. Since the hailstorms, the weather has been kind to the vines: mostly warm and sunny, broken by showers. But with the vintage till some weeks away, the worry is that the weather will break at the last moment. A sampling of the regions:



Burgundy: Hail hit many of the most famous of the *grands crus*, Vosne-Romanée, Romanée-Conti, Musigny, Ronsée and Echevas-Musigny. But the damage was limited to very small parcels of land generally affecting between 50 and 70 per cent of the grapes, though in a few places 90 to 95 per cent. "But that is not as tragic as one might think," says M Jean-Michel Dubois, of the Institut National des Appellations d'Origine pour les Vins et Eaux de Vie (INAO). "Prices are very elastic and wines are often bought for the sheer snobbery," he says. For the *grands crus*, prices average 250 francs (£20) a bottle. If production falls by half - as forecast at present - prices could double.

Loire Only the Muscadet was damaged by hail - and then only 300 hectares out of 10,000. The proportion of grapes destroyed ranged from 10 to 36 per cent. The INAO said total production in the Loire should be only just below last year's record of 2.4 million hectolitres.

Alsace About 1,000 hectares out of the total of between 10,000 and 12,000 hectares in the lower part of Colmar were stripped by hail, which destroyed up to half the crop. Alsace as a whole expects a very good year, with output probably above normal.

Last year, France produced 19 million hectolitres of wines classified as Appellation D'Origine Contrée. Some is still unsold. This year, production is estimated by the INAO at 16.8 million hectolitres. That figure could rise if the good weather continues and repairs some of the damage in vineyards struck by hail.

Tomorrow: Italy

NISSAN - THE WORD FOR QUALITY.

In the last 18 months, Nissan have launched no less than five completely new cars in Britain - the Nissan Micra 1 litre economy car, the multi-purpose Nissan Prairie, the Nissan Cherry hatchbacks, the front wheel drive Sunny range and the outstanding 1.6 litre Stanzas. They are all at your Datsun dealer now and we would ask you to look at them carefully.

Take a close look at the way the doors, boot lid and bonnet fit perfectly - the quality and attention to detail. When you open the bonnet you will see more than just a Nissan label on the engine block - you will see the results of Nissan's high technology production techniques.

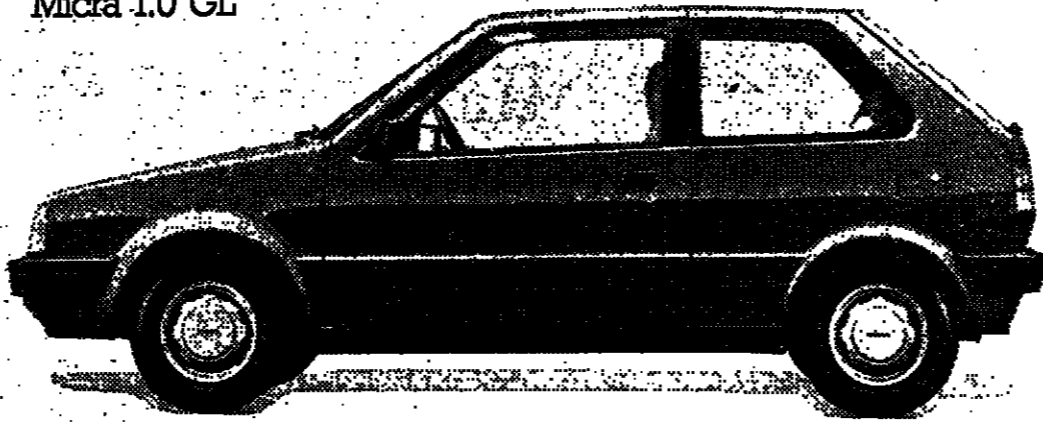
STRICT QUALITY CONTROL FROM START TO FINISH...

Because quality is an all important concern at Nissan. That is why we employ more people in quality control than in the actual production. From start to finish we monitor every aspect and phase of production as closely as possible. With human error reduced to an absolute minimum through extensive automation and the use of robots.

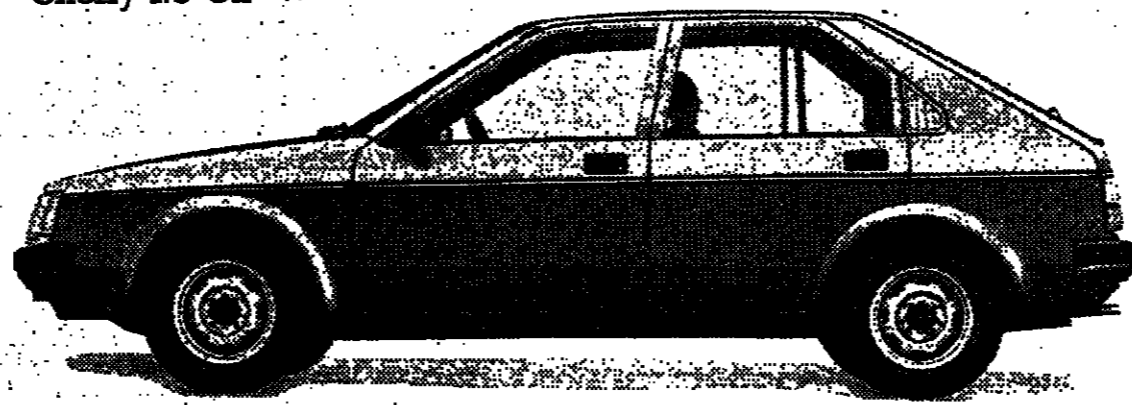
That's why Datsun cars have earned such an outstanding reputation for trouble-free motoring in Britain - reliable, economical motoring day in and day out that guarantees you outstanding value in today's world.

There are over 40 individual models from compact 'minis' to luxury sports cars. And there are more than 450 Datsun showrooms where you can inspect Nissan quality for yourself.

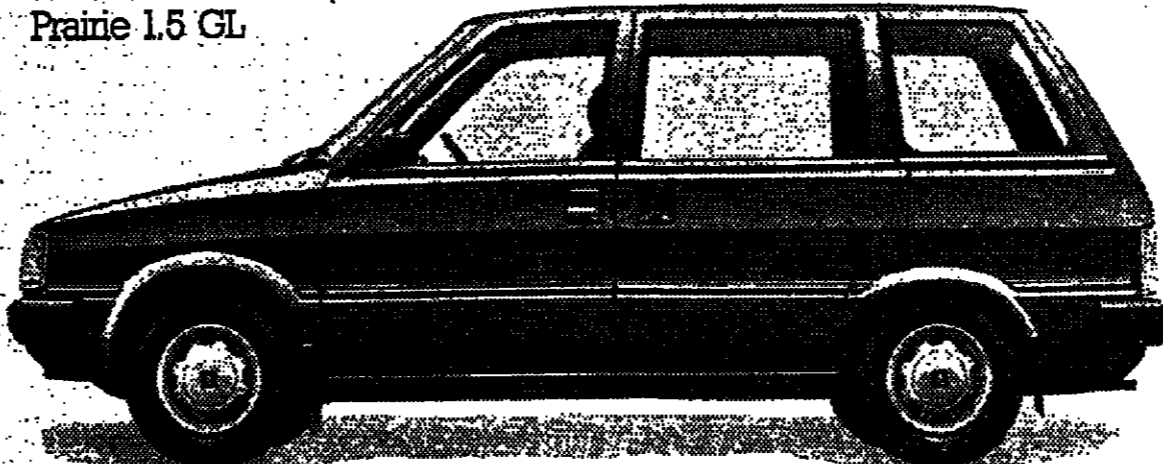
Micra 1.0 GL



Cherry 1.3 GL



Prairie 1.5 GL



Perfection from NISSAN technology.

Datsun House, New Road, Watlington, Oxon, Watlington OX9 0DF.



SPECTRUM

Superstar of India

An interviewer recently asked Mother Teresa if she would have taken Galileo's side or the Church's in that momentous medieval astronomical controversy had she been around at the time? The possible claimant for eventual canonization smiled and, without batting an eyelid, said: "The Church."

Some of her views, or for that matter her organization's, would certainly make democrats squirm. But she is also among the last of the great missionary superstars. As Father S. M. Dias, deputy secretary general of the Roman Catholic Bishops' Conference of India, pointed out: "The focus is no longer on individuals. In fact we actively discourage it and emphasize teamwork. Now people are sent for a few years, do excellent work, and are replaced by others."

Mother Teresa's case is different. She was the founder of a successful movement, the spotlight was focused on her, and she became a phenomenon. But now all the work is being done by subordinate sisters of the Missionaries of Charity. She is travelling so much of the time."

Mother Teresa is undoubtedly a phenomenon. The organization she started on her own in a Calcutta slum, despite considerable hostility from the local Roman Catholic Church, has, 35 years later, blossomed into a "missionary multinational", operating in 52 countries. Today, it has 2,000 Sisters and 400 Brothers in 227 bases, struggling in the slums of 160 cities around the world.

The Missionaries of Charity run 140 slum schools and feed nearly 50,000 people daily at 304 centres; 70 homes look after 4,000 children, arranging for 1,000 adoptions each year; 81 homes for dying destitutes admitted 13,000 people last year; 12,000 poor women were taught to earn their living; and an astronomical 6,000,000 sick people were treated by 670 mobile clinics.

If there is any single reason for this enviable growth, it is undoubtedly the shining example Mother Teresa and her close associates have set day after day for decades in Calcutta's worst slums. Mother Teresa is neither particularly educated nor intelligent, and some of her statements make one wince. But her faith, single-mindedness, grit and stamina have moved mountains.

The other factor could be the Order's vow of poverty. Mother Teresa sleeps on the floor of her tiny room surrounded by files and religious books, her only reading material. Overheads at all the institutions do not exceed 2 per cent of total expenditure. Each sister has two sets of clothes, and the food per head works out at roughly £4 a month - just enough to keep them going 14 hours a day. With that kind of example, few people remain unimpressed.

On the other hand, the organization can hardly be called democratic. Under



The Times profile: Mother Teresa of Calcutta

the order's vow of obedience, no member can venture out without the Sister Superior's approval, receive private mail, entertain private guests, watch films, read books other than related work, or call each other by a pet name lest that reduce affection for Jesus. When anyone leaves the premises, arrival and departure times are meticulously noted. No personal time is permitted. Failure to abide by these regulations can lead to expulsion.

But Mother Teresa's dedication moves both the powerful and the poor to tears. India's late premier Jawaharlal Nehru, inaugurating her first children's home in Delhi back in 1961, said in a choked voice: "Believe me, Mother, we need you just as the poor do." American Senator Edward Kennedy, who saw her work in Calcutta during the 1971 Bangladesh war, wept in public. Prime Minister Indira Gandhi, presenting her with the Nehru Award for International Understanding in November, 1972, blinked back tears during a speech in which she said Mother Teresa had "touched the chords of our heart... In honouring Mother Teresa we are honouring the spirit of mercy". Even street toughs, who initially threw stones and wolf whistled, later returned to help.

Pope John Paul II has recently described the Missionaries of Charity

as the most precious institution the Roman Catholic Church has espoused in recent times. Today Mother Teresa is feted by rulers and heads of state whom she regularly meets in her never-ending travels by complimentary air ticket. She has received 43 national and international awards, including the Nobel Prize for Peace.

In Calcutta, she is an institution. Her pictures compete with Hindu gods on calendars.

Ministers, captains of industry and other prominent people wait patiently for hours at Mother House, her international headquarters, to see her. Overwhelmingly Hindu, they come to offer any support to what is very clearly a Christian movement. As a result, 30 million dollars worth of aid is distributed through her organization each year.

Mother Teresa is explicit about her religion. "I can't bear the pain when people call me a social worker", she said. "My life is devoted to Christ; it is for him that I breathe and see. Had I been a social worker I'd have left it long ago". Many years ago she told Malcolm Muggeridge: "All the time we are touching Christ's body in the poor. In the poor it is the hungry Christ that we are feeding, it is the naked Christ that we are clothing, it is the homeless Christ that we are giving shelter. He

said 'I thirst'. In the poor we are quenching his thirst."

The Albanian shopkeeper's daughter from Southern Yugoslavia has come a long and difficult way, and it shows on her gnarled hands, furrowed face and stooped back. Born Agnes Gonxha Bejaxhiu in 1910, her father Nicholas wanted her to marry and settle down. But she had a club foot, and by the age of 12 was very religious.

At 18, with her parents' permission, she became a Loreto nun in Ireland. A year later, in late 1929, she was sent to teach at the order's elitist Loreto School in Calcutta. By the time the Second World War started, sister Agnes as she was known had become mistress of its Bengali section.

Though it seems hard to believe, Calcutta 50 years ago was a beautiful city of palaces. But the man-made Bengal famine of the 1940s sounded its death knell. Five million people died, and hundreds of thousands of starving villagers invaded the city.

Between classes Sister Agnes would carry clothes and medicine for the children and nurse the sick in the slum adjoining her school. September 10, 1946, was the day she says she heard God's call to leave the convent and help the poor. But it wasn't easy.

First there was a four-year fight with the local Roman Catholic establish-

ment. Archbishop Ferdinand Periers simply kept her proposal hanging fire. "I know this woman as a novice," he observed. "She could not light a candle in the chapel properly, and you expect her to start a congregation?" His real fear was the repercussions in the convent. Sister Agnes was promptly despatched to Asansol, a small town, to look after the kitchen at the small Loreto school there.

Fortunately for her, her mother superior in Dublin and the Pope with whom she was in direct contact agreed with her proposal. In 1948 she was released from the Loreto Order. An official circular at the time to all Loreto schools in Bengal barely hid the hostility. "Sister Agnes has left the convent. Do not speak about it. Do not criticize. Do not praise it. Pray."

Sister Agnes, who took the name Teresa after the 24-year-old French St Therese of the Child Jesus who died in 1897, shifted to a small room in the Little Sisters of the Poor's old age home, insolvent and alone.

It took six months after she left the Loreto convent to get her first helpers Subhashini Das, a former student who today is the second most important functionary in the Missionaries of Charity.

Mother Teresa has grown to love the city and its inhabitants. "Calcutta is not ugly at all," she said recently. "Calcutta has its warmth that you won't find in any other city, not only in India but everywhere. I have worked in Paris. I have worked in Los Angeles. But the poorest of the poor in Calcutta have more dignity than those in any of those affluent cities."

In October 1950 she finally received permission from Rome to start a new congregation. The constitution was consecrated by the Pope and the legend began.

Mother Teresa's day begins at 4am. Mass is at six. From 8am to 11am she visits her Calcutta homes in a station wagon - carrying gifts for inmates, talking to the sisters, and often helping with work. Then it is back to her headquarters where hordes of visitors await her. Lunch is spartan, and then the office work begins. After the 6pm Mass, she goes on another round of her homes, then has dinner. While the rest of the community sleeps, she catches up with correspondence. She has three hours sleep a night.

Many of Calcutta's destitute consider Mother Teresa to be God. But given the magnitude of the problem the impact of her work, though valuable, is limited. And she is aware of that. "My work is a drop in the ocean," she concedes. "But if that drop weren't there, the ocean would have one drop less."

Arun Chacko

Mother Teresa has just resumed her travels after treatment at Rome's Salvatore Mundi Clinic for a heart condition following a fall.

moreover... Miles Kington

Taken for a ride

Is that scruffy figure at the motorway entrance a fascinating companion for a ride or a threat to your life? Some points from your letters.

From the Bishop of Outer Manchester Sir, I have only twice in my life picked up a hitch-hiker. The first time was as a theological student 35 years ago when I gave a lift to a young man on the A1. I was rather nervous as I had some valuable church silver on the back seat. On the other hand, I felt it was my duty as a Christian.

I am afraid to say that on a lonely stretch of road the youth pulled a knife on me and forced me to get out. He took my vintage Austin car, leaving only the silver which he thought was my luggage. Since then I have never picked up another hitch-hiker until last Thursday when I decided that my fear had gone on long enough and I gave a lift to a very respectable-looking middle-aged man travelling to Leeds.

Imagine my amazement when, during our conversation, he suddenly said: "That Austin of yours had a really clapped-out gearbox." It was the same man again! Before we got to Leeds he pulled a gun on me and took my new Audi. Luckily, he let me keep my suitcase, which contained several million pounds in aid for the Third World.

From Mr J. Plugg Sir, One of the most notorious tricks of hitch-hikers is to put an attractive girl by the side of the road. When an unaware driver stops, four or five men jump out from behind the hedge and get in too. For this reason I never pick up girls. Last week stopped to give a lift to a scruffy bearded student and six ravishing blondes jumped out from the trees. I drove on immediately, conscious of my narrow escape.

From Mr J. Debbly, Rhoda, Sharon etc Sir, We are six ravishing blondes who do a lot of travelling up and down the A4 as we are a dance troupe. Will the motorist who gave a lift to our choreographer please return him at once. Thanks.

From Lord Spracklet Sir, I am the last surviving remnant of a family which has lived in Rutland for 400 years. Driven by loneliness I gave a lift to a young hitchhiker last month and upon chatting to him discovered that he was the grandson of my great-uncle Harry who emigrated to Australia and was thus my sole heir! Who says that giving lifts to people cannot pay off? Later in the journey he pulled a gun on me and relieved me of my brand new BMW. If he should read this letter, I would like him to know that I have disinherited him.

From J. Wentworth-Chestnut Sir, The first time I gave a lift to a hitch-hiker I was so nervous about being assaulted that I kept a knife handy about my person. Sure enough, he suddenly made a threatening gesture but, being prepared, I was able to overpower him. It then transpired that he was not threatening me at all, simply reaching for his cigarettes. But as I had overpowered him I felt I had to go through with it and proceeded to rob him of his worldly possessions. I now regularly pick up and rob any hitch-hiker I can find. Not only does it give me a useful income, it gives me a chance to meet people of all walks of life.

From Sir Douglas Chambers Sir, as the head of a large corporation I never give lifts to hitch-hikers, and I leave the driving to my chauffeur Harry. Unfortunately, Harry has a predilection for giving lifts to people, and earlier this week I found myself in my own car with six dancers, a bishop who had had his car stolen, and a young man who had had everything stolen by a kindly driver. In future I have decided to travel by train, where at least you can have some privacy.

Tomorrow

The Times Guide to the World Athletics Championships

CONCISE CROSSWORD (No 118)

Grid for the crossword puzzle with numbers 1-26 indicating starting positions for words.

- ACROSS: 1 Condiment (6), 2 United (6), 3 Simpleton (3), 4 Reddish-brown (6), 5 Ingest (6), 6 Miserly (4), 7 Reproduction (8), 8 Brought bad luck (6), 9 Sweet extender (6), 10 Timesaver (8), 11 Pakistani language (4), 12 Incongruous (6), 13 Business place (6), 14 Infinite period (3), 15 Engraver (6), 16 Confectionery (6). DOWN: 1 Develop (5), 2 Legendary bird (7), 3 Unopened flower (7), 4 Burning (5), 5 Clear (5), 6 Stretch (7), 7 Restrain (7), 8 Garment fasteners (7), 9 Breathe noisily (7), 10 Uneven (5), 11 Apple drink (5), 12 Old coin (5).

SOLUTION TO No 117 ACROSS: 1 Follow 4 Famine 7 Rent 8 Extremes 9 Assembly 12 Pys 15 Crispy 16 Gloria 17 Wet 19 Leap year 24 Tomahawk 25 Tell 26 Besit 27 Arctic DOWN: 1 Fury 2 Landside 3 Whelm 4 Fatal 5 Mien 6 Neely 10 Expat 11 Yolk 12 Parahut 13 Xmas 14 Snow 18 Evolve 20 Exact 21 Pukka 22 Raps 23 Bice

FINDINGS

A series reporting on research: JAPAN

Gallons of tree-star

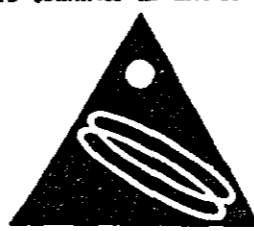
Japan, which is acutely self-conscious about its lack of energy resources, is applying its much acclaimed technical brilliance to developing a process to convert trees into oil. So successful have the experiments been, that the oil - a kind of turpentine - is able to drive a light farming truck with the same efficiency as petrol. Also the exhaust gases, are pleasant smelling, giving off a 'wood' odour.

To Japan, the technique could be little short of a miracle. Nearly 70 per cent of the land is covered in forest. The technique used to produce the oil has stunned the Japanese in its simplicity. Leaves and small pieces are shredded and boiled in a vat. After cooling and purifying, the resultant oil is potent and ready for use.

Sea power

Another novel approach to generating electricity is being adopted by the Japanese in their pursuit of alternative energy sources. The system consists of an evaporator, a turbine and generator. The process uses a technique similar to that in refrigerators. A liquid which can be vaporized at low temperature is placed in the evaporator. The gas which results rotates the turbine blades, which subsequently turn the generator that powers the electricity. After release from the turbine, the gas is cooled by the deeper water and the cycle starts again.

The plant uses this innovation in parallel with diesel generators and is expected to produce 50 KW.



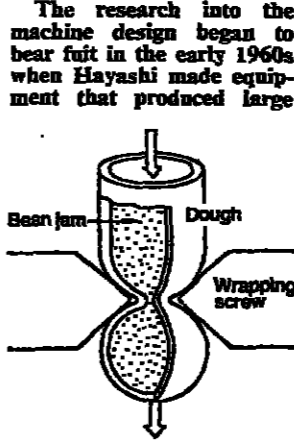
The Expo '85 symbol

The Philippines, Romania, Czechoslovakia, the United States, France, Germany, Italy and Britain to urge participation. The complex, which will cover 102 hectares and is expected to cater to over 20 million visitors will have a Theme Pavilion, a History Pavilion, an Expo Centre and a Science Playland. The Theme Pavilion is to give a perspective of the future of science and technology, while the History Pavilion will show how Japan has adopted western science and technology and assimilated them into oriental learning. The Expo Centre is to have the most advanced electronic image projection equipment and is to be used to show how research and development is being undertaken in Japan. The different research work being conducted in the adjacent Tsukuba Science City will be exhibited at the centre.

New lines

The television set is commanding much attention from the scientists of the Japanese electronics giant Matsushita Electric. One of the principal research projects is the 1125 line television - as opposed to the 525 used in Japan and America or the 625 used in Britain - which

can be projected on to screens as large as 8.5ft by 11ft. Further research is being made on 3-D television and on one called a "Stylosetter". According to Matsushita researchers, the television "shows how you'll look in a different hairstyle or with a moustache".

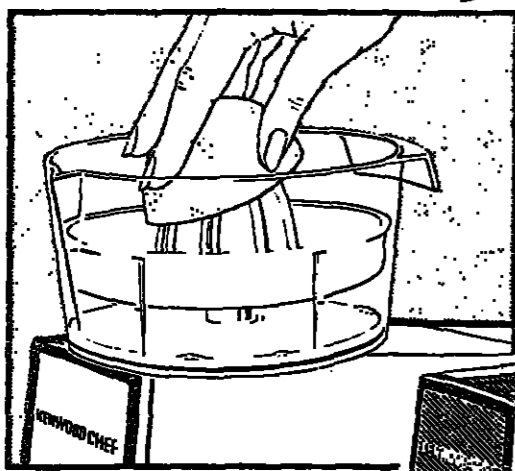


quantities of manju buns - dough surrounding bean jam - at almost 50,000 an hour. Conventional methods produced them at the rate of a few hundred. So successful was the design, that confectioners wouldn't buy it until it was slowed down. The jam is forced into the inner sleeve of a cylinder and the dough into the outer one. Emerging from this process are twin cylinders of jam and dough to round into buns.

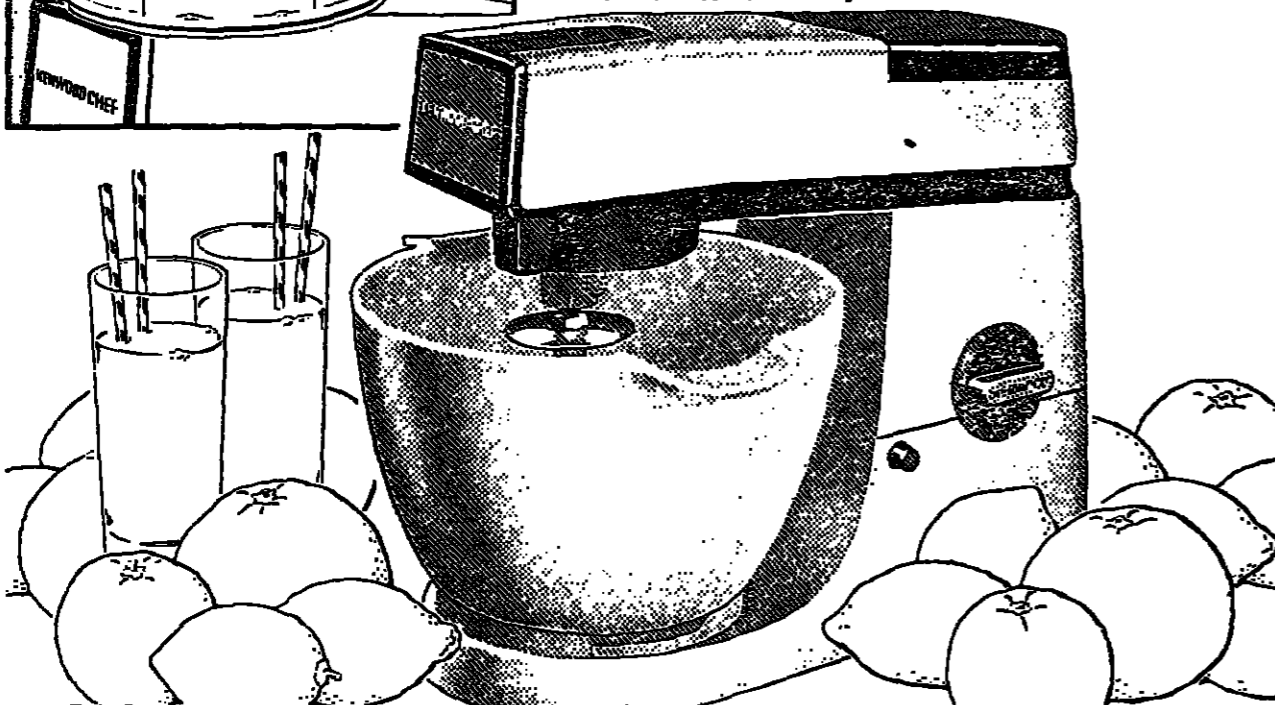
CORRECTION

The ferry Scillonian III, plying between Penzance and the Isles of Scilly, is equipped with a keel, modern stabilizing system, and ballast tanks and is not a flat-bottomed vessel, as stated in an article (July 22) on the Scillies helicopter crash.

There's a juicy offer with every Kenwood Chef. FREE Juice Extractor.



With its full range of optional attachments, today's Kenwood Chef is much, much more than a food mixer. It can do anything from opening cans to making fresh pasta. Buy one between the 5th and 31st August, and to help you on the way to turning it into a complete food preparation machine, we'll give you the Juice Extractor (Model A795) free! This useful attachment can effortlessly squeeze the last drop of juice from any citrus fruit in just seconds more than it takes to cut an orange or lemon in half. The Chef's other attachments are equally useful. With its large capacity and variable electronic speed control, you'll find the Chef a unique and invaluable kitchen help. And if you buy one between the 5th and 31st August, 1983, and get the retailer you buy it from to complete the coupon below, we'll send you the Juice Extractor free - that should make your mouth water.



Form with fields for customer name, address, post code, phone number, and retailer name. Includes a 'SEND TO' section for the retailer.



THORNEMI Domestic Electrical Appliances Ltd. New Lane, Havant, Hampshire, PO9 2NH.

كسوة من الأصل

صكنا من الأصل

The House of Commons, 1660-1690

Edited by Basil Duke Henning (Secker & Warburg, £110, 3-volume set) The House of Commons 1660-1690 is the fifth chunk of the massive prosopographical undertaking...

fifteenth century or for the period from Charles I's dispersing with Parliament in 1629 to the restoration of his son in 1660. Nor, it seems, is the story to be pressed back to Simon de Montfort and the Model Parliament of 1265.

Anthony Quinton on the changeless face of the MP

Rogues, lawyers and duellists

The work has been edited by Basil Duke Henning, who took over in 1962 when still a professor at Yale and has carried on with it since 1978 and retirement to London. In relation to the amazing detective work involved he is, one might say, the Philip Marlowe. Like that great investigator he relies much on others, most notably Leonard Naylor, who

not only wrote 150 of the two thousand-odd biographies but also identified the subjects of most of them and supplied outlines to guide the final authors in each case. This remarkable, inquirer as to Henning's Marlowe as to the latter's friends in press-rooms and police record departments who come up, in memory of old favours, with the real names of the rising film star in trouble or the driver of the getaway car in the Sunny Moe Stein killing.

biased, Bishop Burnet is commended for his penetrating accounts of the characters of the Two Thousand. As a group they were younger than modern MPs, half of them being between 30 and 50, only a third of them over 50. Even at the end of the Cavalier Parliament, dissolved after seventeen and a half years in 1679, on the edge of the Exclusion crisis, only half the MPs were over 50. Monck's worthless son Christopher was elected at the age of 13 and made a speech before he was 15. No doubt he sounded like a maiden. Only one MP died of the plague; at least two succumbed to syphilis. Of the 46 known to have died violently four were executed, four were killed in brawls and six in duels. One duellist who comes out well is the atheist Thomas Wharton who lost a duel to someone who was after the

same woman as he was and who "gave him both his life and his mistress too, since he had the courage to fight for her". His biographer goes on: "He was never again worsted in a duel, without serious injury. He boasted that he never gave and never refused a challenge". By no means all were as gallant and Stevensonian as that. An MP, called, I regret to say, Philip Howard, "after separation from his wife, a wealthy widow who had tricked him over his jointure... hired a couple of ruffians who beat two of her servants to death". At least three MPs abducted juvenile heiresses; one of them in effect buying the 14-year-old heiress to the Percy estates and getting murdered as a result. One of the no less than four MPs called Edward Montagu made a pass at Queen Catherine

of Braganza, who mentioned it, as well she might, to Charles II. But Montagu only lost his place at Court. The social character of the Restoration MPs is unsurprising. Thirty per cent were at Oxford, eighteen per cent at Cambridge. Quite a few went to Leyden. 273 went to some sort of Grand Tour. Three quarters of them were country gentlemen; half of them being country gentlemen and nothing else. Less than half attended one of the Inns of Court. Of the unusually large number of lawyers in the Convention Parliament the editor finely says, "this is a phenomenon which has defied explanation". Marvell and Waller were the best of the poets. Another poet, John Denham, I have to admit, "went mad with tertiary syphilis and, aged fifty, murdered his newish adolescent wife". One in ten was a peer's son, another three in ten were the sons of baronets or knights. Only four per cent were of "humble" origin. Of the few naval men one was Sir Richard Haddock, possibly an ancestor of Tintin's nautical friend. No less than 85 per cent were JPs.

Sir Gervase Clifton, the Tommy Manville of late seventeenth century British politics, married seven times (and he was not the single MP who managed to get a divorce). Stephen Fox, having had ten children by his first wife, remarried at 76 and then sired two sons and two daughters. Much of what is best known to the naive historian is little evident in this work: the Plague, the Fire, the Dutch Wars, Titus Oates, the policies of Louis XIV. MPs seem preoccupied with place, if they are on the government side, with religious or constitutional matters when in opposition. Here, at any rate, is a magnificent accumulation of material for serious historians to work from. They and others may also enjoy a persistent vigour and elegance of style. This comment on a parliamentary rotter is typical: "Other Members enjoyed the favours of their colleagues' wives but they did so more discreetly and did not compound the offence by robbery". The Times Guide to the House of Commons is to be published on August 18th.

Fiction Summer sorcery

The Illusionist By Anita Mason

Paul mean in Greek? "My Greek isn't perfect, you know". If researchers and complex musings on the life and times of Simon Magus sound more taxing on the intellect than holiday sunshine - or even whatever church you call Mother - might seem to demand, you can read all about it in Acts viii, verses 1-24. It will take you two minutes: the New Testament is briskly dismissive of illusionists, as of illusions. But Miss Mason does a fine job, in language not quite satisfactorily balanced between literary dialectic and modern colloquial debate. Simon's trouble was that he thought he could buy his way across the divide between his magic, with precise laws and procedures founded upon fakery, and Philip's miracles, worked in unimpeachable freedom and total helplessness by the power of God. "Are you telling me that all anyone has to do to calm storms and raise the dead and come back from the grave is to believe that this man was the Deliverer?" "Yes," said Philip. Miss Mason can be pretty brisk, herself. For there was nothing the matter with Simon's intelligence. It was just that he never knew how to use it. David James Duncan uses considerable intelligence to wildly over-arrogant effect in The River Why, a first novel about the mystery (and meaning) of life (and love) in the Oregon wilderness. Young Gus Orviston is a fisherman sufficiently obsessed with fishing to allow first-person free play with more philosophical and metaphysical wrigglers than Mr Duncan's present writing skills can handle without losing readers; but loving concern for a natural environment exceptionally beautiful is all of a piece with Oregonian determination to keep it that way. "Ecology" - it can seem to non-Oregonian Americans - is every Oregonian's middle name. Mr Duncan is no exception. Forget the "James".

Gay Firth I notice that these days the Scottish poet Norman MacCaig is much praised for his honesty, modesty, and wit. Reading his latest slim volume A World of Difference (Chatto & Windus/The Hogarth Press, £3.95) it is not hard to see why. Here, for example, is the beginning of a poem called Running bull. All his weight's forward. He looks like a big black hunchback with a small black boy running behind him. Pus on his invisible sixpence on the ground. he'll turn on it. So don't, if he's facing away from you. People scatter. I scatter too. Pleasant, amusing, with just enough originality in the actual description of the creature for us to feel that the poet is doing something more than show off his good humour. The tone and the manner are typical. For the most part, these poems consist of empathetic descriptions of the natural world - sometimes a bit Disneyish, but no matter - matched to expressions of the writer's sense of being somehow an intruder in that world because he has the gift of translating it into images. It seems churlish to complain, but I do detect a disfiguring note of self-satisfaction in MacCaig's refusal to write about anything which might possibly disturb him at a deeper level. For a brief time, about 25 years ago, he seemed on the verge of becoming a major poet, a sort of twentieth-century John Donne, and we do his talents a disservice if we let him forget that Elegance is no substitute for urgency, and too great a proportion of his recent work looks like doodling with his left hand while his heart has forty winks. To be fair, in a poem



J. Claude White: Nuns at the nunnery of Tatsang, 1903

Snaps of paradise lost

Tibet The Sacred Realm Photographs 1880-1950 Preface by the Dalai Lama Chronicle by Lobsang P. Lhanjunga (Aperture/Phaidon, £21.50) The exiled Dalai Lama has a double dose of nostalgia. After 24 years in India the fourteenth incarnation of Buddha (discovered when he was two years old) sickens for Tibet. Pending a rapprochement with the Chinese he may return in 1985. Yet his preface to this collection of 140 historic photographs demonstrates more common symptoms: his prose is shot through with the wistful melancholy that attends thoughts not of the unattainable homeland but of the years that cannot be retrieved. For the new beauties of Tibet are of Chinese manufacture, wrought through terror and the systematic desecration of monasteries during the "mistakes" of the Cultural Revolution. Stacks of Mani stones, painted with mantras and piled by the roadside by travellers as an act of devotion, have been used by the Chinese to pave lavatories. Whatever the intentions behind the photographs in this volume, taken by miscellaneous

naturalists, Himalayan climbers, missionaries and political crackpots, these neat pictorial slices of time actively promote nostalgia for a prelapsarian Tibet. All are elegant and touched with pathos, indeed, the passage of time has positioned even the most amateurish snapshot at the level of art. Some of the finest photographs of Tibetan life and architecture were taken by the Indian government official John Claude White (1883-1918), who was contemptuous of the Tibetans' refusal to take part in what Kipling described as "The Great Game" of British and Russian imperialism in Asia. White was second in command to Colonel Francis Younghusband during the 1904 military mission to Tibet, during which 1,000 Tibetans were killed while resisting British attempts to enforce Curzon's policy of checking Russian expansion into central Asia. In common with all Western travellers to Tibet fired through religious or political motives with a desire to gain entrance to the Forbidden City of Lhasa, White's camera turned instinctively to recording examples of the exotic and the primitive: to the bizarre coiffure of nuns at Tatsang in

1903 and (by means of a complicated four-sheet panorama) the awesome and vertiginous Potala (1904). The Sacred Realm is an exception to the general rule that exhibition catalogues do not make good books. The plates are finely printed from a show at the Philadelphia Museum of Art which can be seen in Houston this autumn and in New York next spring. Tibet's immunity from the compressed technological changes of the industrial west and its apparently harmonious integration of temporal and spiritual concerns has long afforded it Utopian status among travellers for whom difficulty of access merely added to the mystery. The biographies of contributors to this book comprise a cornucopia of the maverick and the quixotic. But note especially the demise of the naturalist Dr Alexander Wollaston, Fellow of King's College, Cambridge, and medical officer for the 1921 Everest expedition: having survived the rigours of a journey to Tibet and back he was shot dead by an undergraduate in Cambridge.

Pasternak

A Biography By Ronald Hingley (Weidenfeld & Nicolson, £12.95) The final note is one of triumph, through all the tragicomic point of Boris Pasternak's life and times (1890-1960), illuminated so superbly by Ronald Hingley in this enthralling biography. None so well qualified as Mr Hingley to make plain the complexities of this extraordinary Russian dissident poet, whose novel Doctor Zhivago brought him international attention. Mr Hingley's authority in the field of Russian literature is of high distinction, as biographer and translator. One is immediately aware that the author thoroughly understands the conflict and ambiguity of Russian and Soviet society, parallels which in the case of Pasternak and his contemporaries interlink, almost psychologically. Much has been written about Pasternak's work, yet, in the main, Mr Hingley found that as a man with his loves, his marriages, his living conditions, his "faceless" Isaiiah Berlin's chapter, Meetings with Russian Writers 1945 & 1946, gave us a string of letters exchanged between Pasternak and his cousin, Olga Friedenberg, covered some of the gaps, as does Olga Ivinskaya's A Captive of Time, which records the passion and dedication of her years as Pasternak's last, and deepest love. Chronologically the biographical facts are known, from that Jewish artistic liberal background, privileged enough to provide nannies, tutors and foreign travel. Mr Hingley places all these pre-revolution-

The cost of freedom

ary years before us, building up his portrait of a born poet, early influenced by Rilke and Mayakovsky. The Revolution was welcomed by Pasternak, family and friends, as indeed all liberal Russian opinion welcomed the demise of Tsarist tyranny. With considerable skill Mr Hingley deals with Pasternak's conflict about the actual Revolution, when, initially, he veered towards hero-worship of Stalin to detestation of the horror of the thirties. He never hid his disgust nor failed to condemn injustice or brutality, and confronted Stalin himself. It is probable, states Mr Hingley, that for some fanciful whim Stalin decreed that Pasternak should not be touched, possibly admiring his courage for speaking his mind. A terrifying picture is built up of what life was like (maybe still is) for creative people struggling to work as they please in a totalitarian society. The prospect is fearful, and can, really, only be dimly apprehended by those free to express themselves as they wish. Probably the most fascinating part of this biography relates to Pasternak in love. There was the first naive, young marriage, superseded by marriage to Zinaida, which soon proved to be a match of incompatibles. Zinaida was a conformist Soviet housewife and clung to Pasternak until the end, refusing divorce when Olga Ivinskaya came on the scene. The year was 1946, a horribly repressive time. Pasternak suffering from a four year work block, Mr Hingley's narrative sparkles when it comes to that fateful meeting between Olga aged 34, an editor on the literary Novy mir, and Pasternak, 20 years her senior. "I never thought", he said, "I'd know such joy again". It took

him six months to declare himself, and then after walking the Moscow streets all night, arriving at Olga's door in the early morning. She was a remarkable woman, courageous, life-enhancing. Theirs was an incredibly passionate love affair, although one does rather feel Pasternak was a bit of weakling, spending his time between his wife and Olga's household. Not daring to touch Pasternak the authorities condemned Olga to a labour camp. Pasternak's plea to Stalin to take him instead was never answered. Mr Hingley's detailed account of the Nobel Prize granted for Doctor Zhivago rather more than for Pasternak's poetry makes near unbearable reading with its horrific consequences for Pasternak, and for Olga deprived of her right to work. Pasternak made it a condition of his refusing the prize that Olga's Union card be restored. Following Pasternak's death, Olga was again interned, on trumped-up currency charges. She survived, however, to write her vivid memoir of their fourteen years of continuously passionate love. An interesting sidelight offered is Klrushevich's rage with the secretary of the Soviet Writers Union for denying Pasternak publication of Doctor Zhivago and for failing to make clear that he was a world famous author. Mr Hingley's book is full of equally riveting anecdotes. "To live your life is not so simple as to cross a field", wrote Pasternak in his collection of poems to Doctor Zhivago. Not simple at all as this superb biography shows. Yet, finally, Pasternak achieved his simplicity in near impossible social conditions: he wrote as a free man.

Kay Dick

Mutual puffers

Pound/Ford The Story of a Literary Friendship Edited by Brita Lindberg-Seyersted (Faber, £20) Poor old Ford! His life was a complicated mess, he seldom managed to produce work worthy of his genius, he never achieved due recognition in his lifetime (or since) - and, to cap it all, he was a friend of Ezra Pound's. This was fine as far as their puffing of each other's works went; over thirty years they scarcely published a bad word about each other. But on the personal level, it was not always such easy going. Both men were of course notoriously "difficult" characters, and it is not surprising that they fell out fairly often over the years. But one must pity Ford chiefly for having to read Pound's letters. It is hard to think of a more tremulously affected epistolary stylist (Larry Adler perhaps?):

99 percent of Brit publication STINKS... has been eliminated from Ang/Shaxon imagination. And so on, and so on. The bulk of this book, handsomely produced (but overpriced) by Faber, consists of letters between Ford and Pound, and is also quotes at length from their reviews and memoirs of each other. Ms Lindberg-Seyersted has approached her editing task with the kind of heavy diligence one expects of transatlantic scholarship, though this seems in fact to be a Norwegian-American co-production. Annotation is,

however, curiously inconsistent. It is good to have this account of a literary relationship of considerable importance in the history of modernism. A pity that the material collected is mostly so unappealing and uninteresting (the majority of the letters are concerned largely with business matters). The real substance of the Ford-Pound friendship probably lies elsewhere, in the conversations of Pound's early days in London, when Ford was briefly at the centre of the modern movement. But there we are: verba fugiunt, scripta manent.

Nigel Andrew

READ ROALD DAHL ON GOD CRIED

In the August issue of THE LITERARY REVIEW MAGAZINE Out Now! 70p

WILLIAM MANCHESTER

THE LAST LION: WINSTON SPENCER CHURCHILL Visions of Glory 1874-1932

There is no denying Manchester's skill... those who persevere with this book will find themselves gradually mesmerised and finally addicted. PIERS BRENDON, The Times 'His book is big like a Churchill cigar with a rich aroma.' ASA BRIGGS, The Guardian £14.95 Illustrated MICHAEL JOSEPH



Poetry Disfigured doodles

I notice that these days the Scottish poet Norman MacCaig is much praised for his honesty, modesty, and wit. Reading his latest slim volume A World of Difference (Chatto & Windus/The Hogarth Press, £3.95) it is not hard to see why. Here, for example, is the beginning of a poem called Running bull. All his weight's forward. He looks like a big black hunchback with a small black boy running behind him. Pus on his invisible sixpence on the ground. he'll turn on it. So don't, if he's facing away from you. People scatter. I scatter too. Pleasant, amusing, with just enough originality in the actual description of the creature for us to feel that the poet is doing something more than show off his good humour. The tone and the manner are typical. For the most part, these poems consist of empathetic descriptions of the natural world - sometimes a bit Disneyish, but no matter - matched to expressions of the writer's sense of being somehow an intruder in that world because he has the gift of translating it into images. It seems churlish to complain, but I do detect a disfiguring note of self-satisfaction in MacCaig's refusal to write about anything which might possibly disturb him at a deeper level. For a brief time, about 25 years ago, he seemed on the verge of becoming a major poet, a sort of twentieth-century John Donne, and we do his talents a disservice if we let him forget that Elegance is no substitute for urgency, and too great a proportion of his recent work looks like doodling with his left hand while his heart has forty winks. To be fair, in a poem

called Enough included here, he appears to address himself to this specific criticism when he writes: I don't want to shuffle in a Greek Theatre, I want to be chanting powerful platitudes while Nemesis, off-stage, gouges and stabs. But that is to load the dice. Nobody wants to shuffle, chant, or strut - only to engage again with the kind of truth-telling he expressed in his line hard feeling is true exercise for wit. Wit without hard feeling makes for whimsey and I'm afraid that's what we have in the present book. A similar charge could be brought against much of the work in Charles Causley's Collected Poems 1951-1975 (Macmillan, £4.95), but then Causley has always been a difficult case. At first sight, he seems naive and derivative, a writer whose frequent recourse to traditional ballad forms cheapens his own vision, achieving vigour at the cost of sensitivity. His best things, though, tell if not a different story then at least a more troubling and memorable one: As I walked down by the river Down by the frozen fen I saw the grey cathedral With the eyes of a child of ten. O the railway arch is smoky As the Flying Scot goes by And but for the Education Act Go Jumper Cross and I. That, I submit, is unmistakably the real thing, and even if the last two lines make you wince it might be worth considering that the poet aimed to win, to come down to earth with bang. Here, in short, is a genuinely popular poet, who can sing both high and low, and whose finest effects spring from a calculated interlarding of the

romantic and the realistic. I should add that there is also a note of sheer celebration in Causley's work which makes him unusual among other twentieth century poets who have called themselves Christians. Donald Davie, for instance, seems in the period covered by his Collected Poems 1971-1983 (Corgi Press, £5.95) to have refound his roots in the Protestant tradition, but unfortunately this experience has not warmed or renewed his verse-making. Rather, his religious figures in poem after poem as yet another opportunity for inhibition. One piece escapes, and has sufficient life to allow me to think that the poet in Davie has not quite been extinguished by his didactic critical intelligence - a strange poem called In the Stopping Train. This man in the stopping train tries to pass the time and comfort himself by staring out of the window at flowers, but even as he does so he accuses himself of knowing only their names and not their identities. Jonquil is a sweet word. Is it a flowering bush? Let him helplessly wonder for hours if perhaps he's seen it. Has it a white and yellow flower, the jonquil? Has it a perfume? Oh his art could always pretend it had. He never needed to see, not with his art to help him. He never needed to use his nose, except for language. I find that almost too moving to quote in public. I only wish that this man in the stopping train had written some of the other poems in the book.

Robert Nye

...the Times Educational Supplement... a thoroughly admirable publication; essential reading for the serious and ambitious school-teacher. ... one of the advantages enjoyed by an eighty-page educational magazine is the wealth of literary talent hanging around our colleges and universities waiting to write the odd freelance article. Which is why the TES is able to cover so much eclectic ground. (Roy Hattersley, Punch March 16 1983).

The Times Educational Supplement is available at newsagents every Friday, price 50p. If you wish to take the TES on subscription simply complete the coupon below and post it together with your cheque to the address shown. In addition to your 52 issues of the TES we will also send you a free copy of the very latest hardback edition of Roget's Thesaurus or a free copy of the latest hardback edition of The Concise Oxford Dictionary. Both have been specially bound for The Times Supplements.

This offer applies to new subscribers in the UK only.

Please send a free [] Roget's Thesaurus or [] Concise Oxford Dictionary and a year's subscription to the Times Educational Supplement. I enclose my cheque for £30.00 (Cheques made payable to Times Newspapers Ltd.). Please send to: Name: Address: Signature: Date: TTS

Please send this coupon with your cheque to: Francis House, The Times Educational Supplement, Priority House, 51 Infos Lane, London, EC4M 4BX.

THE TIMES DIARY

Sugar and spice

Graham Greene is to share a publisher with Jacques Médecin, the mayor of Nice with whom he clashed when charging that the city is the "privileged haunt..."

Et tu, Julius

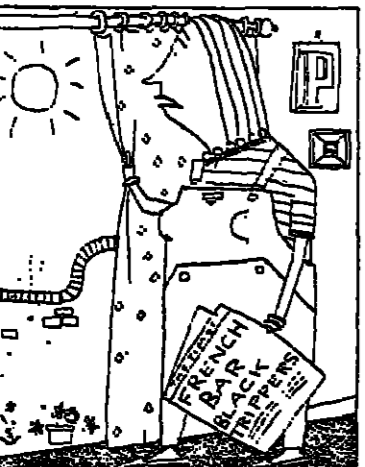
President Julius Nyerere of Tanzania is among those nominated to be possible translators of P. G. Wodehouse's "The Great Sermon Handicap..."

Lord Cliddip has had his first postcard from his grand-daughter, who is touring the Soviet Union...

Soft sell

Let no one say the Williamsburg summit did nobody any good. Bill and Julie Brice, young American yoghurt manufacturers, smothered the event in free samples...

BARRY FANTONI



'Not too long in the sun, Neville: we're off to the Dordogne on Saturday'

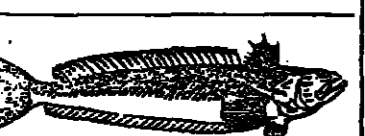
It'll crease you

Tonight sees the London debut of the Octetto Ironico at the Air Gallery, Holborn, during which "members of the group will iron different types of clothing and artistic objects..."

British Telecom has produced a leaflet "to give you some idea of the size and complexity of London's telecommunications services..."

A real skinful

The British eat 6,000 million sausages a year. It was quietly disposing of two of them in the office yesterday just as my eye chanced upon this huge and impressive statistic...



News of the invasion of our south coast waters by voracious fish reminded Frank Dash of Highgate of a letter received by one of his pupils in 1944, after the liberation of Paris...

Not for the first time, the media has over-reacted to an outbreak of typhoid fever. The disease is relatively rare and can effectively be treated. But since confirmation of a number of cases originating on the island of Kos, there have been banner headlines in the newspapers and disquieting comments on radio and television...

The media had a similar field day after the typhoid outbreak at Zermatt during the height of the skiing season in 1963. About 70 Britons were infected. The Swiss authorities were accused of delay in reporting the outbreak...

An Englishman who had been to Zermatt during the period of infection, but who did not become infected, found himself and his family ostracized on his return home: objections were made to his children attending school...

In the following year (1964) a typhoid outbreak burst on the unlucky town of Aberdeen. As typhoid is my business, I was also intimately involved in this epidemic...

And explode they did, especially when it became evident that the Aberdeen incident was big and that its source was probably corned beef. I had to go virtually incommunicado...

Typhoid infection occurs only by way of mouth. If you do not swallow the typhoid bacillus you do not contract the disease...

Typhoid is predominantly a disease of countries with poor hygiene, water supplies prone to contamination, and inadequate sewage disposal. As this country ranks among the best in the world in these respects, its incidence of typhoid is correspondingly low...

In 1982, 168 cases of typhoid were reported from England and Wales to the Communicable Disease Surveillance Centre at Colindale, London. Twenty-one (12 per cent) were contracted in this country and 147 (88 per cent) were infected abroad...

Typhoid is easy to treat nowadays. Chloramphenicol is the drug of choice and the disease responds so well that the mortality rate has fallen from about 10 per cent to 1 per cent or less. For example, of 507 cases infected in the Aberdeen outbreak, only three died...

There is no doubting what Mr Len Murray, the TUC general secretary, stands in an interview with The Times, he made very clear his intention to persuade Congress to drop the boycott of the Employment Secretary and come to grips with political realities...

The massacre of Maronites mentioned in Robert Fisk's feature on Lebanon in Monday's paper took place in 1980, not 1968, as printed.

E. S. Anderson puts the typhoid outbreak in perspective

Beware, a bad epidemic of news hysteria



A small percentage, probably less than three, of persons contracting typhoid become chronic carriers of the disease. Naturally, the lower the incidence of the disease, the lower the residuum of carriers...

In one instance a female carrier, whose excreta were found to be contaminating a local stream which caused an outbreak in 1948, was established to have been infected in 1895...



Mr Murray detects a definite shift in Labour movement opinion, a new mood of pragmatism that will carry the day at Blackpool. We shall see changes, and a degree of realism which has not always been evident...

But Mr Murray detects a definite shift in Labour movement opinion, a new mood of pragmatism that will carry the day at Blackpool. We shall see changes, and a degree of realism which has not always been evident...

That is why, he argues, the unions must test the ice by talking to Mr Tebbit about his desire to make it easier for trade unionists to opt out of paying the political levy to the Labour Party...

staying with her contracted typhoid. So she could scarcely be described as having constituted an active threat to her environment.

Once carriers are detected, the risk present to others is explained to them and they are carefully instructed in the rules of personal hygiene. They are usually too anxious to cooperate. They cannot, of course, be employed in the food industry...

Drug therapy has proved disappointing in the treatment of carriers. Chloramphenicol, so useful in the treatment of the acute disease, is useless for the carrier state. Success has been claimed for other antibacterial drugs from time to time, and it is worth giving some of them a trial. Surgery is the only alternative treatment in the event of failure of drug therapy.

The carrier state is mostly caused by chronic gall bladder infection with the typhoid bacillus, and removal of the gall bladder offers a 70 to 80 per cent prospect of cure. But the operative risk may be considerable in an elderly person in indifferent health...

I confidently expect our indigenous incidence of typhoid infection to dwindle to vanishing point in the long term. So long as people go on holiday to areas of relatively high typhoid incidence such as the Mediterranean basin, however, we shall continue to import the disease.

In any event a case of typhoid presents a negligible risk to the general population. Secondary cases, that is, those infected by transmission from patients infected at the primary source, are rare.

Typhoid outbreaks are easily controlled; indeed, they are usually self-limiting. The outbreak runs its course and ceases. The trouble is that typhoid has an average incubation period of about nine to 14 days, with extremes of as little as three days or as long as six or more weeks...

There is thus no need for panic about typhoid; no need to ostracize carriers; no need to fuss about carriers, most of whom only very exceptionally transmit the infection and who, once detected, are usually easily controlled...

Dr Anderson, FRS, was formerly Director of the Enteric Reference Laboratory, Central Public Health Laboratory, London.

© Times Newspapers Limited, 1983

Ronald Butt

Labour: the worst is yet to come

There comes a stage in the decline of institutions and political parties when the next apparently important happening makes no significant difference to the outcome. Thus I doubt whether the long-term outlook for the Labour Party would be much different if Mr Roy Hattersley were to be its next leader instead of Mr Neil Kinnock.

Even if Mr Tony Benn's stand-in, Mr Michael Meacher, were to be elected deputy to Mr Kinnock instead of Mr Hattersley it would probably alter little except, perhaps, the speed of events. When left-wing union leaders conferred privately last week about whether Mr Hattersley or Mr Meacher should be the deputy, they were only discussing cosmetics. The question was simply whether Mr Hattersley's moderate reputation would enable Labour to keep on its now ordained path to the left with fewer splits...

If Mr Peter Shore were going to be elected that would indeed make a difference. A Labour Party capable of choosing the only candidate who could appeal to its old national constituency against the unions and the left would, by definition, be a different party from the one which considers only Mr Kinnock and Mr Hattersley to be *passable*.

But Mr Shore is not in the race and Mr Hattersley's claim to stand seriously for moderation and a more realistic response to Labour's election defeat is less than convincing. It is true that he supports the West, favours membership of the European Community and does not want to nationalize everything in sight. But to compensate for these socialist shortcomings he has absurdly advocated the licensing and control of all City institutions to improve investment and has adopted some (as he might say) passionate positions in the name of equality which are hardly likely to appeal greatly to the common opinion of traditional Labour voters.

Thus he has now announced grandly that Labour is a party not of equality of opportunity, but of "equality of outcome". Everyone is left to interpret this for himself and no doubt Mr Scargill's increasingly bourgeois miners will, it could mean no more than that Mr Hattersley wants some more reverse discrimination on race and sex and more redistributionist fiscal policies to pay for welfare. Or, taken literally, it could mean that the men in Whitehall ought to assess much more closely what is required to ensure that the living conditions of everyone are related more to their idea of his need, a concept hitherto thought to have dangerous political implications. Or it could mean nothing at all.

Mr Hattersley has the habit of enunciating his moral statements with a specially plosive manner of delivery. The "p"s and "b"s of his often alliterative words are spat into the eye of the television camera with a force plainly meant to symbolize his righteous conviction and toughness. The trouble is that a politician who has stomached as much as Mr Hattersley has in the name of unity

is hardly the man to stand up to the left now. He has always said that he would never in any circumstances leave the Labour Party, and to say that sort of thing quite so loudly and repeatedly hardly enhances the bargaining power of anyone who wishes to change a party's direction.

So even if it were Mr Hattersley instead of either Mr Kinnock or Mr Meacher it would probably make little difference (except in detail and timing) to the direction of the Labour Party. He has no significant braking power. What, then, will happen to Labour under any of the foreseeable combinations? At least one former and senior Labour Cabinet minister believes there will be an exit of between 40 and 60 Labour MPs (particularly if Labour does badly in the local elections in May) to form a new independent Democratic Labour Party (based on Westminster and mostly funded by the allowances paid to MPs for their staffs initially). This would make common cause with the SDP and Liberals, leading towards a realigned radical party as the principal alternative to Mrs Thatcher.

Dr David Owen sees it differently. He has decided on an open-door policy for all individual refugees from the Labour Party who wish to come to the SDP. They will be welcome without inquisition about their past performance or why they have held back so long. There will be no gibing hostility to Labour right-wingers in the final fragmentation of their old party (symbolized by Labour's 7.4 per cent poll at Penrith). The watchword, as another Social Democrat put it, is generosity. But they expect individual recruits rather than the emergence of yet another independent Labour Party. That makes sense.

An exodus of a sufficient band of Labour MPs able to form their own organization seems unlikely; future defectors will either be older ex-Cabinet ministers who are over the hill in terms of party power, or junior ex-ministers and backbenchers whose only base is their seat in Parliament. There are no more Owens and Jenkines among them. There is no room for a second ex-Labour Party so long as Dr Owen exists amalgamation with the Liberals and keeps the SDP as Labour's successor.

Conservatives look on all this benignly and are willing to help where they can. Mr Tebbit's Bill requiring union ballots to approve political funding will purposely contain an early date for the first ballot to ensure that the party activists, some unions, when balloted, are expected not to throw any more money away on Labour; some of these might pay funds to no party; others might fund the SDP. Many would stay with Labour. What the consequences would be for the TUC is not yet a question for sensible speculation. Against the seismic background of such prospective events, the question whether Mr Hattersley would be a better leader than Mr Kinnock or a more moderate deputy than Mr Meacher is one of quite dramatic insignificance.

Paul Pickering

Enter extreme left, a red, red Robin

Our beloved folk hero Robin Hood has undergone a strange metamorphosis. Tired of well-cut costumes in Lincoln Green and campfire sing-songs in the greenwood, he has discovered the works of Marx and Lenin. A new £2m ITV series on the Sherwood outlaw - filming ends this week - portrays the merry man as a group of "men committed" left-wingers sombre enough to sell the Militant newspaper.

"We have done away with all the feathers and pointed hats and green tights," said director Paul Knight. "This is Robin Hood for the 1980s. The merry men are a group of punks who live wild in the forest; they are freedom fighters. Will Scarlet is a real killer, he's played by Ray Winstone, who starred in Scar."

All of which goes well beyond the comfortable memories of the 1956 series with Richard Green. Even Maid Marian's original status is not sacred. "Marian lives with Robin in the forest. She does not sit on the battlements wistfully waiting. She is very committed," too - Greenham Common and so on.

Understandably there is less emphasis in this year's agenda on achieving policies through the Labour Party, though it is still seen as the best available political alternative. The Alliance is not taken seriously at present, though the Murray doctrine would require contacts if it appeared that the SDP-Liberal coalition had a good chance of forming a government.

So what will change at Blackpool? It seems there will be a general scaling-down of expectations, and a different style. The TUC will behave more like one of its constituent unions, deciding what it wants and going for things one at a time instead of asking for everything at once. Attention will be re-focused on bread and butter issues rather than grandiose policies on nuclear weapons and foreign affairs. It is likely that Britain's membership of the EEC will be reluctantly accepted. The Labour movement's economic strategy will also be reappraised, and the 1984 Economic Review will be less utopian. There will be greater emphasis on winning rank-and-file support for union policies, if possible through a new daily paper reflecting the labour movement's values. One way and another, it sounds like the old TUC carthorse, and it probably is.

as an oppressed minority, which would take away the need to rob altogether.

"It's not how I see Robin Hood," said Mr Martin Brandon-Bravo, Conservative MP for Nottingham, South. "In this city we take enormous pride in Robin Hood."

"He would not have been a left-winger," says the merry man as a group of "men committed" left-wingers sombre enough to sell the Militant newspaper.

"We have done away with all the feathers and pointed hats and green tights," said director Paul Knight. "This is Robin Hood for the 1980s. The merry men are a group of punks who live wild in the forest; they are freedom fighters. Will Scarlet is a real killer, he's played by Ray Winstone, who starred in Scar."

All of which goes well beyond the comfortable memories of the 1956 series with Richard Green. Even Maid Marian's original status is not sacred. "Marian lives with Robin in the forest. She does not sit on the battlements wistfully waiting. She is very committed," too - Greenham Common and so on.

Understandably there is less emphasis in this year's agenda on achieving policies through the Labour Party, though it is still seen as the best available political alternative. The Alliance is not taken seriously at present, though the Murray doctrine would require contacts if it appeared that the SDP-Liberal coalition had a good chance of forming a government.

So what will change at Blackpool? It seems there will be a general scaling-down of expectations, and a different style. The TUC will behave more like one of its constituent unions, deciding what it wants and going for things one at a time instead of asking for everything at once. Attention will be re-focused on bread and butter issues rather than grandiose policies on nuclear weapons and foreign affairs. It is likely that Britain's membership of the EEC will be reluctantly accepted. The Labour movement's economic strategy will also be reappraised, and the 1984 Economic Review will be less utopian. There will be greater emphasis on winning rank-and-file support for union policies, if possible through a new daily paper reflecting the labour movement's values. One way and another, it sounds like the old TUC carthorse, and it probably is.

هكذا من الأصل



P.O. Box 7, 200 Gray's Inn Road, London WC1X 8EZ. Telephone: 01-837 1234

BALANCE-SHEET OF MEDICINE

The curious affair of the Whipp's Cross cordon sanitaire is only one of many signs of how deeply the NHS has been rattled by developments since the election. Faced with a succession of novel and unsettling initiatives by the Government, it is no surprise if parts of the service themselves begin to fall back on improvisation, with an eye to political effect.

Whipp's Cross hospital, faced with the call for more spending cuts in the current year, announced this week that it would turn away patients living outside a "catchment area" determined by the hospital itself, except for serious emergencies and references to named consultants. By this means the hospital hopes to avoid treating many hundreds of patients in a full year, and consequently to save itself the expense of doing so. Whether or not the patients eventually find treatment elsewhere, they will not figure as a charge on the budget of Whipp's Cross hospital.

Clearly this is no way to manage the resources of a national public service designed to meet social need. The rapid, if rather baffled, protest by the Regional Health Authority shows that it sees how damaging the practice could be if it spread. This is not at all what is meant by the use of initiative in seeking ways of cutting costs. Neighbouring hospitals in similar financial straits would be given a strong market incentive to impose a similar rule. Patients would be thrown back on a family practitioner service, which in the East End is acknowledged to have marked shortcomings - the very reason why many patients presented themselves at hospital in the first place.

It is a London problem, and a "hospitals-versus GPs" problem: as such it points to several of the worst areas of potential friction in the NHS today. London's position in the perpetual haggling over distribution of finance is paradoxical: it is at once embarrassingly over-provided, with world-famous teaching hospitals and specialist institutions, and painfully under-provided, in areas where the provision of hospitals has inhibited the development of GP services.

For many years, and rightly, successive governments have progressively channelled national funds away from regions which get more than an equal share. London is one of these, and the consequences for

the weaker areas of its services have been harsh. The reallocation formula is designed to take account of these factors, and it is a matter of hot dispute whether it does so adequately. But the fact is that scarcity of resources for the NHS as a whole is subjectively perceived most painfully by those who manage it in London and other apparently fortunate places.

As far as national expenditure is concerned, nothing is gained by one hospital palming off patients on its neighbours. But any accounting system which provides incentives to efficiency at the local level (which should in principle be best placed to judge how resources should be allocated) is apt also to create incentives to the minimizing, regardless of efficiency, of any loss-making activity. A similar factor was exposed last month when Mr Lawson demanded savings from the hospitals to compensate for an anticipated overspend in GP services.

Hospitals are cash-limited, which means that if there are more patients dying of kidney disease than budgeted facilities to cure them (and there always are), the surplus of patients are given only palliative treatment, and will die. General practice, by contrast, is demand-led: whoever turns up has a right to expect some sort of appropriate treatment, and it is for the doctor to combine efficiency and economy as best he can. It is statistically possible to estimate the annual cost, but last year the Government chose to budget on the basis of a low estimate, and now naturally finds it likely that the budget will be exceeded. Having no means of enforcing retrenchment on the GPs, it has imposed it on the hospitals instead. A certain rough justice can be claimed for the procedure, as the hospitals have not been aware of the savings to be made by hurrying in-patients out into the community, and back on to the GP budget.

These rather ignominious expedients are only what is to be expected when each part of the service is under pressure to do its best for itself and those it serves: it would be unworthy to expect otherwise. But as the Government considers further economy drives, with more specific requirements, for instance on staffing, than ever before (and correspondingly less scope for constructively local discretion) it is worth bearing in mind that such campaigns cannot be carried out without danger of paper savings

invited journalists. And the BBC correspondent, who was required to leave Zimbabwe as the first victim of the ban, was told on parting that he might be invited back again for the 1985 elections, which, if not sarcastic, sounds like a good humoured remark.

Zimbabwe now offers further interpretation: the ban will be selective, depending on whether journalists have or have not given cause for offence in the past. Since these states are already in the habit of exercising their discretion as to which journalists they shall admit, it may be that the old policy may not in the end turn out to be very different from present practice. That is very much to be hoped, for it is to the benefit of all parties that no new barriers be erected.

The ostensible reason for the restriction is that the reporting of foreign correspondents based in South Africa gives credibility to "Pretoria's biased view of reality in southern Africa". That will surprise most of them and it will certainly surprise Pretoria, which

has its own restrictions and regards most journalists, home or foreign, as something of a liberal menace.

There is more than a touch of Unescoism in the expression of the new policy with its reference to "a new international information order" and emphasis on regional news agencies. It may also be conceived as a further gesture to impose isolation on South Africa; or as a way of steering foreign correspondents, and the hard currency they bring, towards the black capitals. That is a proper ambition, but they will first have to improve their communications.

Newspapers, news agencies and broadcasters deploy their resources in that region as they do for reasons of economy and working convenience. It would be a great pity if the black African states were to put obstacles in the way of the world reporting of the region's affairs because of any misapprehension about the attitude of the news gathering organizations and their staffs.

NO LAISSEZ-PASSER

The scene is Dover Western Docks. An SNCF car ferry has just arrived. Immigration officials stand ready, bored at the prospect of another stream of Renaults en route for Marks and Spencer and the changing of the guard. But what's this? A *char-a-banc* full of brown maghrebin faces and flowing white robes. Immigration officials, trained to spot an octocor on at twenty paces in the dusk, are having no truck with flimsy *cartes d'identité*. Protests of EEC citizenship go unheeded: these are obviously would-be illegal immigrants. Send them back.

Fiction, but a not implausible reversal of what may have happened last weekend in Calais, and not for the first time. Imagine the fuss in Paris were the brown faces to belong to Frenchmen. Concern would be justified. France, like Britain, is a nation of colour, its history and empire visible in both *bidonville* and the obligations assumed by the French state towards its ethnic minorities. French port

officials are responding to a clear decision by the Mitterrand government to make an issue of race and immigration; it seems to have acted with a marked lack of concern for the knock-on effects of its policy for at least one of its EEC neighbours.

The domestic justification for the policy - perhaps scouting that unpleasant brand of blue-collar gallic racialism embraced so warmly by the French Communist Party - is one thing. A lack of care in announcing it to France's allies is another. The French action has left it rather unclear whether the 1971 memorandum of understanding remains in force allowing ad hoc British identity cards to be substituted for full passports. Surely it is in the interests of France, the economy of the Pas De Calais, and the shopkeepers of Boulogne for the trade in day and short-term visits to be encouraged: the non-passport arrangements are a sensible means of dealing with the huge flow and should be retained.

Under the 1971 memorandum citizens of the Commonwealth and the Republic of Ireland have been allowed this excursion privilege. Do the French consider that the new Nationality Act regulations alter the status quo; was the Foreign Office careless in tracing through the consequences of the Act for such minor international obligations as imposed by the memorandum? Both Governments have an educational responsibility in informing the travelling public of any new arrangements. Meanwhile, the rights of British citizens who happen to be black or brown must be protected in the same way as those of Frenchmen of Martinique or Algerian descent. This protection must extend to harassment from zealous port officials. If black Britons possessing the same documents as their white fellow travellers were, or are ever refused entry to France, it would - as the French themselves seemed yesterday to acknowledge - constitute a scandal.

Radioactive waste dumping at sea

From the General Secretary of the National Union of Seamen

Sir, Like charity, concern for the environment begins at home. So I was disappointed to find you had devoted a leading article (July 20) to the activities of Greenpeace in Siberia and the ecological impact of Soviet industrial policies rather than to an environmental controversy now raging here in Britain in which Greenpeace has also been involved.

I refer to plans by the United Kingdom Atomic Energy Authority to dump nearly 4,000 tonnes of deadly radioactive waste some 500 miles from Land's End. This was due to start on July 11 but, thanks to the actions of the National Union of Seamen, the Transport and General Workers' Union and the train drivers' union Aslef, the dump ship Atlantic Fisher has been stranded at Barrow and the waste has failed to reach Sharpness, the port at which it was due to be loaded.

As a result it appears that the UKAEA's plans must now be abandoned and the British Government will be forced to comply with the wishes of a clear majority represented on the London Dumping Convention, the United Nations-sponsored agency which regulates the disposal of all potentially hazardous wastes at sea.

The NUS has been inundated with messages of support from individuals and organizations around the world, including Jacques Cousteau, the mayors of towns and cities along the French and Spanish Atlantic seaboard, scientific groups, environmentalists and seafarers' unions. Given the attitude of our Government towards trade unionism, it is ironic that it has taken a successful act of defiance against Government policy by three unions to protect Britain's good name in the international maritime community.

As you said in an admirable leading article on the subject earlier this year, it is not possible, either technically or politically, to go on using the sea indefinitely as a nuclear dump site. Is it not therefore time for the Government and the UKAEA, which are responsible for dumping 80 per cent of the nuclear waste tipped into the world's oceans, to end to this short-sighted and irresponsible activity? Yours faithfully, JIM SLATER, General Secretary, National Union of Seamen, Maritime House, Oldtown, Clapham, SW4.

Paid jobs for all

From the Chairman of Youth Call

Sir, What I found missing in Mr Francis Bennion's letter (July 28) was a recognition of the fact that there is a host of unmet needs in the community which could be undertaken by those who would otherwise be unemployed, or by young people as part of their training for life. Thousands of such jobs, in care for the elderly and the handicapped, in hospitals and schools, in nature conservation and elsewhere, have been listed in successive reports prepared for the Government or by bodies such as the L.S.E.

The Government is rightly seeking to avoid the creation of meaningless jobs. But it does need to provide the framework and the incentives to enable the community to benefit from the energies of those for whom, as Mr Bennion says, society is unlikely to be able to provide paid jobs in the normal sense. This need cost very little more than what is saved on the dole for those concerned.

Yours faithfully, NICHOLAS STACEY, Chairman, Youth Call, Springfield, Maidstone, Kent, August 1.

Intimations of mortality

From Mr Noel Woolf

Sir, The most specific of all intimations of mortality is to be found on a departmental pass issued to me by the British Museum earlier this year. It has a photograph (mine), a serial number, my name and the baldest possible message: "Expires May 8, 1984".

The time is not included. I will let you know if it comes to pass.

Yours hopefully, NOEL WOOLF, Flat 7B, Bedford Towers, Kings Road, Brighton, Sussex, August 1.

Transport in London

From Mr Cyril J. E. Taylor

Sir, The Conservative group on the Greater London Council believes that London Transport should remain under the supervision of a democratically elected London-wide local authority. We therefore oppose Government plans to transfer London Transport from the GLC to the Department of Transport.

However, your leader of July 27 criticizing the details of the White Paper is not justified. Surely the worst thing the Secretary of State for Transport could have done would be to set up a huge new quango with its own rate precepting powers. He has avoided this by recommending instead that London Transport be reorganized on a commercial basis, with a single board, consisting of business and transport experts.

If the minister appoints a chief executive of the calibre of Sir Michael Edwards or Ian MacGregor, there is a good possibility that his proposed structure would achieve an efficient low-cost and reliable public transport system in London.

You criticise the minister for not giving sufficient scope for privatisa-

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Benefits from over-valued dollar

From Professor H. W. Singer

Sir, In your editorial (August 1) you are very critical and gloomy about the over-valued dollar. But surely there are other ways of looking at this.

If, as you say, the United States may have a trade deficit of \$60bn to \$100bn (and a somewhat smaller but still very sizable balance of payments deficit) is this not a good thing for the rest of us? If the US sucks in \$60bn to \$100bn more of our goods than it supplies, does it not help to promote employment and a satisfactory balance of trade position for us here? And also, with 25 per cent of US imports coming from developing countries - does it not help to promote economic development? Why should we complain?

You think that this situation is "unsustainable", but if any economy in the world can sustain it it would be the US economy; and in any case by the time the situation changes the US trade deficit may have done its good work and converted the vicious deflationary circle of depression and rising unemployment into its reverse beneficial cycle.

Now it is true as you point out that the US sucks in not only our commodities but also our capital. This means that we do not benefit from our export surplus to the US domestic investment to the extent that we might. But it still means that we are commanding claims against the US economy for those future years which you fear so much, when the US will no longer supply us with ready-made dollars through its trade deficit. Moreover as you yourself say the "money is sent to the United States as a haven from political risk".

Can you blame the US for that? Would lower interest rates cure this situation? I think the more likely scenario is that the capital flows to the US would occur for political reasons even if the trade deficit did

not exist - would this not be an incomparably worse situation when we would get the worst of both worlds?

Long live the US trade deficit! Yours faithfully, H. W. SINGER, Institute of Development Studies, University of Sussex, Brighton, August 2.

From Sir Alan Neale

Sir, Your leader on the overvalued dollar (August 1) shows no awareness that the conditions you criticize are an inescapable consequence of the monetarist doctrines which in other contexts you support.

As you say, economic logic would expect a country with a huge current account deficit to have a weak currency. Then with floating exchange rates its exports will be cheap in world markets, and its imports dear in the home market; and the system will adjust towards a new balance.

But once all eyes are turned to the money supply, the main component of which is the lending of the country's domestic banking system, it is seen as essential to meet any sign of expansion by raising interest rates. Then in a country like the USA, where there is no danger whatever of default, vast quantities of mobile international funds are moved to take advantage of the interest rate differential.

Now the country with the weak current account goes, as you say, to the top of the currency league. Instead of setting in train an adjustment process, it imports other people's money and further restricts its own economic activity and employment. But this is monetarism: the surprise is that you should be surprised.

Yours faithfully, ALAN NEALE, 95 Swains Lane, N6.

Parents and Pill

From Mrs Birgit Carolin

Sir, I have been following with interest the case brought against the West Norfolk and Wisbech Health Authority by Mrs Victoria Gillic concerning the provision of contraceptive advice to girls under 16.

Having three daughters myself, I partly understand her feelings, but am relieved she lost her case. Surely her fears for her own daughters are groundless, since no doctor would prescribe contraceptives without her girls' specific request, which, in view of their firm Catholic upbringing, seems highly unlikely.

Girls lacking such guidance and control, however, have a right, it seems to me, to the confidential counsel and advice of a doctor, whose concern is not only for the young girl, but also for her unwanted child.

The present legal situation seems to reflect our society's deep ambivalence towards sexual experience amongst the young. Perhaps the time has come to review the law. A girl under 16 is, apparently, regarded as a passive recipient rather than an active participant in the act of intercourse. If this were so, which I question, the law, as it now stands, offers her poor protection. In practice, without the evidence of conception, it is virtually unworkable and, even then, or in the extreme case of rape, very rarely invoked by her parents, however concerned they may be for her moral and physical welfare.

As parents we recognise that our sons and daughters must, one day, take full responsibility for them-

Going to the zoo

From Sir Richard Way

Sir, Your editorial, "Going to the Zoo" (July 23) deals in a generally fair way with a topical and important question. But in certain respects it creates an impression about the London Zoo and Whipsnade which, in my view as a member of the council of only five years and therefore not particularly defensive about the past, does them less than justice.

The best zoos are indeed "institutions of research and conservation" and London can pride itself on its leading position in both respects. It would be an outrage, however, to set out to conserve exotic species, or indeed to be responsible for any animals, without being able to provide first-class veterinary and other services. It is not, by definition, a narrowly commercial operation and this is demonstrated by the fact that every other comparable zoo in the world has long been either subsidised or wholly maintained from public funds.

As you say, the London Zoo "has had to be bailed out by the state more than once"; in its 157 years of existence, twice to be precise (both occasions in the 1960s) if one accepts the current situation on which discussions are proceeding with the Government.

Your remark that the Zoo "displays a concern" tampered by your recognition of "some signs of unbending in the last year or two", is certainly misleading and a little unfair. In the five years since I have been on its council the question of how to attract more visitors has been constantly discussed. The fact that we have so far failed may possibly indicate a lack of imagination, but it is certainly not due to any failure to recognise the crucial importance of this objective.

It is not, as you suggest, the society's charter which restricts our freedom on "the showbusiness side" but the fact that, in London, we operate wholly within a royal park and are (rightly in my view) much more inhibited in the measures we can adopt to attract customers than we should be elsewhere.

Finally, I wonder whether, before alleging that the society is too secretive, you glanced at the annual report. It is an absolute mine of information of all sorts. Yours faithfully, RICHARD WAY, Monroe Farm, Shalden, Alton, Hampshire.

Nameless JPs

From Mr Peter Embrey

Sir, Jurors are named in open court, not once but twice: when selected, and when sworn.

Since this is contrary to what Mr Hill (July 19) implies, can any reader suggest a reason for magistrates being treated differently? Yours faithfully, PETER EMBREY, 19 Edith Road, Barons Court, W14.

Well held, sir

From Mr W. J. B. Salisbury

Sir, One treasured and most welcome incident in the recent Test match was not mentioned by your Cricket Correspondent (report, August 2). Randall held a catch at mid-on, but he didn't throw the ball high into the air and rush to join his teammates, as now seems to be the fashion. He simply put it in his pocket.

These days such agreeable behaviour should be encouraged. Yours faithfully, W. J. B. SALISBURY, Carleton Place, Draycott, Cheddar, Somerset, Avon, August 2.

Some boroughs may even pay more on a net basis, since neither Westminster nor the City of London, who jointly enjoy 28 per cent of London's rate base, receive any rate-support grant and could not, therefore, have their rate-support grant reduced. Presumably, their share will have to be absorbed by the other 30 boroughs, unless a special tax is levied on Westminster and the City of London.

Finally, we will need to know more about the minister's views on subsidy and fare levels. Given time, progress on reducing overmanning and fraud losses would enable a reasonably priced London Transport service to be operated without subsidies substantially in excess of those recommended by the Government in its 1983 Transport Act. However, if London Transport's existing revenue fares subsidy was reduced suddenly from the current £210m to the £110m recommended by the Transport Act, then fares would have to be increased by at least 30 per cent.

Yours faithfully, CYRIL TAYLOR, Members' Lobby, Greater London Council, The County Hall, SE1, July 27.

Night time 'nuisance'

From Mr W. John Parkman

Sir, The query by Mr Maslen, National Farmers' Union (July 26), as to how long Mr Bertram has been living next to farmland would seem to be of much less relevance in the light of the ITV programme, *Against the Grain* (July 26) which referred to "our changing countryside, thanks to subsidies being given to farmers for foodstuffs we do not want".

Whilst Mr Maslen's corollary of a disturbance "for a very few hours per year" is valid, a more prevalent and annoying nuisance than night farming is the use of the automatic explosive gas gun aimed at preventing birds attacking crops. The resultant detonations from dawn to dusk over periods of approximately three weeks total many thousands and with two or three guns in operation the intervals between explosions are often reduced to seconds.

If such devices were effective the

community generally would be more inclined to agree with Mr Maslen's comment that "such spells of seasonal disturbances are an essential accompaniment of the peace and beauty which reigns during the rest of the year".

Sadly, however, this is not the case, as these contrivances hold no fear for our feathered friends, who ignore the blasts. The more timid can be observed rising a few feet into the air with each explosion and dropping back down to resume their feeding.

Surely in this day and age of advanced scientific research and high technology the National Farmers' Union is able to help devise an economical and effective deterrent to aid troubled members protect their crops.

I am, Sir, yours truly, W. JOHN PARKMAN, Hyde Orchard, Weston-under-Penyard, Ross-on-Wye, Herefordshire, July 27.

Yet he has removed the traffic commissioner function from London Transport so they will no longer be able to veto competition to themselves. Presumably the new traffic commissioner will be given the task of encouraging alternative private forms of transport.

Where the White Paper is weak is on the crucially important integration of British Rail commuter services with those of London Transport. Mr King's liaison committee sounds a vague way to achieve this. If it is too complicated at this time to transfer responsibility for the BR commuter services to the new London Regional Transport company, then a statutory public transport operator partnership should be set up to ensure that wasteful duplication of services is avoided and that fares and ticketing are integrated.

London's ratepayers should also be under no delusions that transfer of London Transport from the GLC to the Government will mean that their rate bills will be reduced. Unfortunately, the White Paper indicates that the Treasury will recoup its subsidy to London Transport by lowering the rate-support grant paid to London's boroughs.

A SPECIAL REPORT

Arab aviation



Business as usual for the airline which lived to fly again another day. Right: a Middle East Airlines' Boeing 707 taking off from its Beirut base. Left: the burned-out wreckage of another MEA Boeing - one of 16 destroyed at Beirut over the past seven years.

Front line airport

Robert Fisk reports first-hand on the airline which war could not ground

Middle East Airlines seems to treat shellfire like occasional showers of rain. When Beirut Airport comes under artillery or missile attack - as it did again last month - the runways are temporarily closed, the airport staff take shelter in the terminals and watch to see whether their rather elderly Boeing 707s and 720s escape shrapnel. Incredibly, they usually do.

If this is "business as usual", the mentality is sometimes taken to extreme lengths. I recall flying into Beirut during the civil war in 1976 on an MEA flight from Amman. There were only five passengers on the Boeing 707 and the in-flight catering facilities had long ago been suspended because of the fighting in Beirut. As a substitute, the stewardess presented me before landing with a large bottle of whisky. "Compliments of MEA", she said with a smile. "You're going to need it". She was right. Shells started landing round the airport while I was clearing immigration and there was a corpse lying spreadeagled on the pavement beside the airport car park. Welcome to Lebanon.

MEA crews can entertain you with a library of hair-raising stories, of planes taking off under rocket fire and of landing in Europe with bullet holes in the tail. The company likes to talk about the loyalty of its staff and it is true that you could fly on an MEA plane at the most terrible moments of Lebanon's long war and find a crew of Christian Maronites, Sunni and Shia Muslims, Druzes and Armenians all working happily together.

It is also true that MEA is one of the few industries in Lebanon that has provided permanent employment in times of war.

In 1981 alone, MEA reported a loss of more than £10m and expressed the hope of better days to come. A year later, however, Israel's invasion of Lebanon had turned the airport into a front line. The sight of two MEA Boeings burning on the tarmac was one of the war's most depressing symbols for the airline staff. When the airport reopened in the autumn, President Amin Gemayel greeted the first jet to land: the airline

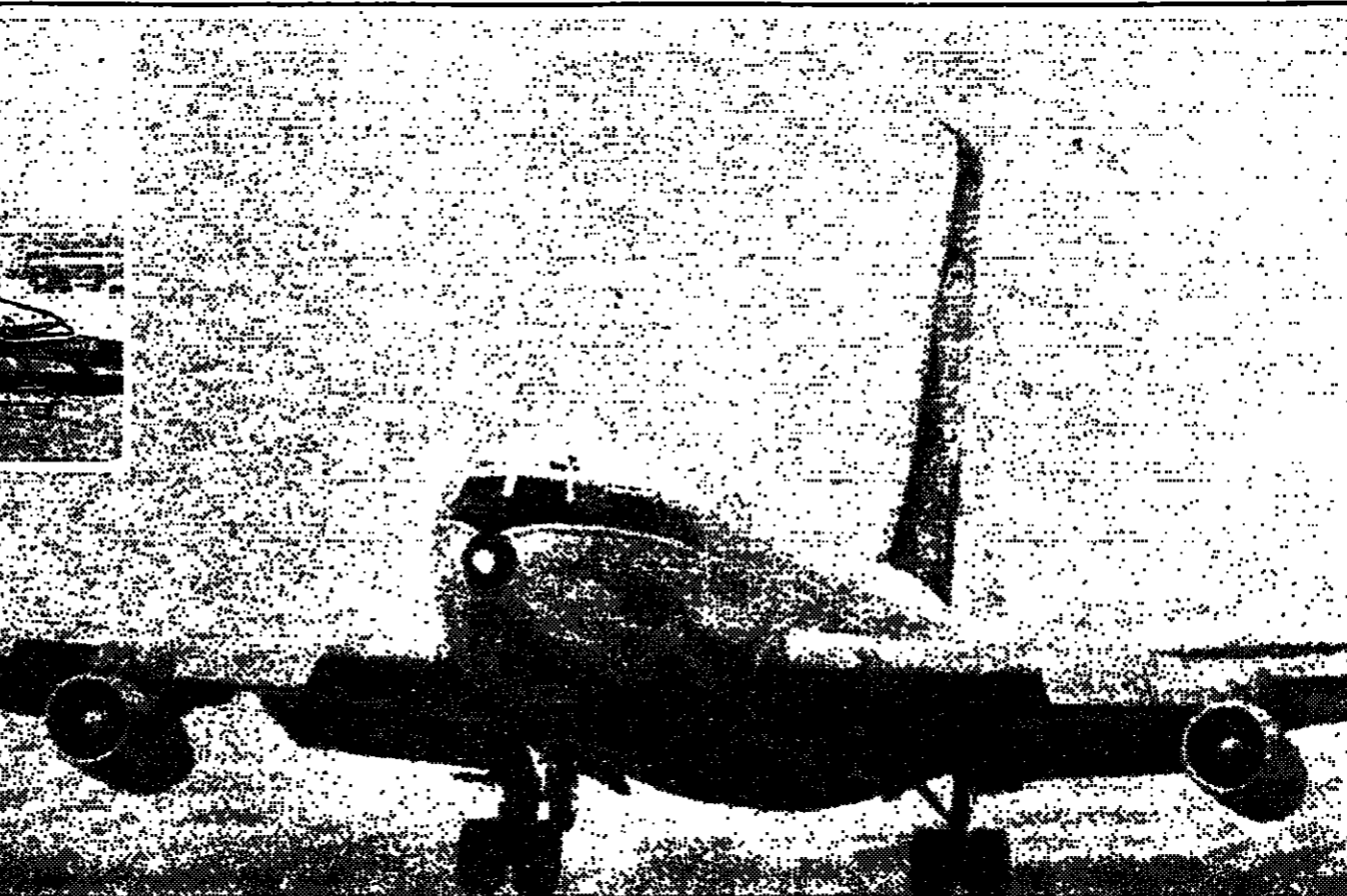
has become intimately bound up with the country's regular recoveries of self-confidence.

Some of the planes are beginning to look rather old and the company's much publicized decision to acquire the A310 Airbus has yet to be fulfilled. Three 747s run MEA's new route to New York but the planes are white elephants. Not long ago, the company was flying them out on the short-haul Cairo route so that they could refuel in Egypt where fuel costs are lower than Lebanon.

But there is not much that MEA cannot do for its passengers. The wine is free in all classes and friendly station managers often upgrade regular travellers from economy to first class. Never ask why journalists prefer the airline. After risking their lives to film the hotel battles in 1976, one American television crew was so desperate to get their material out of Lebanon that they asked MEA for an entire airliner. They got a 747, fully crewed, in just under half an hour. The cost was catastrophic: so was the film, after technicians in London accidentally developed it in the wrong chemical and destroyed every frame.

The airline lost one plane over Saudi Arabia in 1976 - apparently blown up by a bomb - that killed more than 80 passengers and crew. Staff have died in Lebanon's series of wars-over the past eight years: gunmen took two of them from the airport and murdered them in 1976; a stewardess was killed by a shell as she waited to leave for a flight the same year. A pilot lost a leg while fighting in the Phalangist militia.

But MEA can probably survive anything these days. Its new executive office building at Beirut airport contains four floors above ground and four below. The company's vice president, who says the underground accommodation was built purely because of height restrictions, believes he can shelter, feed and provide beds for 2,000 people to live beneath the earth for three months at a time. It may be a pessimistic way of planning for the future but MEA has a habit of living to fly again another day.



The barrier to an airline dream

Despite the worldwide recession, and regional economic stresses produced by the Iraq-Iran war, the invasion of Lebanon, and a sharp fall in the production and price of oil, the Arab nations are still enthusiastic about aviation, both civil and military.

The vestiges of the Middle East, its inhospitable terrain, and the lack of surface links, mean that people and goods must fly in support of the ambitious modernization programmes embarked on in the last decade. In the middle 1970s, the 17 Arab airlines carried only 11 1/2 per cent of the world's traffic, but the figure has risen to around 7 per cent and the trend shows no sign of halting.

All of the big aircraft manufacturers see the Arab airline world as one of their most promising markets during the rest of this decade, and according to McDonnell Douglas figures, traffic between Europe and the Middle East will grow by an average of 7 per cent a year between now and 1990,

and traffic within the Middle East by 10.3 per cent annually during the same period.

Between them, the Arab airlines have about 300 jet airliners, more and more of them wide-bodied, and they carry 25 million passengers and more than 30,000 tonnes of freight a year to earn £4,300m. They have, however, a long way to go before they can capitalize fully on the key geographical position of their region in the world's air network. At present, an inordinately large proportion of the traffic to and through the region is carried by non-Arab airlines, and the Arab airlines themselves are in intense and wasteful competition with each other, particularly on routes to North America and the Far East.

The dream of an Arab regional airline along the lines of Scandinavian Airlines System, which incorporates Sweden, Norway and Denmark, or Air Afrique, which draws together nine states in Africa, with engineering carried out jointly, in the manner of the

European KSSU and ATLAS groups, has long been pursued by a few of the more far-sighted leaders, but has failed to materialize mainly because of the strength of nationalism in the area.

The idealists want to see routes between the countries of the various members of the Arab Air Carriers Organization (AACO) designated as domestic services within the bilateral agreements. But little has been accomplished in this area, also because of nationalism. Some progress towards unification is being made, however, notably in the stamping out of fare and cargo rate discounting among AACO members (and in the launching of a joint attack on this practice against foreign carriers flying through the region) and in the maintenance of some aircraft.

Through the Arab Technical Consortium, Middle East Airlines is to carry out all 747 overhauls; Kuwait Airways will work on all European Airbus A310s; and Saudia will look after all TriStars. An effort is to

be made to establish training standards among AACO members in the major technical disciplines, and to standardize pilot-training courses. But a plan for a central training academy has been dropped as being too unwieldy, and another for a central, computer-based reservations system is considered unworkable because of the disparate nature of the AACO airlines, and the differing nature of their operations.

Considering that many of them started only after the Second World War, and then relied heavily for several decades on expatriate expertise for the running of their corporate and day-to-day operations, the Arab airlines have done well to reach the point at which they stand today. The 1970s saw them indulging in an enormous spending boom on new planes, and the technology with which to back them up: the computers, the flight simulators, engineering workshops, and training schools.

Almost without exception,

they relied heavily on government resources culled from the petroleum bonanza to carry them through this period. It is doubtful whether, by the hard accounting criteria applied to European and US airlines, many of them are profitable, but then most are expected by their governments to operate certain services at highly-un-economic fares, particularly at the time of the Haj, when whole populations flock to the holy cities of Mecca and Medina.

The goal of the Arab airlines continues to be "Arabization", but the day when they can dispense with all expatriates and run their own companies with locally produced technical talent still appears to be a long way off and was put back further by the big expansion of the 1970s.

One estimate is that despite intensive training schemes, today almost 50 per cent of pilots within the Arab airlines, and 35 per cent of engineers are expatriates. Apart from national pride, there is a strong incentive to replace expatriates with locals on financial grounds, as it is reckoned that it costs five times as much to employ an outside pilot as it does an Arab.

In the defence sector, spending on military aviation and its associated hardware continues at a high rate among the Arab nations as they attempt to modernize their often-outdated inventories against an unsettled political background.

Aircraft, missiles, and systems, continue to be bought from the Eastern bloc, particularly by Libya, Iraq, and Syria. Purchases from the West, especially the US, Britain and France, range from the small and very simple (Bahrain's defence force consists of just five helicopters and six fighters) to the large and highly-sophisticated.

The regional leader in this latter category is Saudi Arabia which has invested, and continues to invest, thousands of millions of pounds in equipping the Royal Saudi Air Force with the sort of weaponry and back-up systems which the air forces of many Western countries would envy. Arabization in this sector has a low priority, and the Saudis have long-term contracts covering maintenance, support and training with a number of aerospace manufacturers from the West, among them Northrop and McDonnell Douglas of the US, and British Aerospace.

The jewel in the crown of the Saudi military aviation inventory is undoubtedly a fleet of

Continued on page 14

Our Golden Falcon Service means a traditional Arab welcome. At 35,000 feet.



Dates from Oman.
Delicately flavoured Arabic coffee served from traditional brass pots.
A still-steaming, hot perfumed towel to revive and refresh you.

This is how we welcome you when you fly First Class on one of our luxurious Golden Falcon TriStars.
As our honoured guest you'll find our hospitality has no bounds.

We seat you in the utmost comfort.
All refreshments and entertainments are, of course, free.

And when you feast with us it is to a standard honoured by the world's most exclusive gastronomic society - La Chaîne des Rôtisseurs.
Gulf Air's Golden Falcon Service.

Twenty one flights a week from London to the Gulf.

Daily to Bahrain at 10.00.
Daily to Dubai at 10.00.
Daily to Doha, Abu Dhabi and Muscat.
Twice daily from London to the Gulf.

And remember, as well as flying Gulf you can stay Gulf - at our luxurious hotels in Bahrain, Doha and Muscat.

For more information contact your travel agent or Gulf Air, 73 Piccadilly, London W1V 9HF. Telephone: London 01-409 1951. Manchester 061-832 9677/8. Birmingham 021-632 5931. Glasgow 041-248 6381. Or key Prestel 223913.

طيران الخليج

GULF AIR

Spread your wings

ABU DHABI AMMAN ATHENS BAHRAIN BANGKOK BEIRUT BOMBAY
CAIRO COLOMBO DELHI DHAKA DUBAI HONG KONG
JEDDAH KARACHI KUWAIT LABANACA LONDON MANILA MUSCAT
PARIS RAS ALKHAYMA SALAH SHAHIAH TUNIS

THE CARRIERS

A match now for any competitor

From being a disparate group of companies content to go their own ways only a decade ago, the Arab airlines are now gradually becoming a coherent force with a growing voice in the councils of world-wide bodies such as the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) and the International Air Transport Association (IATA).

Through the introduction of fleets of modern jet airliners, by replacing their reliance on western airlines' computers with their own systems, and with the building and equipping of new high-tech maintenance bases, the airlines of the region can today match most of their competitors in their flight operations.

But commercial success is inhibited by the tight control exercised by their governments, particularly in fares. Recently, the airlines decided through their own association to raise fares by 3 per cent but were told by the Arab Civil Aviation Council, composed of directors of civil aviation in the Arab world, that they were to be frozen.

Most of the airlines won that particular battle after explaining to their respective governments the economic need for an increase, but there are many other cases where commercial

common sense is overruled by national whim. Governments of some Arab countries have given traffic rights to foreign airlines with no consideration to the negotiation of reciprocal rights. Arab airlines have also been critical of their governments for not giving them sufficient support at political level when they have tried to break into new markets abroad.

Where they have control over their own affairs, the Arab airlines are now producing levels of agreement which would have been unusual only a few years ago. They claim, for example, that the fight against discounting fares within their own ranks is now being seriously joined.

The fastest-growing airline in the Arab world has been Saudia, the Saudi Arabian national carrier. At the most recent count it had 22,500 employees and a fleet which included 11 Boeing 747s, 17 Lockheed TriStars, 19 Boeing 737s, nine McDonnell Douglas DC8s, an assortment of smaller executive aircraft, and 11 of the latest version of the 300-seat European A300 Airbus, the series 600, on order.

Saudia is a classic example of the rapid progress which has been made by so many Arab airlines since the end of the

Second World War, having been established in 1945 with one DC3 Dakota, presented by the United States.

Middle East Airlines illustrates the flexible nature of the Arab world operators in an area where communications have been frequently disrupted by wars and political crises. Based in Beirut, MEA has lost a number of its aircraft on at least three occasions in the past 10

years because of fighting. The worst occasion was last summer, when Israelis and Palestinians fought pitched battles around Beirut airport.

It then lost buildings and equipment as well as aircraft, but as in previous crises, it continued operating some services from a base abroad. Flights out of Beirut resumed almost as soon as the fighting ended, and the airline now lists

a staff of 5,400 and a fleet consisting of two 747s, 18 707s, and five Airbus A310s on order.

Gulf Air is a successful example of the regionalism for which many of the Arab carriers have strived but which has proved elusive. The joint airline of Bahrain, Oman, Qatar and the United Arab Emirates - it was established in its present form in 1971 - after a long association with BOAC. Its

main operating base is Bahrain international airport. It has 3,000 employees and its fleet includes a 747, eight TriStars, and nine 737s.

A further example of successful cooperation was the agreement between Alia - Royal Jordanian Airlines and Syrianair to operate a joint service between the Middle East and New York. Syrianair, with 2,800 employees, operates two

747s, three 727s, and a number of Soviet-made aircraft, while Alia, with 4,900 staff, has three 747s, five TriStars, a 707, and six 727s.

Relations within AACO are complicated by the fact that some members are large, international airlines while others are small domestic companies (Egyptair, one of the largest, remains suspended from AACO because of the Camp David agreement, so lessening the scope for technical collaboration).

One area in which the AACO airlines would like to see improvement is air traffic control. A regional air traffic conference is now being ar-

With their modern fleets and sophisticated service, the airlines of the Arab world can compete today with their western rivals. Left: One of Alia's five new TriStar-500s, and old-fashioned, oriental courtesy at 40,000 feet.

anged - there has not been one since the mid-1960s - but hopes that airlines will be able to fly more direct and economical courses must remain slim until the entire region becomes less politically volatile.

Arthur Reed

Arabian Aircraft Services Co. Ltd.

ARABASCO offers jet-age facilities to general aviation aircraft in Jeddah



Stop in Jeddah, and ARABASCO has a wide range of general aviation facilities to welcome aircraft and those on board.

A stopover will be as care-free as the ones you are accustomed to in other established general aviation airports. The equipment is the latest, the expertise the best aviation industry can offer, the facilities, brand-new.

Aircraft are checked by engineers and technicians who have broadened their experience over many years, on different aircraft, in many airports around the world.

Facilities for passengers and crew aim at comfort and convenience whether, in the form of refreshments or in the shape of timely checkouts at the immigration counter, catering for outward bound flights or arranging limousines for incoming VIPs.

You can depend on ARABASCO - a team of experts from the world's most experienced airports.

- ARABASCO will provide service 24 hours per day, 7 days per week.
- VHF Communications at ARABASCO for air to ground arrival and departure information.
- "Follow me" truck to lead Aircraft to ARABASCO parking apron.
- Personnel to handle and transport passenger baggage.
- Bus, Cadillac and Buicks for passenger and flight crew transportation to ARABASCO for Custom and Security.
- Aircraft Service and Maintenance. Approved Repairs Station Mo-005 Air Frame Power Plants Radio Accessory Instrument Specialised Service

• Food service catering will be provided, however advance notice is required for selection.

• Comfortable VIP waiting rooms are available in the ARABASCO Terminal with refreshments

• Flight crew facility for flight planning and crew waiting room is provided.

• Flight dispatchers will be on duty 24 hours per day with current flight planning and weather information.

ARABASCO



P.O. Box: 9094, Jeddah, Saudi Arabia
Telephone No. 685-5350. Telex: 404119 ASCO SJ.
Facsimile 685-5374. King Abdulaziz International Airport.

AIRPORTS

A terminal fit for a king

The Middle East has long been one of the great aviation staging points at which airlines refuelled their aircraft and refreshed their passengers on the long routes between Europe and the Far East and Australasia. But most of its airports verged on the primitive, by Western standards, until the petrodollar boom of the early 1970s.

Since then there has been a vast expenditure on airports in the Arab world, both in updating existing facilities, and in constructing new ones on desert sites. What was primitive has, in many cases, become grandiose, and levels of traffic which will not be attained for generations have been handled.

Designing, managing, building, and equipping these airports has necessitated a huge influx of experience from outside. Britain, the United States, France and West Germany are prominent among countries which have supplied technical and commercial experts, while the labour to build the runways, passenger terminals and other buildings, and to lay the roads connecting the airports with the cities they serve, has also been flown in from abroad, most notably from the Far East and Pakistan.

Bahrain, one of the airports heavily used in transit by non-Arab airlines and an important centre for the Arab airlines (which between them carry over 2.5 million passengers a year) has gained a reputation for being one of the most modern and efficient airports in the Middle East.

Seeb and Salalah, the two principal airports in Oman, are being enlarged and updated, and Cairo International has been extended to deal with up to five million passengers a year. Abu Dhabi, another important staging point for long-distance travel, has a new airport designed to handle three million passengers a year at first, and 10 million by the turn of the century. The old airport in Abu Dhabi has undergone extensive modernization.

Dubai plans to double the size of its international airport, with a new arrival terminal costing £250m. Sharjah's new airport, costing £330m, has been largely designed by the ruler Sheikh Sultan.

Kuwait has a new three storey terminal building designed to handle 2.2m passengers a year, and plans for a second terminal are in hand. The recently built Queen Alia International Airport, Jordan, will have a capacity for 2.5m passengers annually by the middle 1980s, and for up to eight million by the end of this century.

The "showcase" development of the area is the King Abdulaziz International Airport at Jeddah, Saudi Arabia, although the recently-completed King Khalid International Airport at Riyadh, in the same kingdom is vying with it. A third big new airport, serving the eastern province of Saudi Arabia, is due to open near

Dammam and Dhahran in the late 1980s.

The King Abdulaziz took six years from 1976 to build. The old Jeddah airport was not only outdated but was being rapidly encroached upon by urban development. Its successor is 15 miles from the centre of the city, with which it is linked by new motorway, and stands on a desert site covering 40.5 square miles. At the peak of construction, 11,000 workers from 35 countries were employed on the site. They laid two main runways, one of 12,450ft, the other 10,890ft, and erected four terminals - (one for use by Saudia, the national airline, another by foreign airlines), another for Haj passengers, and lastly a private one for the Saudi royal family and their guests.

Other buildings included maintenance hangars, and air-cargo terminal, a food service centre, control tower, and a desalination plant for processing water from the Red Sea near by. A nursery was established to produce 15,000 plants each year as part of a soil-stabilization programme. More than 70,000 trees and plants have already been planted.

One of the biggest buildings can hold 50,000 pilgrims at one time under its fibreglass roof

The Saudis consider it their duty as Muslims to help pilgrims making the Haj, and to this end the Haj terminal at the King Abdulaziz is one of the biggest buildings in the world. It can accommodate up to 50,000 pilgrims at one time under its roof, which is made of fibreglass, and gives the impression of a series of desert tents.

The royal terminal is also an example of striking design. Its roof is covered with copper, and its exterior walls faced with white marble from quarries in Greece. Internally, its halls are magnificently furnished, the main feature being a reception pavilion accommodating 300. Other facilities include conference rooms, a press room, and a medical suite. Outside there is a parade ground where guards of honour receive distinguished guests. The whole terminal stands in an oasis-like setting, with palm trees and pools.

Operational testing of Riyadh's King Khaled airport, is to begin this month and the opening is planned for November. A workforce of 9,000 is being assembled. Like its counterpart at Jeddah, the King Khaled has been built in the desert to replace an old airport close to the city. It has four terminals, a royal pavilion, two runways, under-cover parking for 7,700 cars, and a community project where most of its workers will live, including four schools, commercial, medical, and government offices, a mosque, and recreational facilities.

AR

ARAB AVIATION

THE PILGRIMAGE

Flying in the faithful

Jeddah's \$1,500m King Abdulaziz airport was hailed as the world's largest when it opened in January 1981. It is a distinction it will lose when Riyadh's new international airport, even larger in area, opens in October.

More significant than the size of Jeddah's airport is its architecturally astonishing Haj terminal. For Jeddah is the principal entry point for millions of Muslim pilgrims who make their way each year to Mecca, 45 miles to the east.

The number of Haj visitors has grown steadily since the advent of mass air transportation. In 1926, after Mecca was captured by Ibn Saud's forces, 100,000 pilgrims came to the city. Since then it has been the role of the ruling al-Saud dynasty to guard the holy places of Islam in the kingdom and accommodate Muslim pilgrims from all over the world.

In September the annual pilgrimage and what in effect is Saudi Arabia's annual tourism season will start again. It will be a busy time for airlines which

will bring the faithful from the Arab world, South-East Asia, the Indian sub-continent and other areas of Muslim population. The Saudi Arabian national airline, Saudia, will alone transport about 100,000 of the nearly two million visitors expected.

The special Haj terminal has been built to take the strain of this immense and sudden influx of visitors without disrupting normal airport activity. The terminal could be described as a massive transit lounge. Yet it is far more.

The US architects, Skidmore, Owings & Merrill were given a unique brief by the new airport's prime contractor, West Germany's Hochtief, to conceive a building able to accommodate such a surge of visitors for a limited period of the year. The result is an air-conditioned marble structure whose most striking feature is its roof sections in parasol shape somewhat similar to beduin tents.

The roofs are made of Teflon-

coated glass fibre developed by Owens Corning. The Teflon is designed to keep out moisture and extend the life of the parasols.

The roofs allow in light but deflect the desert's heat. Inside the structure the effect is almost one of looking at a very amicable sky. Air is circulated at 20 miles an hour through the open sided terminal and through the circular openings of the roofs.

The terminal comprises two units, linked by a landscaped mall. There are 20 passenger gates. Arriving pilgrims are processed through immigration, customs and baggage collection before moving into the main area.

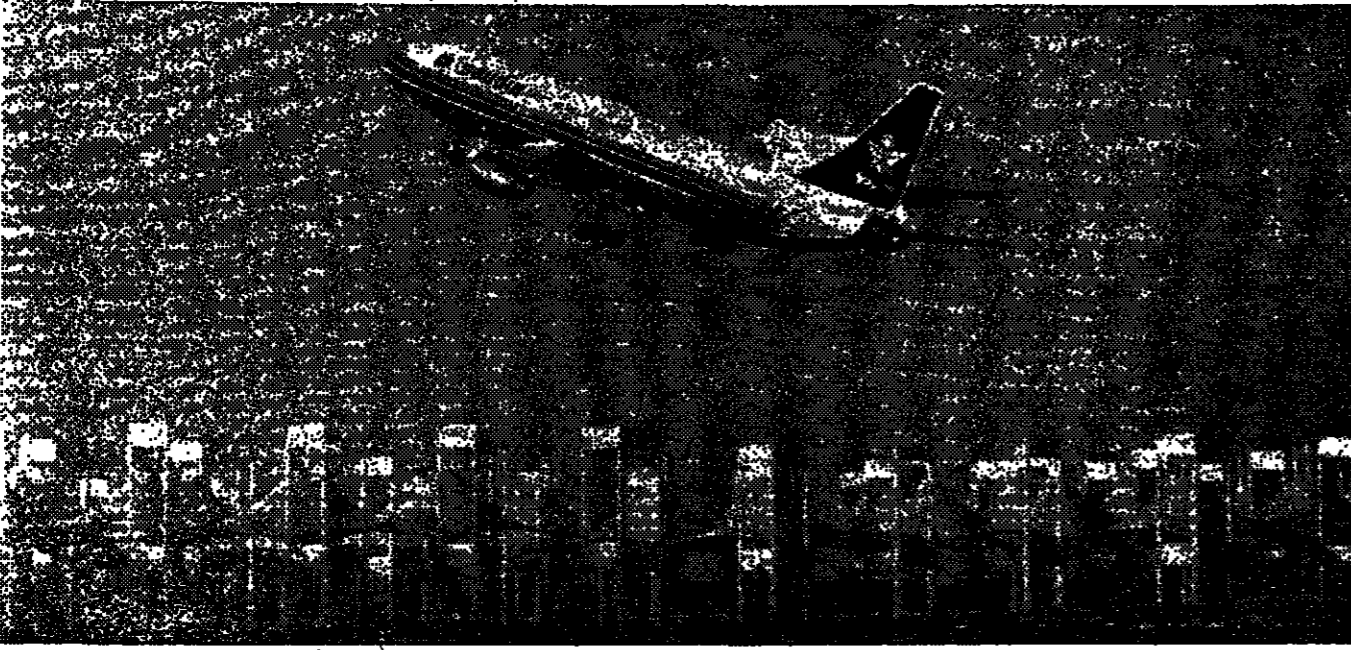
The terminal and its supporting communications and power infrastructure is designed to handle 5,000 passengers an hour. Original plans estimated that between 80,000 and 100,000 people during the Haj would stay in the terminal area for 24 hours or more.

The design allows for sleeping and rest areas, mosques, restaurants, souks and banks as well as information offices over a 105 acre complex which is a self contained area within Jeddah airport.

The fact that the Haj terminal is used for little more than six weeks of the year by any volume of passengers is of little consequence to the Saudi authorities who wish to show their commitment to the kingdom's role as guardian of the holy places and also demonstrate hospitality to pilgrims whose journey to Mecca is the greatest spiritual experience of their lives.

The Haj terminal though based on high technology developed in the non-Muslim world nevertheless reflects a tranquil splendour that people of all denominations could agree is a suitable venue from which to begin, or end, such a memorable journey.

Robert Bailey
Middle East Economic Digest



Flying over the 'tents': the new Haj terminal at Jeddah airport was inspired by the concept of a beduin encampment.

Around 100 students, teachers, lecturers and social workers will be taking a package holiday in Iraq this year costing \$560 which includes a flight to Amman in Jordan, and then overland through Syria and Turkey to Iraq.

Perhaps better known for its war-stricken deserts than for its beaches, Iraq's attractions lie in its ancient historical centres like Hira City, Nineveh and Babylon.

A travel agent's eyes may not sparkle when holidays to the

TOURISM
Five star travel

Gulf are mentioned yet it is an area that many feel has potential. Gulf Air in a recent study on aviation in the area estimated that passenger traffic to and from the Gulf will grow by 7.9 per cent annually between 1983 and 1990, partly because of tourism. The area is rich in historical interest and

not offer the range of promotional fares necessary for reasonably priced holidays.

Airlines, however, are quick to retort that if they were approached with guaranteed seat requests of about 500 a season they would be willing to introduce such schemes. A spokesman for British Airways said that most of the travellers to the region are business travellers and they do not require such a fare spread.

Continued on page 14

MEA. THE AIRLINE WITH A REPUTATION FOR GOOD SERVICE



Fly with us and you'll soon see why MEA is so well regarded by both travellers and other airlines.

We allow no room for compromise. Courteous staff, superb in-flight service with good food and drink, help and advice at every destination — they're the hallmark of MEA. And we're equally well-known for the care and attention we give our aircraft: the MEA engineering base is one of the finest in the world.

With 36 years experience behind us we are always seeking ways to make our service even more attractive. With new wide-bodied aircraft on order and more routes planned we have good reason to face the future with confidence.

For more information talk to your IATA agent or nearest MEA office.

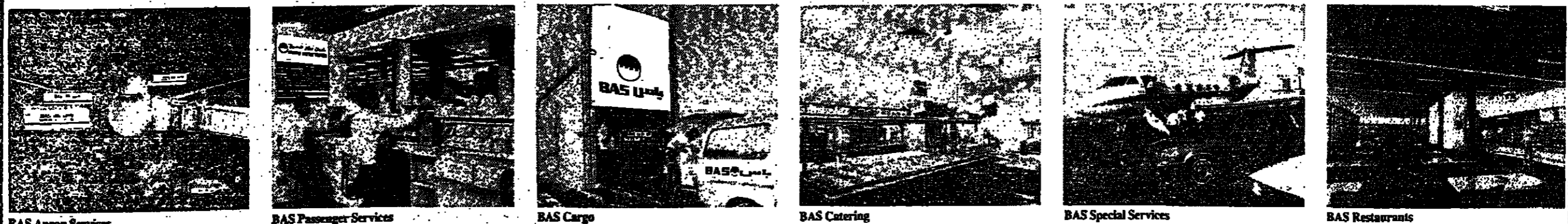


Five star travel

Gulf are mentioned yet it is an area that many feel has potential. Gulf Air in a recent study on aviation in the area estimated that passenger traffic to and from the Gulf will grow by 7.9 per cent annually between 1983 and 1990, partly because of tourism. The area is rich in historical interest and

not offer the range of promotional fares necessary for reasonably priced holidays. Airlines, however, are quick to retort that if they were approached with guaranteed seat requests of about 500 a season they would be willing to introduce such schemes. A spokesman for British Airways said that most of the travellers to the region are business travellers and they do not require such a fare spread.

Continued on page 14



BAS Apron Services **BAS Passenger Services** **BAS Cargo** **BAS Catering** **BAS Special Services** **BAS Restaurants**

"Ladies and gentlemen, you'll shortly be arriving at Bahrain International Airport". A reassuring announcement indeed. Little wonder that Bahrain Airport Services handles 36,000 aircraft movements annually with quiet efficiency.

Over the last 50 years Bahrain airport has become famous as the gateway to the Gulf. The 'halfway house' between East and West. It houses the Air Traffic Control Centre for the Gulf, making it the pivot of communication within the region.

BAS Catering prepares over 8500 meals daily for 14 airlines. We are the appointed kitchen for Cathay Pacific and Gulf Air — both awarded the prestigious "Chaine de Rotisseurs" citation for inflight cuisine.

Over 3 million passengers pass through Bahrain airport every year. For them we have a range of services that make transfers and transits smooth and delay-free. These include computerized passenger handling and load control, 1st Class lounge, express check-ins, and licensed restaurants.

When it comes to cargo handling, reliability is the watch word at Bahrain airport. A specialised refrigerated container facility keeps over 4 1/2 million kgs of perishables in original condition, every year. Good reason why reputed consolidators have appointed us as their break bulk agents.

Ramp and engineering services at BAS can handle any kind of aircraft from a Beechcraft to the mighty 747 — even the supersonic Concorde. Accurate flight planning and operations control services ensure timely arrivals and departures. For example, in 1982, Qantas and BAS recorded 98% on time within 3 minutes of STD. We look after crew too, making their slip as efficient as can be.

For executives on the move we mean business. We'll arrange VIP greetings and offer personalised attention to help you save precious time. Even obliging with special requests.

Together these services contribute to making Bahrain airport famous as the meeting place for world leaders. And BAS is at the heart of this success.



Air India, Air Lanka, ALIA - Royal Jordanian Airlines, British Airways, Cargolux, Cathay Pacific, Cyprus Airways, Egypt Air, Flying Tigers, Gulf Air, KLM - Royal Dutch Airlines, Korean Air Lines, Kuwait Airways, Martin Air, Middle East Airlines, Pakistan International Airlines, Philippine Airlines, Qantas, Saudia, Singapore Airlines, Syrian Arab Airlines, Trans-Mediterranean Airways, UTA - French Airlines, Yemenia.

The ways businessmen have come to Jordan have changed in 2,000 years. The reasons why haven't.



From as early as the Bronze Age, Jordan has been a crossroads of the world. Millennia ago, businessmen traveled by caravan to trade in the sands of Amman. Today, their descendants do. To trade in letters of credit and bankers' acceptances, semi-conductors and textiles, petroleum and phosphates. And they travel in greater speed and comfort. On Alia, the progressive airline of Jordan. Also close are other businessmen on the old advantage that serves precious hours: our country's strategic location. West Brussels and Amsterdam are to Europe. Amman is to the Gulf and Middle East. A crossroads where 14 major cities are within a couple of hours flying time. And where connecting flights depart within two hours. What's more, Alia's schedule is designed specifically for travelers to the Middle East and the Gulf, not for travelers to Tokyo or Sydney. So we get to your destination at the most convenient time. You'd expect no less from a country with 2,000 years experience in catering to international businessmen.

Your best connection to the Middle East.

ECONOMICS

Pulling in the passengers

As the Middle East has grown in world economic importance so has the scope and scale of the region's airline operations. This can be seen in the now familiar sight of Arab wide-bodied jets at Heathrow and other major international airports.

There is, of course, an element of prestige involved but within countries of the area air travel tends to be a necessity rather than a luxury in order to connect cities and communities across often vast tracts of inhospitable terrain.

Inevitably a heavy element of subsidy is needed to provide such services. But the oil-boom years have provided the income to sustain the development of extensive internal, intra-regional and international networks.

The growth pattern in traffic that has been generated is in sharp contrast to the more dismal air transportation statistics from other parts of the world. While political instability, and a brake on spending as a result of the fall in oil prices, can be expected to slow the more ambitious plans of Arab airlines passenger trends are still optimistic. Recent International Air Transport Association figures show, for example, that Middle-East-Far East traffic increased 22 per cent last year which was the biggest jump recorded on any international route network. Planning for growth and keeping solvent when many of

the world's airlines, seem to lie on the brink of bankruptcy is not easy. Though most Arab airlines have remained relatively unscathed from a biting world recession none is immune from the economics of modern airline management.

There are 15 Arab airlines including Air Algerie, Alia, the Royal Jordanian Airline, South Yemen's Alyemda, Egyptair, Iraqi Airways, Gulf Air, Kuwait Airways, Royal Air Maroc, Libyan Arab Airlines, Middle East Airlines, Saudia, Sudan Airways, Syrian Arab Airlines, Tunis Air and North Yemen's Yemena. Together they operate some 264 jet aircraft and employ 100,000 people. In 1981 they are estimated to have carried 26 million passengers and 375,000 tons of cargo.

Most of the Arab airlines major growth has occurred in the last 10 years. Saudi Arabian Airlines has in that time become the 16th largest IATA member in terms of passengers carried - 10 million - in 1982 and tenth in terms of its fleet. From a post-war start with three DC3 (Dakota) aircraft, Saudia has become the biggest airline in the Middle East. Its present and planned fleet consists of 80 aircraft.

One aim of the present Saudi Arabian five-year development plan is said to be to achieve a financial balance in current domestic service operations. Two years ago internal fares were increased 70 per cent. It was the first increase in 10



The world's biggest annual airlift. Six of the two million Muslim pilgrims who travel to Mecca each year praying at Jeddah's £1,500m King Abdulaziz airport.

years. How long before another hike will be sanctioned remains to be seen.

Meanwhile Saudia is reportedly planning further investment in communications facilities, training and support services to help it remain viable in the more austere years ahead.

Saudia is responsible to its own national interest. Gulf Air on the other hand has to serve four states the UAE, Qatar, Bahrain and Oman. Nevertheless it is a successful airline second only to Saudia and in less than a decade its turnover has grown from \$8m to \$600m. Last year the airline carried two million passengers. Results have steadily improved following a decrease in employment of

expatriate flight crew. Some 99 of Gulf Air's pilots and first officers are now Arab as well as 90 per cent of station staff. Away from the Gulf, Lebanon's Middle East Airlines has no trouble finding local staff rather in generating enough business to support its 3,000 personnel. MEA, after Egyptair which was founded in 1932, is the second oldest airline in the region.

MEA is highly experienced, professional but more than others appreciates the need for regional cooperation on airline matters. At a conference of the Arab Air Carriers Organisation in March held in Abu Dhabi, the secretary-general, Salim Salam, who is also MEA's chairman, commented that Arab airlines could reduce their overheads by a regional division of labour. He envisaged Boeing 747's being serviced in Beirut, Airbus A310's in Kuwait, Lockheed TriStars in Saudi Arabia and avionics maintenance being carried out by MEA and Alia.

Apart from keeping flying one of the main challenges to profitable airline operations is what Salam and others chose to call "illegal discounting" on tickets of between 25-60 per cent. What is rarely explained is how such tickets can be sold at all if not provided by the airlines in the first place.

Not everybody wants to fly from Abu Dhabi to London via Sofia but it seems unlikely that airlines will be willing for any extended period to fly less than half full if seats can be filled at less than nominal price. Few passengers will complain but airline accountancy is thrown into chaos by discounting.

Arab airlines have reached an early maturity. But they face increasing costs for the purchase of a new generation of fuel-efficient aircraft and for Arabising workforces. In the next few years consolidation rather than prestige therefore is likely to be the keynote in planning procedures.

Robert Bailey

Five star travel

Continued from page 13

British Airways used to operate packages to Sharjah and Khor Fakkan through Sovereign holidays but gave up two years ago because the market was not ready for it and so BA now concentrates on Egypt which it says has been a great success.

British Caledonian and Hilton Hotels have teamed up to offer packages, but the numbers involved are only about 300 per year. Most leisure travel in the Gulf is intra-Gulf. Expatriates and locals flock to the pretty coastal areas such as Eid for long weekends and official holidays.

The days when travellers slept on hotel lobby floors have now been replaced by a surfeit of hotels in most Middle East countries. Nearly all the major hotel chains have over the last 10 to 15 years opened up properties in the areas main cities. The Hilton International started the trend with a 413-room hotel in Istanbul. The group now has 14 hotels in the region with more than 4,000 rooms. Since then Sheraton, Meridien, Ramada, Marriott, Intercontinental, Holiday Inn and Gulf Hotels have opened chains of hotels giving the Middle East well over 25,000 five-star hotel rooms.

The high quality of hotels also means that charges are high and so the possibilities of negotiating package holidays based on cheap accommodation suffers. The problem is made worse by what on travel company called "the vacuum" beneath the deluxe hotel range. However the existing hotels are quite prepared to offer group deals. Holiday Inn always have some sort of bargain weekend break organised for Arabs and westerners working in the country. Hilton also offer such breaks at their hotels in Fujairah and Al-Ain in the UAE.

While holiday-makers from the UK may be few, Austria and West Germany see the Gulf as a big market for winter breaks. German operators based in Munich carry about 4,000-6,000 passengers to Sharjah in a winter season using charters from Hapag Lloyd. From Austria two companies, Meridien and Neckermann Travel between them took about 2,000 in 1982/83 using Austrian Airline charters and charging about £650 for a week.

However one of the travel agents says that the numbers may diminish substantially this year because of scare stories in recent months about the oil slick in the Arabian Gulf.

For European airlines the Middle East has been an important market. In 1982 the

20 members of the Association of European Airlines reported a 5.2 per cent growth of passenger traffic on that sector. However little of this passenger traffic derives from holiday-makers. Organisers that operate to other parts of the Gulf and to some of the less well known parts of the Middle East are few and tend to run breaks for small groups who are more interested in "educational holidays" rather than escaping the winter rain and snow for a bit of desert basking.

Perhaps one of the most specialised of the tour operators is Serenissima Travel, the only tour operator to offer packages to Oman. Obtaining entry permits to Oman is extremely difficult and so the company can only take about 15 people at a time under the guidance of a British ex-ambassador's wife. The fact that there are no special fare structures to the country is reflected in the price of the holiday which, at just under £2,000, including 10 nights in some of Oman's finest hotels, makes it more of a tour than a package.

Another enterprising tour operator is Jasmin Tours which offers holidays to Jordan and hopes to take about 400 there this year. There are also plans to organise a Jordan/UAE joint package holiday in the coming winter season. The latter, made in conjunction with Alia, the Royal Jordanian Airline, would include five nights in Jordan and five nights in Sharjah for a package price of about £850. Jim Smith of Jasmin also offers holidays to Syria which he insists is one of the most relaxed places in the Middle East.

The scope exists for a growth of tourism to the Gulf, but as a spokesman for Dubai National Air Travel Agency (DNATA) asks: "Just how much tourism does the area want?" After all the Gulf countries do not need foreign currency for the time being. The countries are also very wary of becoming like Spain and Greece and open to the less desirable influences of the West. But on a small scale holidays even to places like Saudi Arabia to see oil wells and platforms could be of interest to some people. While the Airlines and the hotels can thrive on business travel they do not feel the need to encourage tourists. Until they do, holidaymakers to the Middle East will remain loyal to the travel agents' favourites Egypt, Tunisia and Morocco.

Toby Odone

Middle East Economic Digest

An airline dream

Continued from page 11

five Boeing E3A Sentry early-warning aircraft, and 60 McDonnell Douglas F-15 Eagle fighters.

When fully operational, this formidable combination will give the kingdom early-warning coverage of her northern borders for 24 hours a day, and fast-reaction capability against intruders. The F-15s are to have their range extended with the purchase of six Boeing 707 tankers, and through the addition of "fast pack" fuel tanks.

Even though the Syrian Air Force is heavily backed by the Soviet and other Eastern-bloc air forces, and is having aircraft

lost to the Israelis over Lebanon in 1982 replaced on a one-for-one basis, no other country in the Arab world is likely to approach the advanced nature of the inventory now being installed by the Saudis. But surveys indicate that all Arab air forces have a requirement for new equipment of some type, from transport aircraft to turbo-prop trainers, from radars to cannon shells, and as is the case in the civil sector, world aerospace sees the region as potentially one of its most lucrative markets during the remainder of the 1980s.

Arthur Reed

Advertisement for Saudia (Saudi Arabian Airlines). Features a large image of a Boeing 747 and the text: "Always strive for better ways to serve." and "747 and Tri-Star service on international routes. Welcome to our world." The Saudia logo and name are prominently displayed.

سكوا من الاصل

THE ARTS

Dennis Russell Davies's reputation stands high in Europe and his native America, but he has never conducted publicly in Britain: he makes his debut at tomorrow's Prom, in a programme including Henze as well as The Rite of Spring. Interview by Paul Griffiths

A happy gift for seizing chances

Davies: "I just like the music"



Musical success stories are normally quick to travel these days, but when Dennis Russell Davies arrives to conduct tomorrow's Prom he will be making his first public appearance in this country, despite the fact that he has been winning golden opinions for his work in concert halls and opera houses across his native America and continental Europe for well over a decade. Quite why he should not have conducted here before is a mystery, to him as much as to anyone else. And it seems all the stranger when so far his career has been blessed with lucky opportunities that, obviously, it has taken a more-than-ordinary talent to seize and vindicate so regularly. The luck began when he was a student at the Juilliard School in New York. "I had played some lives in a recital, and in the eyes of the administration that made me a modern music specialist. So, when Luciano Berio was forming the Juilliard Ensemble at the school in 1968, I was invited to be pianist and assistant conductor. I'd been studying both piano and conducting."

Juilliard Ensemble conducting became his main activity. "I'm a good pianist, but I realized that I would never make an international career as one. And also I like making music with a lot of other people." He is, indeed, a quiet man but a happily sociable musician. As music director of the Cabrillo Festival, taking place each August at Santa Cruz in California, he has brought about a cheerful meeting place for a personal choice of stars and music. Each year there is a composer-in-residence (Cage last year, Henze this), but the range is wide, from informal recitals to orchestral concerts to outdoor jamborees. It is, in Cage's coinage, a peculiarly "festivitous" festival. But Cabrillo is only a part of the Davies story, the summer holiday in a round of engagements that includes conducting American music with the American Composers Orchestra in New York, making guest appearances with orchestras ranging from the Ensemble InterContemporain to the Berlin Philharmonic, and fulfilling the duties of General Music Director in Stuttgart, a post he has held since 1980. Much of this work has come out of his years with the Juilliard Ensemble,

when through Berio he got to know most of the leading composers of that generation. Berio himself invited Davies to conduct his opera *Opera at Santa Fe* in 1970: "That was important. It was my first big conducting job, and also I met my wife." There was, too, the start of an association with Henze, who heard him conduct *Natascha Ungeheuer* with the Juilliard Ensemble. "He seemed pleased, and he said he'd like to work with me again. I didn't think anything of it, but about a year later he rang me and asked if I would conduct some new productions he was going to do in Germany. And that was how I came to Stuttgart. First we did Henze's *Boulevard Solitude*, then *We Come to the River*, and then *Die Zaubertöne*, still with Henze producing. That *Zaubertöne* was in 1978: Silvio Varviso was leaving and they asked me if I would take the job." Taking the Stuttgart post meant leaving his first regular position, with the St Paul Chamber Orchestra in Minnesota, where he had been music director since 1972. "That was - I think it still is - the only full-time professional chamber orchestra in the United States, and so I immediately advertised it as being the best. I didn't

want to do the sort of programmes that Neville Martinson had done so well with the orchestra, concentrating on seventeenth and eighteenth-century music. Instead I wanted to do a lot of modern music, but mixed with classical pieces. So we would have, say, the Carter Double Concerto with Schubert, and we worked a lot with composers there: Carter, Cage, Copland, Berio, Henze." Yet another fruitful working relationship was with Bruno Maderna. "I was close to Bruno towards the end of his life. In 1974 he was due to conduct *Pelléas et Mélisande* for the Netherlands Opera, and he asked me to be his assistant, with the understanding that I would do whatever he couldn't do. In the event he died a week before rehearsals, and so I took over. That was my first opera in Europe, and that was how I got to Bayreuth, because Harry Kupfer was in the audience, and he asked me if I would conduct the new production of *Flying Dutchman* he was going to do in 1978." Davies is happy to acknowledge how much he has owed to fortunate meetings like that: another admirer is Alfred Brendel, with whom he is due to perform all the Beethoven piano concertos in two concerts with the

Berlin Philharmonic in September. But, equally, musicians like Brendel and Henze do not give over their loyalties without reason. "Actually, if people ask me how I've managed to do so much, I usually say it's been through doing too much modern music. You know, in the early days I was always being advised that I shouldn't do too much modern music, that I would become stereotyped. But in fact most of the things I've done have come through working with composers and doing contemporary music." Nor is there any likelihood that that will stop. In Stuttgart next March Davies will be conducting the world premiere of Philip Glass's third opera, *Echternach*; meanwhile there will be more modern music with the BBC Symphony Orchestra in December. There is also his work with the American Composers Orchestra, attempting to correct the "appalling lack of knowledge among American conductors and American orchestras about American music". But it is not just missionary zeal that leads him to programme twentieth-century works so often: "I just like the music". One wishes that were not, coming from a conductor, such an extraordinary statement.

Aix Festival Crackling Mozart

This year's Festival of Aix-en-Provence has been turning into as much of a celebration of *Annee Racine* as of *Annee Rameau*. Three years before the composition of Rameau's *Hippolyte*, the 14-year-old Mozart had witnessed in Milan the premiere of his own Racine opera *Mitridate, re di Ponto*. And, just as that was to be his first major public test in the field of *opera seria*, so at Aix Mozart was put on trial once more in the first staging of the opera to be mounted in France. The first-night audience took the work to their hearts. Its success was due almost entirely to an exceptionally strong cast of young singers and to the vital musical direction of Theodor Guschlbauer (who gave Aix its *Flute* last year), conducting the Nouvel Orchestre Philharmonique de Radio-France, in a work notorious for arias written primarily to glorify the egos of specific singers, many a latent glory of *La clemenza* here or *Don Giovanni* there rose to the surface through the sheer dramatic intensity of projection, while the work's long and taxing recitatives were charged with a momentum which crackled between stage and pit. Within the ever-tightening love triangle of the princess Aspasia and the two rival brothers, Sifare and Farnace, Yvonne Kenny, from her first aria, "Al destin" through to her suicide aria "Fallo! ombra", fleshed out vocal virtuosity with a performance of emotional breadth. Both in her duets with Aspasia and in her exceptionally wide-ranging solos, Ashley Putnam brought virility and brilliance to the castrato part of Sifare, while Sandra Browne, lowering and menacing as Farnace, compensated for some weaknesses with a characterization of bold and perceptive urgency. Marvis Martin was a pliable, sweet-voiced Ismene and Joan Rodgers made a creditable trousers-role debut as Arbate; but it was Rockwell Blake, familiar from the Met, as a Mitridate of extraordinary physical and musical stature, who stole the show, hurling his athletic, heroic tenor (in its top register almost a *haute-contre*) into the leaps of "Tu che fedel" or moulding almost impercep-

Hilary Finch

Theatre Jauntily musical approach to Shaw

Bashville
Regent's Park
Finding several American companies doing brisk business with pirated adaptations of *Cashel Byron's Profession*, Shaw set down and wrote his own adaptation, *The Admirable Bashville*, in a week to preserve his stage copyright, choosing the "rigolette style" of blank verse because he could turn it out quicker than prose. The result was a spirited burlesque (much as Shaw insisted on billing it as his "celebrated drama in blank verse") whose main defect was its awkward playing length. Benny Green has now remedied that drawback, equipping it with numbers by himself and Denis King which bring it up to a full evening's entertainment. Whatever its future on other stages, this jaunty musical has found its right home in the Open Air Theatre. It has been proved over the years that the shows that thrive best at this address are those that defy the pastoral environment, and *Bashville* defies it with a vengeance. My heart began sinking during the opening scene in Wilton Park with Lydia (Christina Collier), its languishing owner, bewailing her solitary state to a sympathetic chorus of amplified bird-song. But once the pugilistic Byron pops up in the sylvan glade, combining courtship with press-ups and exchanging Shakespearean suits with his bottle-nosed

trainer, you know that everything is going to be all right. From that glorious opening improbability, David William's production hits a vein of total artificiality from which it never looks back. The action moves on to society comedy in Lydia's town house, with Tim Goodchild's ornate double doors opening straight on to the bushes; and thence to the scene of Byron's great fight in the Islington Agricultural Hall, with peary kings and tumbling girls in attendance, plus a blind lady in a wheelchair who arises and joins in the general scummage when the ring is invaded by a visiting party of Zulus dressed up to the nines for battle. To these Shavian effects, Green and King add a rousing set of pastiche Victorian musical numbers, accompanied by boisterous players in a fairy-tale bandstand, and moving Shaw's textual pillaging of Shakespeare to be fully compatible with the legacy of Marie Lloyd. Some of the numbers do no more than pad out the playing time; but Mr Green produces some lyrics that have the rhyming wit and street flavour of the Edgware Road, and there are some that really reinforce Shaw's point such as Byron's mock-tribute to the British class system, "A Gentleman's True to his Code", which brings in the whole under-stairs staff into a Belgravia cane-swinging routine. Peter Woodward's Byron has the great merit of projecting all the absurd heroics while also preserving Shaw's serious admiration for the fight game. The lecture-bout with Paradise (Vicenzo Nicolò) generates the same kind of excitement as Cyrano's ballade duel. Douglas Hodge's Bashville, the pugilist, earns his title reference

in spite of the smallness of the part. Ewart James Walter's Cetsuro also gets some serious debate across in spite of his leopard skins and spear-brandishing retinue. What might have turned out a very tired old joke proves to have a great deal of substance. As always with Shaw, you get more than you were expecting. **Irving Wardle**
Engaged
Arts
W. S. Gilbert's comedy was written in 1877, when *The Sorcerer* was going into production and the later Savoy operas were just a twinkle in their father's eye. Last seen in London at the National in 1975, it views the expressions of feeling round the Victorian marriage market with a cynicism that makes Bert Johnson and Wycherley seem full of the milk of human kindness. Mercilessly honest and extremely funny, it is a brave choice of play for a small new management. *Engaged* opens in the grounds of a Border cottage where brav Angus (Jack Soular) makes a wee honest living from his illicit whisky still, some poaching and a few sleepers laid across the main Glasgow railway line to dislodge delayed travellers for opportune and doubtless overpriced hospitality. Gilbert's well-to-do hero, Cheviot Hill ("I have heard of the Cheviot Hills somewhere", someone remarks) is a naughty boy who would not have lasted five minutes under the Mikado's anti-filth laws, but is

prepared to declare himself a young heiress's husband to protect her from an unwelcome suitor. Unhappily, if made in Scotland, Cheviot's declaration has the force of a law. His marriage to a total stranger, let alone the income of his friend Belvauney (Robert East) which depends on keeping him from either marrying or dying, is a question of where the border is drawn. Could you get more Gilbertian than that? Though modestly staged (surreal sets might have done better), Roland Oliver's production grasps the ironies. Paul Arlington, a born if unobvious farceur, brings a broad, abrasive style to Cheviot's multiple protestations of fidelity and parsimonious view of marriage as owning his wife's 17/6-a-yard wedding dress. Angela Chayne as the heiress Belinda is too twentieth-century but capitalizes on sentences like "Before I actually consent to take the irrevocable step that will place me on the pinnacle of my fondest hopes, you must give me some definite idea of your pecuniary position". Julie-Christian Young, more impressively, confronts life as Cheviot's other (possible) bride with rare but crushing glimpses of the iron hand in the lace glove and a formidable knowledge of the 1862 Companies Act. Even homely Maggie (Lindy Whiteford) and her mother (Greta Watson) advance on him with self-interest sauced to taste with sex-appeal and false modesty combined. *Engaged* gives no relief; but it uses the heartlessness of farce more expertly than most satirists have dared to. **Anthony Masters**

Promenade Concert

in the opening section, and discovered too a quite marvelous grating, scowling noise before unleashing more expected sorts of power in the main allegro. Possibly the giant was now overstretching himself, for there resulted a sound of escaping wind, like an eternal gasp, that covered much of the slow movement. Rightly Mr Preston realized that he could do nothing but continue peaceably as if nothing was happening, and the injury was somehow repaired in time for him to end the adagio on an unresolved chord sustained in a Messiaen-like image of infinity. After this the fugue theme of the finale came swaggering in toughly, ready to do business. And business it did, bringing the Sonata to its conclusion in another brave triumph that this time had no accidents. After the interval the BBC Symphony Orchestra assembled to play Beethoven's "Eroica" Symphony, a work well suited to stand by itself but perhaps not easy to come to cold. That

might excuse the want of solidity in this performance. Günther Herbig, the conductor, was beating out each bar very decisively but not looking much further into the future, so that phrasing was rarely other than blankly ordinary and the work's superb changes of rhythmic gear brought no lift. At the synopsations in the first movement or the dotted trot in the finale one ought to sense the heavens wheel, instead of which Mr Herbig generated only a mild feeling that something had changed. In terms of sonority, too, the performance lacked weight. Mr Herbig put much into the contrast between the strings and his enlarged wind band, but his staccatos were more snappish than massive, and generally the result was to accentuate what is most obvious in the score. It may be argued that the "Eroica" is a blatant work, but if so its bluntness ought to sound new, and not long endured. **Paul Griffiths**

Two of the operas at this year's Wexford Festival (October 20 to 31) date from the same decade as the Theatre Royal itself, which has always been the focal point of the festivities. They are Donizetti's *Linda di Chamounix* (1842), the first Donizetti work to be given at Wexford for 10 years, and Marschner's *Hans Heiling*. *Hans Heiling*, a work in the *Frauentheater* tradition, can be picked up from time to time there. The cast includes Sergei

RUNNERS
Special Invitation
VENICE FILM FESTIVAL 1993
Starring Jane Asher and James Fox
Directed by Charles Sturridge
Written by Stephen Poliakoff
Produced by Barry Hanson
CATE 3

ACADEMY ONE Oxford Street 437 2981
From the director of THE GERMAN SISTERS
MARGARETHE VON TROTTA'S FRIENDS AND HUSBANDS
"Schygulla and Winkler have never been better, and the feminist theme is developed with sympathy, intelligence and great artistry"
SUNDAY TELEGRAPH
"A pleasure to watch... The film attempts to air a complex emotional situation from a woman's point of view"
CITY LIMITS
"Excellent performances... A delicate and penetrating study of (platonic) love between women"
TIME OUT

COUNTRY LIFE
ON SALE NOW
Britain's Prospects for the Admiral's Cup
The chances of Victory '83 challenging the American defender are assessed by Michael Beaumont.
Golf-Course Nature Reserves
Arthur Gilpin's guide to the birds and mammals that may be seen on or around Britain's courses.
Demise of the Pastoral Dog is the border collie's future as a working dog threatened by its recognition as a pedigree breed? asks David Hancock.
Landscape and Masquerade
Nicholas Usherwood travels north to review the bicentennial exhibition of Capability Brown's landscapes, and Eileen Harris looks behind the masks at the Museum of London's Masquerade exhibition.

FOYLES ART GALLERY
MOVEMENT IN BRONZE
AN EXHIBITION OF BRONZE SCULPTURE BY JOHN MULVEY
10-6 daily until 17 August
115-119 Chancery Lane London WC2

GRAND PRIZE BEST PICTURE
BEST ACTRESS
BEST ACTOR
MAGNANIMA FILM FESTIVAL
Bold and subtle... Remarkable...
Exceptional... Magnificent...
Impressive...
ANOTHER TIME ANOTHER PLACE
CATE 3
031 5902 357 117

ENGLISH NATIONAL OPERA
ENO
LONDON COLISEUM
St. Martin's Lane WC2
Box Office 01-836 3161 CC 01-240 5258
NEW SEASON OPENS 15 AUGUST
Don Giovanni
Mozart
Cast inc. Richard Van Allan, Norman Bailey, Suzanne Murphy, Marie Skaroch, Adrian Martin, Patricia O'Neil, Rodney Macann, John Tranter
Conductor Peter Robinson, Producer Anthony Besch
"brilliant... one of London's theatrical treats"
Daily Express
Aug 15, 17, 19, 25, 27, 31, Sept 3, 8 at 7.00
Rigoletto
Verdi
1982 Award-Winning production
Cast inc. John Rowlley/Malcolm Donnelly, Arthur Davies, Helen Field, Sean Rao, Jason Rigby
Conductors Mark Elder (Aug), Noel Davies (Sept)
Producer Jonathan Miller
"the best musical in town"
Punch
Aug 18, 20, 26, Sept 1, 7, 10*, 13*, 16* at 7.30
Toussaint
David Blake
Cast inc. Neil Howlett, Anne-Marie Owens, John Gibbs, Eileen Hannan, Alan Ogie, Hilary Western, Richard Angus
Conductor Lionel Fisher, Producer David Pountney
"an absolutely stunning production"
The New York Times
Sept 6, 9, 14, 17, 23 at 7.00
Ariadne on Naxos
Richard Strauss
Cast inc. Janice Cairns, Jen Binkhof, Sally Burgess, Marilyn Hill Smith, Alan Ogie, Norman Bailey, Donald Sinden
Conductor Walter Weller, Producer Graham Vick
Sept 15, 22, 24, 28, 30, Oct 5 at 7.30
Rienzi
Wagner
Cast inc. Kenneth Woolam, Felicity Palmer, Kathryn Harries, Dennis Wicks, Malcolm Donnelly, Sean Rao
Conductor Herbert Esser, Producer Nicholas Hymner
Sept 29, Oct 1, 3, 7, 12, 14, 18, 21, 26, 28 at 7.00
The production is sponsored by **Barrett White Limited**
Orfeo
Monteverdi
Cast inc. Laurence Dale, Rosanne Cressfield, Marie Angel, Jennifer Smith, Nigel Robson, Richard Angus
Conductor Peter Robinson, Producer David Freeman
"an evening of revelation"
Observer
Oct 6, 13, 15, 17, 20, Nov 1, 4 at 7.30
The Valkyrie
Wagner
Cast inc. Linda Esther Gray, Josephine Bostow, Alberta Remedios, Anthony Roloff, Sarah Walker, Wilford White
Conductor Mark Elder, Producer David Pountney
Oct 22, 25, 29, Nov 2, 5, 9 at 5.30
The production is sponsored by **National Westminster Bank**
ALL OPERAS ARE SUNG IN ENGLISH.
English National Opera is funded by the Arts Council of Great Britain and the GTC
BOOKING NOW OPEN
Bookings 01-836 3161
Box Office 01-836 3161
CC 01-240 5258

MARKET REPORT by Michael Clark

Bid talk lifts UBM Group

Talk of a bid of 110p a share sent shares of builders' merchant UBM Group racing away to equal the year's high of 93p yesterday.

At this level, the group is valued at nearly £55m with the glass manufacturer Pilkington Bros strongly tipped as the most likely predator.

There was certainly evidence last night to suggest that most of yesterday's support originated from overseas.

Shares of East London textile group, Inter-City Investments, rose 1p to a new high of 72p yesterday amid rumours in the market that a favourable announcement will be made on Friday.

Over the Unlisted Securities Market sales of Aarexite, The passive fire protection group with big interests in the North Sea, opened first.

MI logo and text: for building products, heat exchange, tanks, special-purpose valves, general engineering, refined and wrought metals.

RECENT ISSUES table with columns for issue name, price, and change.

BRITISH FUNDS table with columns for fund name, price, and change.

MEDIAN table with columns for company name, price, and change.

COMMONWEALTH AND FOREIGN table with columns for company name, price, and change.

LOCAL AUTHORITIES table with columns for authority name, price, and change.

DOLLAR STOCKS table with columns for company name, price, and change.

BANKS AND DISCOUNTS table with columns for bank name, price, and change.

BREWERIES AND DISTILLERIES table with columns for company name, price, and change.

COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL table with columns for company name, price, and change.

Table of company shares (A-Z) with columns for company name, price, and change.

Table of company shares (I-N) with columns for company name, price, and change.

Table of company shares (O-S) with columns for company name, price, and change.

Table of company shares (T-Z) with columns for company name, price, and change.

Table of company shares (A-Z) with columns for company name, price, and change.

Table of company shares (I-N) with columns for company name, price, and change.

Table of company shares (O-S) with columns for company name, price, and change.

Table of company shares (T-Z) with columns for company name, price, and change.

Table of company shares (A-Z) with columns for company name, price, and change.

Table of company shares (I-N) with columns for company name, price, and change.

Table of company shares (O-S) with columns for company name, price, and change.

Table of company shares (T-Z) with columns for company name, price, and change.

Table of company shares (A-Z) with columns for company name, price, and change.

Table of company shares (I-N) with columns for company name, price, and change.

Table of company shares (O-S) with columns for company name, price, and change.

Table of company shares (T-Z) with columns for company name, price, and change.

Table of company shares (A-Z) with columns for company name, price, and change.

Sterling: Spot and Forward

Table showing Sterling spot and forward rates for various currencies.

Money Market Rates

Table showing money market rates for different terms.

Other Markets

Table showing other market rates for various regions.

Dollar Spot Rates

Table showing dollar spot rates for various countries.

Euro \$ Deposits

Table showing Euro \$ deposit rates for various banks.

Gold

Table showing gold prices and market information.

FINANCIAL TRUSTS

Table listing financial trusts and their share prices.

INSURANCE

Table listing insurance companies and their share prices.

INVESTMENT TRUSTS

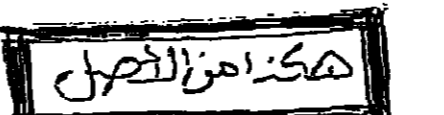
Table listing investment trusts and their share prices.

RUBBER

Table listing rubber companies and their share prices.

TEA

Table listing tea companies and their share prices.



هكذا من الأصل

Secret deals aim to scare off speculators

Intervention by five central banks fails to hold down strong dollar

By Frances Williams, Economics Correspondent

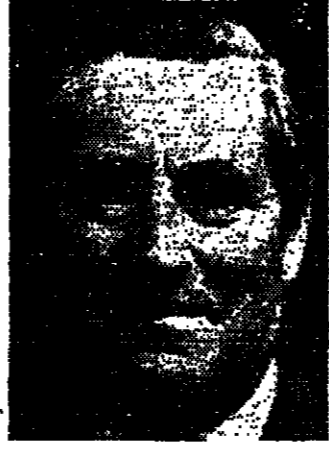
Central banks yesterday again intervened heavily on world currency markets to stem the dollar's rise, but with only limited success.



Volcker: little hope on interest rates

banks made their concerted operation public with immediate results, but dealers said yesterday that although the psychological impact of the news had temporarily deterred speculators, the fundamental factors buoying the dollar remained unchanged.

The Governor of the Bank of Japan, Mr. Eiichi Maekawa, said yesterday that abnormally high US interest rates had led to the disorderly conditions in currency markets which has necessitated the joint intervention.



Leigh-Pemberton: on the sidelines

subsidary tool" to be used with caution, since the concerted intervention began last Friday.

He said how soon interest rates fell depended on reducing the federal budget deficit. He expressed concern over the pace of monetary growth which, he said, was increasing "at a faster rate of speed than we'd like to see".

The dollar yesterday firmed slightly to DM2.6610 and again rose above the psychological level of 3 francs which has prompted squalls of anguish from the French authorities.

City Editor's Comment

The dole queue disappearing act

The latest jobless figures released today will yet again be obscured by the exodus from the official tally of thousands of older men, spirited away under new Government schemes.

This is only the latest in a long line of measures which have succeeded in lopping well over half a million from the unemployment total, without the creation of a single new job in the process.

At the last count they covered 560,000 people, most of them youngsters. That is more than double the numbers four years earlier.

But in the context of a trebling of unemployment they smack of statistical chicanery. No single measure is sacred, but so many changes obscure the trend of the labour market, which the figures are intended to show.

work but do not qualify for benefits, boosts the numbers by 310,000.

A further 400,000 jobless, again mainly women, many seeking part-time work, did not register under the old system, while perhaps 50,000 people are getting sickness benefit who would otherwise be on the dole.

Finally three are those rescued from unemployment by special measures - up to 340,000, depending on how many of the jobs and training places are regarded as "real" and how many as unemployment substitutes.

These categories alone bring the jobless total to more than four million. And some estimates go even further. The TUC adds workers on short time (78,000 in May), while the Labour Research Department (no relation) includes half a million women who on past trends would be looking for work, on the grounds that hopeless job prospects have put off many who would like to work.

Ministers tend to counter all this by claiming that up to a fifth of those officially classed as unemployed are not seriously looking for work and have no desire to do so. Surveys suggest that perhaps 400,000 people may come into this category, many of them with private pensions.

Investment and Finance

City Editor Anthony Hilton

THE TIMES

City Office 200 Gray's Inn Road London WC1X 9EZ Telephone 01-497 1234

STOCK EXCHANGES

FT Index 725.6 up 7.6 FT Gilts 79.16 up 0.27 FT All Shares 452.30 up 3.97 (Datastream estimate)

CURRENCIES

LONDON CLOSE Sterling \$1.5065 down 5pts Index 84.9 down 0.2 DM 4.01 down 0.0025

INTEREST RATES

Domestic rates: Bank base rate 9 1/2% Finance houses base rate 10% Discount market loans week fixed 8%

GOLD

London fixed (per ounce): am \$412.75 pm \$411.00 close \$411.41 (273.75) down \$2.75

TODAY

Interim: Barclay's Bank, Goode Durrant & Murray Group, Hoover, Johnstone's Paints, Law Debenture Corporation, Lornno, Newmarket (1981) - (second quarter), Reed International (first quarter), Westminster Property Group, Finalis: Acrow (amended), Peter Black Holdings, Gnome Photographic, Malaysia Rubber, Nova (Jersey) Knit (amended), Routledge & Keegan Paul.

ANNUAL MEETINGS

Baker Perkins Holdings, Hyde Park Hotel, Knightsbridge (12.15); Bradford Property Trust, Victoria Hotel, Bradford, W. Yorks (noon); Bristol Stadium, Portland Place, W1 (12.30); Feedback, Crest Hotel, Crowborough, E. Sussex (noon); Fuller Smith & Turner, Griffin Brewery, Chiswick (11.00); NMC Investments, City Road, EC1 (noon); Reed International, The Institution of Electrical Engineers, Savoy Place, WC2 (noon); Time Products, Chartered Accountants' Hall, Moorgate Place, EC2 (10.30).

NOTEBOOK

More Shipping companies could be entering the increasingly competitive north Atlantic traffic. OCL in particular may have to go in this direction if it wishes to expand. But the Trafalgar House bid for P&O, owner of the biggest piece of the OCL consortium, complicates matters.

Rival groups bid for Spring Grove

By Our Financial Staff

Spring Grove, the troubled laundry-to-safety-products company, said yesterday that it is involved in discussions with an unnamed group and they may lead to a bid for the company.

It said that it was unlikely that such an offer would be worth significantly more than 50p a share, a few pence under the ruling market price. At that level, a bid would be worth about £16m.

The bidding company is said to be Sunlight Services, the laundries-to-dry-cleaning group, and it is said to be offering 60p a share.

Institutions buy 60% of Monotype

By Jonathan Davis, Financial Correspondent

Three private sector investment institutions are taking a 60 per cent stake in Monotype Corporation, a typesetting equipment business which was rescued five years ago by the National Enterprise Board.

The British Technology Group, which now incorporates the NEB and the National Research and Development Council, announced yesterday that the institutions are pumping £1.5m into the company in return for their stake.

Rate of business collapses slows

The rate at which businesses in Britain are collapsing has slowed. Figures released yesterday by Trade Indemnity, the credit insurance company show failures in July fell 2.5 per cent against the same month last year. It is the first reduction in 18 months.

Indonesia crisis may hit British firms

Indonesia has warned an Anglo-Swedish consortium that it may have to terminate a £200m hydro-electric power scheme. The main British firms involved are Balfour Beatty and Boving, which were to undertake the major part of the work under a £127m loan insured by the Export Credits Guarantee Department last November.

CD market 'worth £4bn to societies'

By Lorna Bourke

Confirmation of the potential importance of the building societies in the Certificates of Deposit market was given yesterday by Mr Richard Weir, secretary-general of the Building Societies Association who said the societies could raise up to £4,000m from this source over the next 12 months.

With the bank CD market at around £11,000, the impact of the building societies' new presence in the market could be substantial.

The £4,000m figure represents the maximum allocation under the current directives from the Registrar of Friendly Societies who regards £4,000m or 5 per cent of the societies' assets, as a prudent limit. But Mr Weir believes this figure could rise to 10 per cent of assets in three to four years.

The societies wasted no time in taking advantage of their new-found freedom, granted in this year's Finance Act, to tap the CD market, raising £78m from non-interest-free CDs in May, £262m in June and an estimated £250m in July. Of the June and July totals, about £200m on each occasion was accounted for by CDs.

Until the Finance Act, the societies had not been able to pay interest gross except on bank loans. This effectively barred them from using the CD market.

The Building Societies Association is expected to use CDs as a tool to manage liquidity rather than as a substitute source of funds for mortgage finance. The presence of the societies will, however, inevitably affect money market rates, and the societies will have to be careful not to push rates up against themselves.

WALL STREET

Analysts said the market could rebound at any time if institutions came off the sidelines because prices had dropped so much in such a short time. Mr Paul Volcker, chairman of the Federal Reserve Board, testifying before the house banking committee, said that the Fed had not changed policy since it tightened credit in May. He said he opposed setting targets for growth of the gross national product.

IN BRIEF

British (UK), American-owned manufacturers of tyre valves and puncture repair kits announced yesterday that it is to close its factory in Yabburn, County Antrim this month with the loss of 71 jobs, because of the decline of the British car industry. But there is likely to be better news for Northern Ireland today when Harland and Wolff in Belfast is expected to announce a long-awaited order for four refrigerated meat and fruit ships worth £72 million, with an option to increase the order to six.

Bibby up 30% as growth continues

By Wayne Lintott

J. Bibby and Sons Half-year to 27.83 Pretax profit £7.2m (£5.5m) Stated earnings 8.49p (6.65p) (adjusted for scrip issue) Turnover £198m (£180m) Net interim dividend 2.24p (1.233p) Dividend payable 4.10.83

J. Bibby, the industrial-to-agricultural group, has maintained last year's impressive growth rate into the first half of this year with a 30 per cent rise in interim pretax profits to £7.2m.

Turnover climbed to £136m from £118m while earnings per share after the one-for-two scrip announced last May, rose to 8.49p compared with an adjusted 6.65p a year ago. Mr Leslie Young, chairman, said that the interim dividend is being adjusted to reduce the disparity between the interim and final. Consequently, the interim dividend was raised 81.6 per cent to 2.24p a share.

Mr Young said that steady growth had been achieved in all but one of its activities and that the period benefited from the inclusion of profits from Lab-

Raper bid spurs two new suitors

By Jeremy Warner

William Whittingham Holdings, the Wolverhampton based housebuilding and film processing group, has received bid approaches from "two companies of great repute and substantial financial resources", according to Mr John Wardle, chairman. The approaches came after Mr Jim Raper's Milbury announced an 83p share tender offer for up to 30 per cent of the company at the end of last week.

The shares responded to Mr Wardle's news by jumping 21p to 104p. The letter, which described Mr Raper, a man with a history of conflict with the City establishment, as a "financial adventurer", went on to say that, in the long-term interests of shareholders, the board wanted to "remain an independent listed company".

The directors said they intended to justify the loyalty of shareholders in the future of the company in financial terms, but the letter conceded that at present "the very real prospects for recovery and growth cannot be obvious to shareholders".

Mr Raper has been criticized by the City Takeover Panel as a person unfit to be a director of a public company. The Stock Exchange Council has also issued instructions to its members forbidding them from conducting business "directly or indirectly" with Mr Raper.

Receivers put in to Quest CAE

By Jonathan Clare

Receivers have been put into Quest CAE after a row involving the new chairman, Mr Sead Gohar, only a few months after he injected £2m into the company.

It is understood that writs have been issued by Quest CAE against two companies concerning equipment supplied to them. The board decided to ask Barclays Bank to appoint receivers after running into severe cash flow problems, partly because of the high development costs of the computer-aided design equipment it manufactures.

Quest CAE is a 39 per cent owned associate company of Quest Automation, the publicly quoted computer systems business.

In January two of Mr Gahr's companies, Gabraphone Transducers and United Technologies Massachusetts UK, put £2m into Quest CAE in return for a controlling stake of 51 per cent. Both companies are private and have as their main shareholder the Arab Research and Development Trust, headed by Mr Gahr.

Glynwed International Interim Results. Trading Results. Group profit before taxation for the 26 weeks ended 25th June 1983 amounted to £8,075,000 compared with £6,459,000 for the corresponding period in 1982. The whole of the improvement in profitability for the first six months of 1983 came from United Kingdom operations and, in part, reflected the results of the Ductile companies which were acquired in the second half of 1982 and are now fully integrated into our divisional structure.

City of Copenhagen \$15,000,000 9 per cent. 15 Year External Loan of 1970

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that for the Sinking Fund of 1st October, 1983 a Drawing of Bonds of this Loan took place on 21st July, 1983 attended by Mr. Richard Gramham Foster of Messrs. De Pinna, Scores & John Vann, Notary Public, who following the drawing was drawn for redemption at par on 1st October, 1983.

Bonds, which may be presented for redemption at any of the Paying Agents for the Loan, must bear the Coupons dated 1st October, 1984 and 1985, otherwise the amount of the missing Coupons will be deducted from the principal to be repaid.

BONDS DRAWN 1420 Bonds of nominal value of \$1,000 each

Table with columns for bond numbers (47-98) and corresponding values. Includes sub-sections for 'BONDS DRAWN' and 'BONDS NOT DRAWN'.

The following Drawn Bonds have not yet been presented for repayment... Bond number 9345 drawn for redemption on 1st October, 1975. Bond number 9346 drawn for redemption on 1st October, 1977.

NOTE: Any of the above Drawn Bonds with relative Coupons attached presented in the United Kingdom should be lodged for payment in London with:

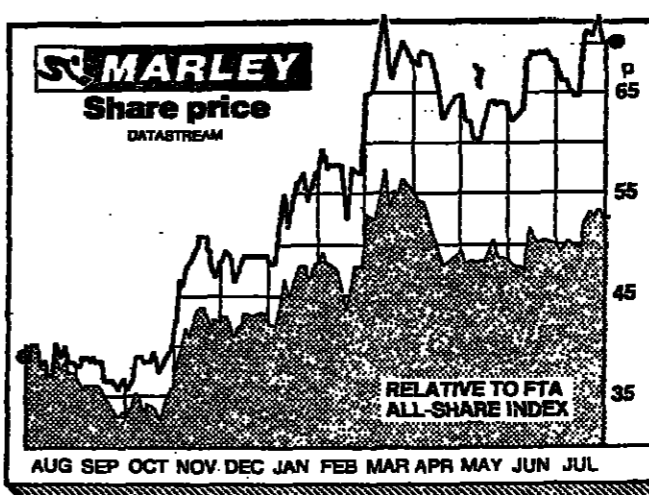
Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited, 21 Austin Friars, London EC2N 2JH. Hambros Bank Limited, 41 Bishopsgate, London EC2N 2EJ.

The usual interval of four clear days will be required for examination. Office of Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited August, 1983.

INVESTORS' NOTEBOOK edited by Michael Prest Shipping lines face testing time

While the Trafalgar House bid for P & O is before the Monopolies Commission, changes are taking place within the respective shipping businesses which will shape their prospects. Trafalgar House, through Cunard Brocklebank, has a stake in Atlantic Container Lines (ACL) which might at last be set for a rates rise on its transatlantic cargo services.

United States Lines, however, has ordered a dozen new ships, each to carry 3,500 tons. Such a fleet appears to mean a new round-the-world service. That would not only have an impact on the transatlantic market which Taiwan-based Evergreen Lines may soon join but could also bite into OCL's global routes.



Marley's 180 per cent increase in pretax profits for first six months of the year, ahead of market expectations, largely springs from the upturn in the construction industry, where the company produces roof and floor tiles and plastics products such as guttering.

if it were not for resistance to the idea on tax inefficiency grounds.

Glynwed

GLYNWED INTERNATIONAL Half-year to 25.8.83 Pretax profit £8.07m (£6.4m) Stated earnings 7.12p (6.45p) Turnover £232m (£202m) Net interim 2.45p (same) Share price 115p up 6p Yield 6.09%

Glynwed International is one of the few Birmingham-based steel and engineering companies able to produce sparkling results. Interim pretax profits to June 25 are up by 26 per cent to £8.07m largely because of a strong contribution from the Ductiles steels business which was acquired late last year.

Marley

Marley Half-year to 30.6.83 Pretax profit £10.26m (£3.57m) Stated earnings 2.8p (0.4p) Turnover £236.2m (£193.6m) Net interim dividend 1.2p (1p) scrip Share price 72.5. Yield 2.36 Dividend payable 3.10.83

COMMODITIES

Table of commodity prices including LONDON METAL EXCHANGE, COPPER, ZINC, LEAD, ALUMINIUM, and LONDON GOLD FUTURES MARKET.

COMPANY NEWS IN BRIEF

Table listing company news in brief, including Joseph Webb, Waverley Cameron, D. A. D. Properties, Asprey and Co, and Figures in £M.

Banco de Bogotá Finance Corporation U.S. \$25,000,000 Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes 1985. Unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by Banco de Bogotá.

Bank of Tokyo (Curaçao) Holding N.V. US\$75,000,000 Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes due 1991. Payment of the principal of, and interest on, the Notes is unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd.

FREE STATE DEVELOPMENT AND INVESTMENT CORPORATION LIMITED (Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) NOTICE TO MEMBERS ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

GENERALI Assicurazioni Generali 1982 Highlights From the Report of the Board of Directors. Table showing financial performance for 1982 and 1981.

OIL AND ASSOCIATED INVESTMENT TRUST PLC. Extracts from the Statement of the Chairman, Mr. A.S.W. Joseph, for the year ended 31st March, 1983. Revenue after tax was 16.9% more than last year and the total dividend paid and recommended is 13.9% higher.

J. BIBBY & SONS PLC Strength in diversity. Industry meets agriculture successfully. First half pre-tax profits hit new record of \$7,239,000, an increase of 30.1%. Interim dividend increased by 81.6% to 2.23p per share.

Handwritten text at the bottom of the page: 'سكنا من الأصل'

Local agencies could be given state subsidy

Private sector may get bigger role in helping small firms

Government officials are planning a big expansion in the role of private sector local enterprise agencies...

Mr David Trippier, right, now our "small firms minister", once set up a local agency to help this traditionally important business sector now in difficulties...



"But this has created its own problem because there seems to be very little awareness of what help is available. I have taken the view that we should not create any new schemes until we have rationalized what we already have and get more extensive use of what is on offer..."

An exception to this could be tax concessions in the next Budget to help developing small firms rather than start-ups...

But if the private sector is encouraged to play a bigger role in developing small businesses and the Government's package of measures is streamlined and becomes better directed, there is still an overwhelming job to be done in dismantling the barriers to small business development...

The planned changes in small firms policy coincides with a wester of public criticism on the effectiveness of what has already been done in the field...

Others have accused the Government of using the small firms bandwagon as no more than a cheap way of making political capital...

At present, there are 160 agencies, but Mr Trippier hopes to see more than 300 in two to three years...

A new marketing consultancy and training service which the Government wants to have led through its Small Firms Advisory Service and backed with funds of up to £10m...

there is talk that a large part of the BOTB services may eventually be contracted out to local chambers of commerce...

It is all part of what Mr Trippier calls getting the local community to pull itself up by its own boot straps...

quishing that appointment from August 31. Norman Broadbent International: Mr David Norman has become chairman...

WALL STREET

Washington (AP-DJ) - The Bank of America, the country's largest bank, has agreed to pay \$108,000 (£72,000) for allegedly aiding the Arab boycott of Israel...

Table with columns for company names, stock prices, and market data.

US\$50,000,000 Hapoom International N.V. Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes 1986. For the six months 4 August 1983 to 6 February 1984...

PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARDS. Joint Receivers have for sale the goodwill and assets of DPC Electronics Limited, based in Skelmersdale...

APPOINTMENTS

The Royal Bank of Scotland Group: The Rt Hon The Earl of Airlie will join the board on September 1...

Norman Broadbent International: Mr David Norman has become chairman. Mr Miles Broadbent has been appointed managing director...

Associates, and Mr James H. Bathurst become directors. Kartret Switchgear: Mr B. Das has been made a director of the company...

Times Classified telephone 01-837 3311 or 3333

OCEAN WILSONS (HOLDINGS) PLC SALIENT POINTS FROM THE CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW

PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS Profits, before taxation for the year ended 31st December 1982, are £3,836,000 compared with £3,088,000 for the previous year...

INVESTMENTS AND NET ASSETS The listed investment portfolio was valued on 31st December 1982 at £6,402,000, a surplus over cost of £3,962,000...

BRAZIL The wholly owned subsidiaries in Brazil have shown an increase in Profits before Tax of 9 per cent in terms of Sterling...

FUTURE PROSPECTS The adverse events that affected the Brazilian economy in 1982 have continued in 1983. The Government Authorities have requested assistance from the IMF...

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT Table comparing 1982 and 1981 financial data: Profits and Dividends, Group Turnover, Profit before taxation, etc.

Base Lending Rates. ABN Bank 9 1/2%, Barclays 9 1/2%, BCCI 9 1/2%, Citibank Savings 11 1/2%, Consolidated Crds 10%, C. Hoare & Co 9 1/2%, Lloyds Bank 9 1/2%, Midland Bank 9 1/2%, Nat Westminster 9 1/2%, TSB 9 1/2%, Williams & Glyn's 9 1/2%

U.S. \$75,000,000 Banque Worms Floating Rate Notes Due 1994. In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the six month Interest Period from 4th August, 1983 to 6th February, 1984 the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 11 1/2% per annum...

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION To the Holders of Esso Overseas Finance N.V. 9% Guaranteed Debentures Due 1985. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to the provisions of the Indenture dated as of September 15, 1970...

U.S. \$75,000,000 Banque Worms Floating Rate Notes Due 1994. In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the six month Interest Period from 4th August, 1983 to 6th February, 1984 the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 11 1/2% per annum...

1,350,000 Shares SAN FRANCISCO BANCORP Common Stock. Bateman Eichler, Hill Richards Montgomery Securities The English Association Inc. Morgan, Ojmstead, Kennedy & Gardner Sutrø & Co. Crowell, Weedon & Co. Birr, Wilson & Co., Inc. Black & Company, Inc. Webush, Noble, Cooke, Inc. Woodman Kirkpatrick & Gilbreath Davis, Skaggs & Co., Inc. Emmett A. Larkin Company, Inc. Henry F. Swift & Co. Van Kasper & Company

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION To the Holders of Esso Overseas Finance N.V. 9% Guaranteed Debentures Due 1985. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to the provisions of the Indenture dated as of September 15, 1970...

Redemption Notice Hamersley Iron Finance N.V. 9 1/2% Guaranteed Debentures Due 1985. Unconditionally Guaranteed as to Principal and Interest by HAMERSLEY HOLDINGS LIMITED

Table with columns for company names, stock prices, and market data.

GOLF: SYMPATHY BUT NO OLIVE BRANCHES

Barnes finds the cause of his season in shadows of depression

From Mitchell Platts, Zandvoort

The cruellest aspect of the game of golf is the dark shadow it can cast over a player at the peak of his career. It takes its toll at vastly contrasting levels. Peter Alliss retired from full-time playing because he was suffering from the syndrome known as the "70s": the American Bert Yancey bowed out of the game as a result of depression.



Barnes: dramatic decline

Brown gives up post

After less than a year in office, Richard Brown has given up his post as tournament director of the PGA European tour. Mr Brown said "I decided to offer a consultancy service to tournament sponsors, and it was thought that might conflict with my work at the European tour. They asked me to leave immediately."

Controversy continues over selectors' new choices

By Jim Railton

It is fortunate that British rowing selectors, unlike their colleagues in athletics, do not face the problem of doubling-up their selections. In their choice of single selectors for the 18 rowing disciplines in this year's world championships alone animosity towards the selectors has been above par for the course.

BOXING



Gardner reclaims patch

By Srikanar Sen, Boxing Correspondent

John L. Gardner yesterday staked his claim to the patch vacated by Joe Bugner when that former British and European heavyweight champion flew to America south so that Frank Bruno would not get into the ring with him. While Gardner's comments played down a Bruno meeting, Gardner chirped away.

No joy in leadership

Bryan Lewis, of Panshanger, drew away from the field in the National Assistants golf championship, sponsored by Foot-Job, at Coombe Hill, yesterday. He had a second round of 72, two over par, for a total of 143, to lead Neil Hansen (Chigwell) by two strokes and Andrew Dyson (Gotts Park) by three.

Playground of the stars

Los Angeles (Reuter) - The Riviera country club, like the Hollywood stars who dominate its membership, presents a larger-than-life backdrop for the United States PGA championship, which starts here today.

RUGBY LEAGUE

Ralda ready to sign

The rapid strides made by Papua New Guinea since their emergence in the mid-seventies is underlined by Bradford Northern's attempts to sign the Papua New Guinea captain and second row forward Phillip Ralda. Keith Macklin writes.

TENNIS

Quiet American defeats defending champion

Indianapolis (Reuter) - The unseeded American, Jimmy Brown, surprisingly beat the defending champion and No 1 seed, Jose Higueras, of Spain, 6-2, 6-2, in the second round of the United States clay court championships.

INDIANAPOLIS

Quiet American defeats defending champion

Indianapolis (Reuter) - The unseeded American, Jimmy Brown, surprisingly beat the defending champion and No 1 seed, Jose Higueras, of Spain, 6-2, 6-2, in the second round of the United States clay court championships.

Card of course

Table with 4 columns: Hole, Yds, Par, Hole, Yds, Par. Lists distances and par values for various holes.

TODAY'S FIXTURES

Table listing cricket matches: TOUR MATCH (One Day), SECOND XI CHAMPIONSHIP, and OTHER SPORT.

INDIANAPOLIS

Indianapolis (Reuter) - The unseeded American, Jimmy Brown, surprisingly beat the defending champion and No 1 seed, Jose Higueras, of Spain, 6-2, 6-2, in the second round of the United States clay court championships.

INDIANAPOLIS

Indianapolis (Reuter) - The unseeded American, Jimmy Brown, surprisingly beat the defending champion and No 1 seed, Jose Higueras, of Spain, 6-2, 6-2, in the second round of the United States clay court championships.

INDIANAPOLIS

Indianapolis (Reuter) - The unseeded American, Jimmy Brown, surprisingly beat the defending champion and No 1 seed, Jose Higueras, of Spain, 6-2, 6-2, in the second round of the United States clay court championships.

INDIANAPOLIS

Indianapolis (Reuter) - The unseeded American, Jimmy Brown, surprisingly beat the defending champion and No 1 seed, Jose Higueras, of Spain, 6-2, 6-2, in the second round of the United States clay court championships.

INDIANAPOLIS

Indianapolis (Reuter) - The unseeded American, Jimmy Brown, surprisingly beat the defending champion and No 1 seed, Jose Higueras, of Spain, 6-2, 6-2, in the second round of the United States clay court championships.

INDIANAPOLIS

Indianapolis (Reuter) - The unseeded American, Jimmy Brown, surprisingly beat the defending champion and No 1 seed, Jose Higueras, of Spain, 6-2, 6-2, in the second round of the United States clay court championships.

INDIANAPOLIS

Indianapolis (Reuter) - The unseeded American, Jimmy Brown, surprisingly beat the defending champion and No 1 seed, Jose Higueras, of Spain, 6-2, 6-2, in the second round of the United States clay court championships.

INDIANAPOLIS

Indianapolis (Reuter) - The unseeded American, Jimmy Brown, surprisingly beat the defending champion and No 1 seed, Jose Higueras, of Spain, 6-2, 6-2, in the second round of the United States clay court championships.

INDIANAPOLIS

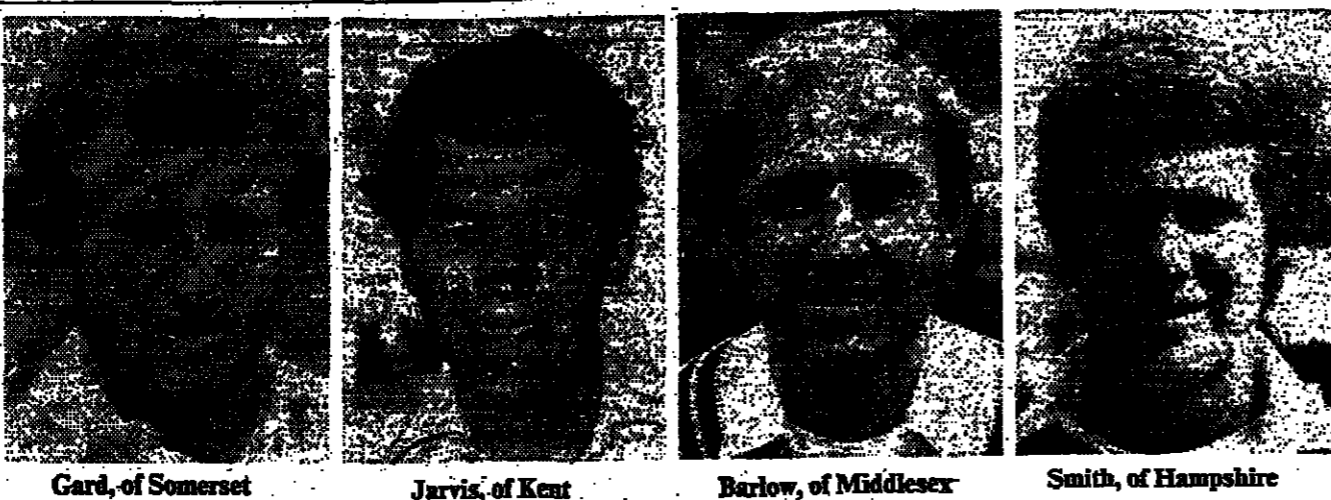
Indianapolis (Reuter) - The unseeded American, Jimmy Brown, surprisingly beat the defending champion and No 1 seed, Jose Higueras, of Spain, 6-2, 6-2, in the second round of the United States clay court championships.

Large financial table with multiple columns listing various funds, shares, and prices. Includes sections for Authorized Units & Insurance Funds and various fund names like 'The American Fund' and 'The British Fund'.

150 من الأمل

CRICKET: HAMPSHIRE, KENT, MIDDLESEX AND SOMERSET REACH NATWEST TROPHY SEMI-FINALS

The four men who came to the fore in NatWest's last eight



Match that was over soon after the crowds were turned away

By John Woodcock Cricket Correspondent

off Pigott, just before the finish. It was a bit of luck that the batsmen who had taken 17 overs to make eight, got out and let Richards in. Hitting at everything, Richards was himself not specially impressed by it. Botham's resilience manifested itself on this occasion in the saddest of circumstances. Overnight, his wife, Kathryn, had lost the child she was expecting in the new year. They already have a son and daughter. Having been with Kathryn in Humberside on Tuesday, Botham flew north again as soon as yesterday's match was finished. In the sixth over of the morning Mendenis gave Gard, keeping wicket for Somerset, the first of his five catches. At the end of the day Arthur Milton, looking for a man of the match, chose Gard. One of his catches down the leg side off Richards, was a good one; the others were straightforward. The award, I think, was for wicketkeepers in general, more a gesture than recognition of an outstanding display. Alan Wells, Imran and Parker, like Mendenis, were all day away from his office and

It was an awful anti-climax. The pitch was not a very good, there being a lot of lateral movement and occasionally a nasty bounce. There was no excuse, though, for Sussex to be bowled out in such glorious weather for so few. Obviously they are hopelessly short of form and confidence. Besides that, they were missing Greg and le Roux, who were injured. But they should have managed a 150 - enough to have made a game of it. As although to do what he could to cheer things up in the time at his disposal, Richards hit four fours and a six, mostly

Botham acknowledged him by taking four for 20, three useful wickets among them. If Peter May I suspect, is keen to keep him in the England side, he will not be specially impressed by it. Botham's resilience manifested itself on this occasion in the saddest of circumstances. Overnight, his wife, Kathryn, had lost the child she was expecting in the new year. They already have a son and daughter. Having been with Kathryn in Humberside on Tuesday, Botham flew north again as soon as yesterday's match was finished. In the sixth over of the morning Mendenis gave Gard, keeping wicket for Somerset, the first of his five catches. At the end of the day Arthur Milton, looking for a man of the match, chose Gard. One of his catches down the leg side off Richards, was a good one; the others were straightforward. The award, I think, was for wicketkeepers in general, more a gesture than recognition of an outstanding display. Alan Wells, Imran and Parker, like Mendenis, were all day away from his office and

Table with 2 columns: Player Name and Runs/Wickets. Includes scores for Somerset, Middlesex, Kent, and Hampshire.

Just what the chairman came to see: Botham bowls Gould

Middlesex march inexorably on

By Richard Streeton

NORTHAMPTON: Middlesex beat Northamptonshire by seven wickets. Middlesex maintained their conqueror's progress on almost every cricket front this summer with a crushing victory here yesterday that took them into the NatWest Trophy's semi-final round. They restricted the strong Northamptonshire batting side to 198 and then scored the necessary runs in untroubled style. Radley and growing speeded 149 in 40 overs with growing splendour for the second wicket to deprive Northamptonshire of any chance to get back in the match. Both batsmen were finally bowled by Maitland, attempting forcing strokes in the forty-four over. Middlesex still required 44 and Gattling and Ellis stepped together to the end, with Gattling making the winning hit with a straight six against Willey. Barlow was made man of the match by Basil D'Oliveira.

Cowdrey performs like the old master

By Ivo Tennant

CANTERBURY: Kent beat Warwickshire by 103 runs. Kent, although they lost the toss and were without the bowing of Dilley, were altogether too smart on the day for Warwickshire in this NatWest Trophy quarter-final. This was, indeed, too one-sided to be a good match, although not devoid of interest. That is often a problem with one-day cricket. The county batting first makes a reasonable score, as yesterday, and the opposition flounders from the outset. Warwickshire's batting, for reasons best known to themselves, was pretty inept, reminiscent of their display in last year's final. They had begun inauspiciously in chasing 251. Smith played neither forwards nor back to Jarvis as he was taken at second slip. Kalliarachou, who almost single-handedly gave Warwickshire a semi-final place last year, attempted to hit the same bowler through gully and was beautifully taken by Johnson at first slip, low and to his left. Jarvis, who was playing only because Dilley filled a fitness test on his bruised head, has been left out for much of the summer but was back with a vengeance as well as many a grant. He was the man of the match award. Woolmer, too, had a good spell, Benson took a nice catch in the deep to send Jack Amis off his bowling and then inexorably spilled an easier one skied by Humpage. This day, the new inevitable, for Warwickshire all the while had been slipping behind the clock. Even before Humpage's departure at 125 for six, Underwood having chipped away at the middle order, the sinking rate was more than six runs an over. As they had been at Chesham in the previous round, were much indebted to Cowdrey. His 56 contained a couple of shots his father would have played, and a couple no one else would have taken. Ellis, old school, gave him the best advice he has ever received - "When the bowler comes in, keep saying to yourself, watch the ball" - was on the ground, and was highly impressed. In 20 overs Cowdrey and Aslett doubled the score from 78 to 156,

time when he wanted to press on, which undid how much the Middlesex attack were in control. Edmunds first checked the first wicket pair and then separated them when Cook hit the stumps. The batsman in the twentieth over, Larkins misjudged against Slack and gave a return catch. An awful lot depended on Lamb but he tried rather casually to turn his second ball to the leg side and Dowton, standing up, took a brilliant leg side catch. Willey made several firm hits and had just pushed Gattling almost 40 overs with growing splendour for the second wicket to deprive Northamptonshire of any chance to get back in the match. Both batsmen were finally bowled by Maitland, attempting forcing strokes in the forty-four over. Middlesex still required 44 and Gattling and Ellis stepped together to the end, with Gattling making the winning hit with a straight six against Willey. Barlow was made man of the match by Basil D'Oliveira. Northamptonshire's innings was lunched with quite a flourish by Cook and Larkins and Willey, briefly, threatened to carry on where he finished against Warwickshire on Tuesday. A trait shared by all the best equipped teams at county and Test level in cricket history is that somebody or other tends to succeed when needed. Slack was the man this time to catch his captain's eye and fulfil the Middlesex need. A tight spell, which included the dismissals of Larkins and Lamb in three balls, followed by Kapil Dev's wicket later, was unexpected riches indeed. Slack made his mark as an occasional medium-pace bowler with five wickets against Leicestershire three Sundays ago. With Edmunds and Embury, in succession, the epitome of containment, Northamptonshire stayed shackled. It was never a pitch suitable for out and out pace and Daniel, in his first spell, Cowdrey and Williams were all pulled and driven by Cook and Larkins, which improved their and by then Gattling, who weighed in with medium pace that yielded singles rather than the necessary threes, three and fours Northamptonshire required. Williams, who was dropped at slip when he was 68, hit 30 over for 33 at a

Sheer sail power does nice for Deagan

By John Nicholls

Larry Woodcell's Jade, sailed by Graham Deagan, beat both the weather and her rivals to win the Britannia Cup at Cowes yesterday. Light, changeable winds, led to a long and at times frustrating race, even though the course chosen by the Royal Yacht Squadron was decidedly short. Sheer sail power kept the Class I boats going through most of the doldrums, but less endowed boats were unable to progress at all. Most of the smaller classes, including all the one-designs, had to wait for the anchor waiting for the tide to turn or for sufficient wind to combat the tide, whichever was the sooner. All races were delayed in this way, restarting at the first mark of the course after the competitors had drifted there from the starting line. The day's programme was postponed for half an hour, but it was a business wait and the wind did not materialise until several hours later. Yesterday's conditions are not unknown at Cowes, but they were the first to occur this year when the Week is being sponsored for the first time over. As the breeze filled in from the west, the Solent slowly came to life. Meanwhile the Britannia Cup fleet were well into their stride, with Condon setting the pace, chased by the Swedish entry, Carr. Jade, one of the unsuccessfully contenders for the British Admiral's Cup team, was placed sixth after the first round, already leading on corrected time and clearly a probable winner. Back in Cowes the Admiral's Cup jury were dealing with a rash of protests from the previous day's race and there are some chances as a result which counts table. The British boat, Dragon (Brian Saffery Cooper), was penalised nine places after admitting an infringement, but the team still retain their fifth place.

Results from Cowes Week

Royal Yacht Squadron Regatta

CLASS 1: 1. Jade (J. Woodcell), 2. Carr (S. Carr), 3. Carr (S. Carr), 4. Carr (S. Carr), 5. Carr (S. Carr), 6. Carr (S. Carr), 7. Carr (S. Carr), 8. Carr (S. Carr), 9. Carr (S. Carr), 10. Carr (S. Carr).

Richards living up to a tradition

From a Special Correspondent, Long Beach, California

Jo Richards and Peter Allam led from the gun in the fourth Flying Dutchman race of the pre-Olympic regatta here and finished minutes ahead in a wind that suited their style. They are now overall first, but they will not be crowned until they win the final race. Richards has total commitment to winning a medal. "It's my last chance to win," he said. The boat he sails is not only self built (the only one in the fleet) but is designed by him, incorporating a sophisticated blend of exotic materials. Without even modest sponsor-

Wallace in pursuit of third title

By John Wilcockson

Shawn Wallace, a student at Nottingham University, looks set to win his third title today at the national track championships at Leicester. He has already won the 20-kilometre points race and the one-kilometre time trial, and yesterday afternoon he convincingly progressed through the latest round of the 4,000 metres pursuit. He rode precisely to a pre-arranged schedule to beat Robert Swain, the local rider, coasting through the final lap to record a seemingly modest time of 5min 5.61sec. "I'm really enjoying my racing now," said Wallace, who lives near Southam. "I've finished all my exams, and I can concentrate on preparing for the world championships later this month." It is possible that Malcolm Elliott, the Commonwealth champion, will also reach today's final. He too paced his effort yesterday afternoon to defeat Gary

Williamson may miss Helsinki

By Pat Bletcher

After the shock of Sebastian Coe's withdrawal from the British team for the world championships in Helsinki, Graham Williamson has announced that he is nursing an ankle injury which has caused his hopes of a medal in the 1,500 metres to disappear. He has informed the British Amateur Athletic Board, and now has to consider the possibility of withdrawing from the championships. Williamson has said that he will definitely not be fit when the team leave for Helsinki tomorrow, but that he hopes to be fit for the heats of his event which are not until tomorrow week. The ankle injury was first thought to be a stress fracture following Williamson's race against Steve Scott and Coe in the mile at Crystal Palace almost two weeks ago. "That would definitely have ruled Williamson out of Helsinki, but when he returned to Loughborough, his own doctor diagnosed a severe ligament strain above the ankle joint in his left foot. A cortisone injection last Friday loosened the injury sufficiently for Williamson to begin jogging on Monday, and he has been swimming and doing an hour a day on a stationary bike to maintain his respiratory fitness. Felicia Whitbread, one of Britain's hopes for the women's javelin, will definitely miss the team flight tomorrow. She has mild tonsillitis, and is confined to bed.

10 wicket Dodemaide

By George Chesterton

CHARTERHOUSE: Australian Young Cricketers beat Headmasters' Conference Schools by eight wickets. In the Australian Young Cricketers' final, James Dodemaide, their captain, in making 77, had displayed a wide range of strokes, playing the ball maturely through the gaps and punishing anything short of a length on both sides of the wicket. N. C. W. Fenton, for Headmasters' Conference Schools, had bowled well from his great height and deserved his three wickets. C. S. Mays, the best spin bowler of the day, had bowled off-breaks which lifted and turned. He was unlucky to have only one victim. The Aussies declared overnight on 214 for seven, 123 runs short. A. I. Dodemaide bowled A. Fordham for one, thus gaining his tenth wicket of the match. The second wicket fell at 37. J. W. S. Raper and J. R. Ansell consolidated but in a crucial period 10 minutes before lunch both were out and were left 38 runs behind. Headmasters' Conference Schools. CHARTERHOUSE: Headmasters' Conference Schools beat (A) Dodemaide for 40 and (B) W. S. Raper for 37. W. S. Raper for 37 and J. R. Ansell for 37. W. S. Raper for 37 and J. R. Ansell for 37.

Winging a way to Gijón

Madrid (Reuter) - The former England player Laurie Cunningham signed for the Spanish first division club Sporting Gijón, on a year's loan from Real Madrid on Tuesday. Cunningham was bought by Real from West Bromwich Albion in 1979 for £500,000 but he has been unable to hold down a regular first team place during two years of almost continual injury. "All I'm interested in is showing that I'm not finished in football," said Cunningham.

Reading have signed the Portsmouth forward Trevor Senior for £35,000

Gerry Daly, aged 29, will remain with Coventry City after accepting a contract for one year. The club's manager, Bobby Gould, offered him an automatic 12 months extension to the contract if Daly plays 28 first team games this season. But the Irishman said: "It would be fairer to the club if I signed a 12 months agreement with no strings attached."

LEICA CLOSEST TO PERFECTION At Cowes Week. Acknowledged worldwide, Leica cameras will take you closer to perfection than you ever imagined possible. Also from Leitz - Leica lenses and photographic accessories: Focomatic enlargers, Pradovit projectors and Trinovid binoculars. See the world's finest, see Leitz.

THE RECORD

Table with 2 columns: Event and Record Holder. Includes records for Baseball, Football, Basketball, Rugby Union, Golf, and Athletics.

LEICA CLOSEST TO PERFECTION At Cowes Week. Acknowledged worldwide, Leica cameras will take you closer to perfection than you ever imagined possible. Also from Leitz - Leica lenses and photographic accessories: Focomatic enlargers, Pradovit projectors and Trinovid binoculars. See the world's finest, see Leitz.

سكنا من الأصل

La crème de la crème

Administrative Secretary

HOLBORN c. £7,500 The Manager, External Affairs, Research and Development Division, is seeking a secretary with administrative experience to join a small team co-ordinating external research contacts for British Gas with universities and industry in the UK and abroad.

BRITISH GAS

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY PERSONAL ASSISTANT

Our managing director is looking for a new secretary. An articulate, confident organiser with good shorthand and some understanding of a public company is sought. The ability to work from one's own initiative is essential.

Secretary to Manager Video

Our Legal/Business Affairs Department is young, friendly and extremely busy, dealing with a variety of contractual and copyright matters relating to the video industry.

United Leasing recently became the first computer leasing company to be publicly quoted. We are the largest independent supplier of IBM equipment in the UK.

WORD PROCESSING/SECRETARIAL

First class opportunity for Xerox WP operator - our client, a multinational office equipment manufacturer are looking for someone to work in their head processing centre.

PA/Senior Secretary - SW1

Required for young Businesswoman who is Chairman of Investment holding company & Deputy Chairman of a public company. Varied interests ranging from travel & engineering to education pursuits.

RECRUITMENT CONSULTANT

A new opportunity exists for an experienced Consultant for our Temporary Agency. You must be a graduate with a minimum of 5 years experience in a manufacturing plant. A desire to use your initiative and to become a self-motivated person is essential.

£8,500-£9,500 P.A./LINGUIST

A senior position in the fast moving City power base of a multi-national company for a highly competent, self-starter who can deal with top management contacts throughout Europe.

ADVERTISING AGENCY

£7,000 p.a. + bonus PA/Secretary with shorthand to Account Director of rapidly expanding W1 agency. Must have advertising experience and will be very busy.

INTERNATIONAL LAWYER

A London based commercial lawyer with active interests in the USA and the Channel Islands needs the help of a fully qualified and intelligent lawyer to assist in the latter's expansion.

NEGOTIATOR

Required for busy Fulham estate agents. Working as a part of a small team. Ability to use secretarial skills on occasions and deal with people more important than experience.

FED UP?

With being a secretary and not the boss? Attend our five day course in Negotiating Skills for Women at Brighton. Dates: 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st.

Public Appointments

Building Department Project Manager

£11,673 - £13,872 p.a. (incl. L.W.A.) + essential use car allowance To be responsible for the development, co-ordination and effective leadership of a multi-disciplinary team whilst efficiently completing building operations/contracts profitably.

CAMDEN equal opportunity employer

STAFFORDSHIRE FAMILY PRACTITIONER COMMITTEE

Applications are invited from registered medical practitioners who satisfy the requirements of the Vocational Training Regulations for a vacancy at Keele University. The vacancy is as a result of the retirement of the present incumbent on 1 January 1984.

PUBLIC NOTICES

CIVIL AIRCRAFT ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION NOTICE TO PRODUCE DOCUMENTS AND INFORMATION IN CONNECTION WITH THE INVESTIGATION OF AN ACCIDENT TO WHICH THE AIRCRAFT INVOLVED WAS REGISTERED IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

La crème de la crème

Advertising and Public Relation Consultancy

Executive Assistant £8,000 per annum plus profit sharing scheme. Must be dedicated and bright and willing to grow in a small but rapidly expanding company.

SECRETARY-PERSONNEL

£10,000 p.a. A unique opportunity to use your initiative and develop your own ability to help a growing company to expand its business.

Senior Partner of Chartered Surveyors

Requires that class SECRETARY/PA capable of justifying salary of £5,000 p.a. Must have a minimum of 5 years experience in a multi-national company.

PR - £7,500 COVENT GARDEN

We are looking for a Secretary with previous experience of working in national or local TV or radio to join the well established company. The job is varied and busy and apart from secretarial duties involves a lot of public relations work.

MAYFAIR SURVEYORS

Bright, lively Audio Secretary required to work in Professional Department. Salary circa £7,200 Ref AWK/ORS

Sales and Marketing Appointments

SALES DIRECTOR

Garrod and Lofthouse Offset Limited are seeking an experienced Sales Director of proven ability to head up and strengthen their existing sales force in the field of web-offset and large sheet-fed litho.

SALES EXECUTIVE

We also require a senior experienced sales executive in the above fields. Applicants must have a proven record selling in to these markets. Apply in writing giving full career details to N. J. Garrod, Chairman, Garrod and Lofthouse Group, 8 Kelvin Way, Crawley, Sussex.

AREA SALES MANAGER FOR ARIENS UK.

We've got the most beautifully designed and manufactured machines on the market. We've got solid experience in the field, 50 years of it, and a reputation to match. Now as a newly established independent company in the UK, all we need is a sales manager for the North of England, Scotland and Northern Ireland.

Ariens Engineered for excellence.

SALES & MARKETING MANAGER PROCESS PLANT

C. £17,000 PLUS PERFORMANCE BONUS This strongly financed subsidiary of a very successful diversified engineering group now has a vacancy for a SALES AND MARKETING MANAGER who can turn growth plans into reality.

The person we will appoint is probably enjoying a successful career with an international plant contractor or process equipment supplier. He/she will be at ease dealing with heat exchange, fractionation and similar thermo dynamic processes.

The successful applicant will probably have a degree in Mechanical or Chemical Engineering, formal Business School or Marketing School training, much commercial acumen and at least 12 years' relevant industrial experience.

SALES EXECUTIVE

A dynamic, self motivated sales person is required to set up and manage a new sales avenue specialising in leading office automation, and to be based in Central Scotland. It is likely that the person we are looking for is already selling in either office electronics, communications or telecommunications field.

The Managing Director GL Communications Group Limited

Millburn Tower, Gogar Edinburgh EH12 9BS

SALES REPRESENTATIVE

A leading supplier of microfilm equipment requires a sales representative to join a successful team promoting the company's products. A person with experience preferred but full training would be given to successful applicant.

A YOUNG EXECUTIVE FOR MAYFAIR PORSCHE CENTRE

Charles Follett, the exclusive Porsche Official Centre, currently have an excellent opportunity for a sales executive at their Mayfair showroom. Aged from Mid 20's, well educated, confident and self motivated, you should be capable of providing the impeccable standards of service and personal attention with which the name is associated.

TOP LEVEL SALESPERSON NEEDED FOR EXECUTIVE AIRCRAFT SALES

We are a leading UK company in executive aviation. We require an exceptional salesperson to cover part of our range (£500,000 to £1,500,000 per unit) to be based in Knightsbridge. Candidates should have an excellent record in selling high value capital goods to top management.

Community Sales Representative South Wales and the West Country

The Seton Group - manufacturers of Tubigrip Tubular Bandages, Surgical Dressings and Appliances sold to hospitals and chemists, has a vacancy for a Community Sales Representative, Avon based. The prime responsibility is to promote Seton prescribable products to the Community in the above indicated territory.

International Appointments

ELECTRO-OPTICAL, RF AND SAW ENGINEERS

Join Crystal Technology in the San Francisco Bay area of Northern California and share the excitement of rapid growth in a friendly, small company environment with the strong financial backing of a major international electronics company.

ENGLISH LANGUAGE TEACHING PROJECT LEADER

The Club schools are Switzerland's largest Adult Education Institution. The ELT sector comprises ca. 1.3 million student hours taught by 550 teachers in 83 centres throughout Switzerland.

Super Secretaries also on pages 24 - 26

Secretary/Receptionist

for busy Harley Street practice. Fluent Spanish/English essential. Interested in family planning. Aged 19-35. Starting salary £6,000 p.a.

SECOND JOBBERS FOR AD AGENCIES

We're THREE busy jobs (all in W1) for young busy with straight. Do it if you want to earn around £2,500 and work in the fast world of advertising.

Design Company

in North Essex needs an experienced, efficient person with good secretarial skills & an intelligent telephone manner to manage the day to day running of the company.

PUBLIC RELATIONS SECRETARIES

PR consultancy of Jeremy Street requires two secretaries 23 plus to job busy, energetic office. Enthusiasm and willingness to take responsibility essential.

W1-SURVEYORS

Require Audio Secretary with Good accurate typing. £5,000pa + LV's Apply Mrs Wilhelmine Donovan or Stuart L. Foreman, FRICS. 01-492 1507. (No Agencies)

PARTNERS' SECRETARY

required for small, friendly firm of Surveyors in Mayfair (Green Park). Terms according to age and experience. No agents please. 01-499 8511. Ref: PRL/AC

JUNIOR AUDIO SECRETARY

Required for busy Fulham estate agents. Working as a part of a small team. Ability to use secretarial skills on occasions and deal with people more important than experience.

DESIGN COMPANY

in North Essex needs an experienced, efficient person with good secretarial skills & an intelligent telephone manner to manage the day to day running of the company.

ADVERTISING

£7,000 - Bright, articulate Secretary for busy Fulham estate agents. Working as a part of a small team. Ability to use secretarial skills on occasions and deal with people more important than experience.

Banking and Accountancy Appointments

also on page 25

ACCOUNTANCY ACCOUNTANCY ACCOUNTANCY

COMPUTER AUDIT-CANADA \$50,000+Benefits
A leading bank with operations throughout Canada offers an excellent career opportunity for a highly motivated accountant to play a key management role within the EDP audit department. Candidates should ideally be Chartered Accountants with extensive experience in the audit of operations and security of large mainframe data centres. They should possess well developed communication skills and a shirt sleeve management approach. TORONTO. Ref: JG.

INVESTMENT ACCOUNTANT c£15,000+Car+Mort.
This challenging new position has been created by an expanding finance group to ensure its smooth entry into unit trusts. Responsibilities encompass the development and implementation of systems, the effective management of a department covering all accounting for investment funds and liaison with external bodies. An energetic, hands on approach is required from a qualified accountant, 28-35, who can demonstrate a sound knowledge of investment fund accounting. SOUTH COAST. Ref: VMD.

CONTRACT ACCOUNTANT £12,000+
A significant opportunity for a decisive commercially aware accountant, aged c28. The post takes responsibility for all financial aspects of long-term contracts, tenders and project finance evaluation within this major international engineering contractor. Good EDP exposure plus an ACA or ACMA qualification are essential. SURREY. Ref: SC

ROBERT HALF

BANKING BANKING BANKING

CREDIT AUDITOR-BAHRAIN US\$45,000
tax free+expat.bens.
Career opportunity and an excellent working environment are available within a major international bank committed to growth. Working on sovereign risk assessment, closely linked with the lending team, progression can lead directly to a marketing role for the conceptual thinker with good banking experience and formal credit training.

CAREER-MINDED AUDITOR to £17,000+Car
Leading international consortium offers excellent career prospects to a self-starting C.A. with bank audit experience. Initially based in London working in close liaison with the Manager, the successful candidate should progress to become Audit Manager within the overseas Head Office.

LENDING EXECUTIVE to £15,000+Car
Make a direct contribution to growth with this forward-thinking merchant bank. As a member of an expanding team with specific responsibility for U.K. lending business, the development of other facilities will provide added challenge. Relevant candidates will have 3+ years lending experience gained within a banking environment.

LEGAL ADVISOR c£15,000
London based bank with substantial European presence has an opening for a solicitor with commercial law experience. An integral part of the advisory team, a major area of involvement will be within corporate finance. Applicants from a practice seeking a financial environment are preferred.

PLEASE APPLY TO FELICITY HOTHER ON 01-606 2813

ROBERT HALF

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT/ COMMERCIAL CONTROLLER

Location: France

Medium sized British Engineering Company require a qualified ACA/ACCA Chief Accountant/ Commercial Controller for its French subsidiary located near Paris.

This is a permanent position reporting to the General Manager in France and has excellent career prospects for the right person.

It is expected that the successful applicant will be between 25 and 40 years of age and have at least an understanding of the French language. Apart from responsibility for all financial matters, the job will involve control of stocks and reorganisation of procedures for the new computer.

Salary will be commensurate with experience and qualifications; assistance with re-location will be offered.

Please write for an application form from: Mr Roger Smith, Personnel Director, Ransomes Sims and Jefferies, PLC, Nacton Road, Ipswich, Suffolk.

RANSOMES

ENERGY FINANCE AND GENERAL TRUST LIMITED CORPORATE FINANCE

We are seeking additional executives with a legal or accountancy background for our active corporate finance team in London. You will be dealing with senior executives of a wide range of private and public companies and will be expected to advise on mergers and acquisitions, fund raising, new issues and other matters affecting corporate strategy and structure.

You will probably be in your 20's, have a good degree and several years' relevant experience. Remuneration will be highly competitive.

Applicants should write, giving full details of their career to date, to:

P. M. Fetherman, Energy Finance and General Trust Limited, Dauntsey House, Frederick's Place, Old Jewry, LONDON EC2R 8HN

Research Analysts

Analysts are required to consolidate and develop our specialised research in Consumer products/services areas. The successful applicants are likely to be qualified in a recognized discipline and be able to demonstrate a high level of originality and writing ability.

These opportunities could suit an established team or analysts in other sectors. Competitive remuneration for these appointments will be by negotiation.

Please apply in confidence to R. G. M. Griffiths, giving full details to Eamshaw Haes and Son, 17 Tottenham Yard, London, EC2R 7LB.

Forward-looking Accountants

can go places with us

London to £14,350

Our increasingly competitive stance in the marketplace has led to some major changes within the organisation. One of the most important is our move away from centralised accounting systems to devolved Local Area Accounting.

We are therefore looking for more Accountants, fully qualified or at least in the final stages of qualification. Confident, able to get on with people at all levels, you must be eager to make a worthwhile contribution in a cost, management or financial accounting role within this new dynamic commercial environment. There will also be opportunities in the design and development of new accounting procedures and, subsequently, their implementation.

Starting salary will be between £11,000 and £14,350

depending on age and experience. Benefits are those you would expect from a large, progressive organisation. Career developments and promotion opportunities are good, either within the finance function or, if appropriate, in the field of general management.

Open Evening If we think you may be the kind of person we are looking for you will be invited to an Open Evening where you can meet some of our Area Chief Accountants and discuss the jobs before you come for an interview.

Take this first step to join us by ringing 01-836 1301/2/3/4/5 for an application form, or ask the Operator for FREEPHONE 2366. Alternatively, write today, enclosing CV, to: Marian Williams, British Telecom London Recruitment and Selection Centre (Ref. P332A), 8th Level, St. Giles House, 1 Drury Lane, London WC2B 5RA

British TELECOM London

Fund Management North America/Australia

Our client, a major institution with substantial funds under management internationally, seeks an able individual to cover the North American and Australian markets. The successful candidate will probably be a graduate, aged 23 to 30 who has been covering North American securities for at least two years.

The position will involve analytical and management responsibility for U.S., Canadian and Australian securities. The initial degree of involvement in fund management will depend upon experience and the position should appeal to an ambitious person who is seeking greater scope for advancement.

Remuneration by way of good basic salary and excellent benefits will be attractive to the right individual. Please contact Elizabeth Evans or Stephen Embleton who will treat all enquiries in the strictest of confidence.

Stephens Associates International Recruitment Consultants 44 Carter Lane, London EC4V 5BX. 01-236 7307

FINANCIAL ASSISTANT - TREASURY

A unique opportunity for an ambitious young finance or banking professional

Dow Chemical is one of the top international chemical companies. In the UK, we have two production sites, and far-reaching plants, including development related to our subsidiary companies, Merrell Pharmaceuticals Limited and Murphy Chemical Limited.

Due to a promotion, the UK Treasurer now has an exceptional opportunity for a young Financial Assistant to gain invaluable experience in all aspects of the function. Following training in the UK, and in our European Headquarters in Switzerland, you will assist in:

- The funding of day-to-day operations.
- Location and negotiation of Finance for capital investment programmes.
- Currency management and cash management.

In all these areas, the sums involved run into millions of pounds, and the importance and profit potential of your work will be significant.

Fast-thinking, energetic, very commercial - these are some of the qualities you will need. Perhaps an M.B.A. with a sound background in industrial finance, or a young Banker with good experience of finance and currency dealing. Either way, you are almost certainly under 25 with at least 2 years' relevant experience.

Salary will be negotiable according to experience, and there are good fringe benefits. However, of equal or greater importance, are the career prospects which could include early progress within Dow's international treasury or other functions.

Please write or telephone for an application form to: Mrs. Diana Helmer, Personnel Manager, Dow Chemical Co. Ltd., Meadowbank, Bath Road, Hounslow, Middlesex. Tel: 01-759 2600.



Trade mark of The Dow Chemical Company

CORPORATE DESK TRADER CORPORATE BANKERS

The London Division of a major international bank has openings for bankers with proven records of success in marketing corporate foreign exchange and deposit activities and also for those in corporate business development, at both senior and junior level.

Ideal candidates will have a degree or professional qualification and some formal training in their chosen area of business.

Excellent prospects for career development are offered together with a competitive salary supplemented by a full range of fringe benefits.

Please write with career details to:

Box No. 1772E, Times Newspapers Ltd., 200 Gray's Inn Road, London, WCI.

Commodities & Cargo Finance

European Bank-London

Our Client is one of the largest European Banks with a unique reputation in Commodity Finance. They seek to strengthen their London team by the appointment of two executives but the long-term prospects for appointees are on a world-wide basis.

Senior Commodity Executive

Applicants will have been in banking for three/five years, will have a thorough training and background in credit analysis, and will already have experience of the commodity area. They will need to be natural communicators and will be working in a highly active and imaginative business. Responsibility levels are high and the ability to make decisions is paramount.

Commodity Executive

In this case the experience level demanded is slightly more limited. The job would suit someone in their early or mid twenties. Applicants will have been in banking for around two years and will again have had formal credit training. The job is likely to appeal to a person who has an interest in developing specialist knowledge of this expanding area of banking business.

In both cases, because of the nature of the work, a knowledge of French and/or one other European language is essential. Candidates are likely to be graduates but evidence of the ability to communicate is the key factor. It is to be emphasised that the jobs will initially be in London. In addition to generous and negotiable salaries there are the usual banking benefits including subsidised mortgage.

Please write in confidence to Colin Barry at Overton Shirley and Barry (Management Consultants), Second Floor, Morley House, 26 Holborn Viaduct, London EC1A 2BP Tel: 01-583 1912.

Overton Shirley and Barry OSB

SETTLEMENTS/OPERATIONS US BROKER

Age 25-35 up to £15,000 + bonus

A major US Broker will shortly appoint a Manager whose responsibilities will include:

- * the supervision of administrative personnel in the equity department with a strong emphasis on settlement activity.
- * liaising effectively with counterparts in New York on settlements.
- * administration of operations systems and procedures in the equity department.

The ideal candidate will have had settlement administrative experience with an American, Canadian or British stockbroker. This is a new appointment. The successful candidate must have the managerial skills required for what is an exciting leadership opportunity. Salary will be negotiable but is unlikely to prove a problem for the right candidate. The prospects are excellent.

Please apply to Jock Conitt, Career Plan Ltd., Chichester House, Chichester Rents, off Chancery Lane, London WC2A 1EG.

Chichester House, Chichester Rents, Career Plan Limited, London WC2A 1EG, Tel: 01-342 5775

ST. CLEMENT DANES SCHOOL, Chorleywood, Herts

Governing Body established in 1975 supported by School Foundation established in 1975 responsible for the running of a Voluntary Aided School require a part-time Deputy Head (two days per week) to the Clerk to the Governors and the Treasurer. The Deputy will be based in the Governors' offices in Central London. Interesting and varied duties requiring knowledge of financial matters including investments and of the Education Act 1944-50. A professional qualification in law or accountancy desirable. Age not over 55. Salary depending on qualifications and experience. Applicants must be experienced car drivers. For further particulars apply to the Clerk to the Governors, 4-5 Osoth Square, London EC2A 3DE. Closing date for applications 31st October, 1983.

EUROBOND SALES

Graduate required to fill a position as a trainee Eurobond Sales. Many Women in a small but rapidly growing mainly Japanese owned Eurobond House. Financial experience useful but not essential. Please apply to Box 1785 H The Times.

LONDON STOCKBROKER requires bright, energetic, part-time work each week, previous experience not essential, willingness to learn, ability to work on your own and independently. Important. Write with full details Box No. 1806 The Times.

NON-SECRETARIAL APPOINTMENTS

RECEPTIONIST THEATRICAL ADVERTISING

£6,000 (early review)

If you are smart, well-coordinated, organised, can type at 20 wpm and would like to work with young trendy people, this famous agency in W1 would like you to greet their clients and work a simple switchboard in their super offices.

Bernadette of Bond St. Recruitment Consultants

No. 55, New Deer St Fenchurch St. E.C.3. Tel: 01-829 2204

Super Secretaries also on pages 23 - 26

NWI Shipping Line

Experienced shorthand secretary to work for Financial Director and Administration, Personnel Manager in prestigious office overlooking Regents Park. Right person has good shorthand accurate typing, good knowledge of English and initiative. £6,000 p.a.

Shorthand secretary to work in corporate department for 4 Directors. Shorthand accurate typing, adaptability, and at least 5 years office experience required. £5,000 per annum.

Apply Personnel Manager 01-486 2811 No Agency please

SECRETARY UNDER 35

Required for a Private professional firm, unusual EC2. Shorthand necessary, some knowledge of word processing would be an advantage. Good salary. For further details, phone JB Bellinger, 01-486 2811.

THE NATIONAL TRUST Secretary

Required to work at the Regional Office at Blithfield Hall, Blithfield and experience of work at Board level essential. Good typing and shorthand/audit required.

Please write for application form to: THE REGIONAL DIRECTOR, The National Trust, Blithfield, Warwick, NR11 6NF marking the envelope GEN.5.

ESTATE AGENTS

Need bright, intelligent secretary with personable manner to work as part of a busy team.

Good salary for someone with all round secretarial experience, part time opportunity.

01-589 6652

SECRETARY required for busy West End theatre producer's office. First class skills, pleasant manner and ability to work in a pressure environment. Interested in the area an advantage. Write to: Personnel Director, 100, Strand, London WC2R 0JH. Tel: 01-486 2811. No Agency please.

ESTATE AGENCY Negotiator with secretarial skills. London Wandsworth. At capable person with secretarial skills is required to work in a busy office. Residential property to a well located office close to Wandsworth Common. Previous negotiating experience not essential. For further details, Tel: 01-873 0191 (day) 01-423 8026 (even).

HANLEY ST. Non-Secretary for 2000 sq ft. May ENT practice - Tel. 01-486 2811

ADMIN ASSISTANT - £2,500 - £3,000 per annum. 1000 sq ft. House Manager of modern office equipment & facilities. Good salary. For further details, Tel: 01-486 2811. No Agency please.

SHORTLAND Secretary. Required for a major international bank in London. Salary £7,500 p.a. Tel: 01-486 2811. No Agency please.

SECRETARIES FOR ARCHITECTS and Engineers. Attractive salaries. For further details, Tel: 01-486 2811. No Agency please.

TEMPTING TIMES

TEMPS you're a good secretary, you want a lot more out of your work and you need to know what you look for. We have a variety of interesting assignments and need people with initiative, and who genuinely enjoy their work. Please write to: Bernadette of Bond St. Recruitment Consultants, 55, New Deer St, Fenchurch St, London EC3. Tel: 01-829 2204.

TEMP IN ADVERTISING - The best of all secretarial jobs to fill with a full time secretarial experience. Good salary. For further details, Tel: 01-486 2811. No Agency please.

150 من الأصل

هنا من الأصل

General Appointments

ENGINEERS

With minimum 5 years experience in production & multi-story building...

Bamzi 68 Percheron Gate Bayswater Road London W2

CAREER OPPORTUNITIES IN RECRUITING WINDSOR

Young Graduates with some knowledge of Accountancy & Finance, Electronics & Manufacturing or Sales & Marketing...

WHICH CAREER SUITS BEST?

Professional Guidance and Assessment for all ages. 15-24 yrs. Courses, Careers 25-34 yrs. Improvement, Changes 35-44 yrs. Progress, 2nd careers...

JOIN THE WINE TRADE

with lively independent merchant as driver/cellarmen on/rd. Clean licence is essential.

Haynes Hanson & Clark 17 Laticia St, SW6 0L-799 7978

FIELD FUND RAISER: The National Association of Graduate Engineers (NAG) seeks field fund raisers for London and the South East...

MATURE: Established firm seeks experienced mature people to join its team...

AMBITION: People receive a professional career in a dynamic environment...

HORIZONS

The Times Guide to career training

Explaining the computer world

From time to time, the Manpower Services Commission has been criticised for neglecting to find TOPS courses designed to meet the need for skilled executives in the computer industry.

It is encouraging to discover that some fresh ground has now been broken. At the Polytechnic of the South Bank, three-month course on Information Technology and Sales...

The content of the course consists of two modules running parallel: on the one hand, Hardware, Software, Peripherals and their Market Users...

Malcolm Jordan, a consultant programmer with substantial experience in the computer world, and formerly a schoolteacher, is in charge of the technical content. He provides a wide-ranging introduction to computers (especially micro) and their applications...

Garth Spiers himself takes the other part of the course. "My objective is to stir each and every member of the course clearly to establish where he or she is going in his or her working life," Spiers says, a former computer salesman...

Kieran Daiguan reports on a three-month course to help its graduates find jobs in a growing industry

Spiers' emphasis makes sense: several of the 20 members of each course so far have come with inadequate notices still dancing before their eyes and some were unemployed for many months.

Methods of tuition so far have been diverse. They included classroom instruction during the early weeks, hands-on training with micro-computers and word-processors, group counselling, workshop practice in selling techniques (sometimes with the aid of closed-circuit television), market research projects, attendance at trade exhibitions followed up by reports back to other course members.

There's a lot to be said, on a course like ours, for working in pairs and in small groups as well as in the full group," Spiers observes. "I want to see each member accepting and giving compliments and criticisms in adult ways. I attach a lot of importance to handling the cut and thrust of sales interviews in an open and positive manner. By working on their approaches during dealings here with their fellows, our trainees learn how to maintain their self-respect when they're under fire - just as they will need to later on with bosses, customers or colleagues."

The age of course members ranged from mid-50 to early 20s, and the members came from a great variety of backgrounds. For a start, they originated from every corner of the British Isles. Graduates sat on a par with former apprentices, and with others lacking formal qualifications.

There were people with experience in engineering, programming, technical selling and industrial buying, as the courses developed, they exchanged information, suggestions and points of view with a former barman, teacher, soldier, warehouseman and others who brought little by way of technical know-how to the course.

Where have the course members gone on completion of their training? Eighty-five per cent of those in the first course were employed when they were last heard of (all but one of them in some quarter of the computer industry). Some went back to industries with which they were already familiar - such as agriculture and printing - and are now handling the hardware and software needs of firms there. Others took up sales positions offering opportunities to concentrate on products that particularly interested them - microcomputers for business users, for example - or on software applications that give scope for their earlier experience, such as accounting, database or decision support packages.

Those with a fair amount of previous experience with computers were self-employed or working with systems houses, while younger course graduates who lacked experience in computers and in selling made their career entry at the domestic model end of the market, the highest level of remuneration known to have been achieved by someone leaving one of Spiers' courses was £15,000 a year. "I'm not really concerned whether our trainees use what they learn with us as employees or in self-employment," Spiers comments. "From the feedback so far, I do feel confident that our course is providing almost every member with a new sense of direction in his or her career. And equally important, we provide the computer industry with skilled sales personnel it needs."

NEWSROUND

are 20,000 unfilled vacancies in competing because of a shortage of skilled candidates, and a shortage of 7,000 electronic engineers in manufacturing industry.

The Central Data Institute in Bristol reports that 12 out of 14 TOPS trainees have recently found jobs within three weeks of completing their microelectronics technicians courses. In addition, Lucas and Ford both revealed that they are successful in converting mechanical engineers on their payroll to electronic engineers in order to keep abreast of new opportunities in technology.

Unemployed Londoners can now turn to an additional source of information, advice and support with the launch last week of a new free monthly newspaper for the jobless, London Work Out.

The newspaper has been put together by a group of unemployed journalists who met on a course at the London College of Printing in February. It is intended as a forum for discussion of all aspects of the unemployment debate, and to provide a clearing house of information put out by and for the hundreds of self-help groups being set up among the unemployed. There will be news, features, letters, listings classified and display advertisements. Feedback from readers is encouraged and it is hoped that their letters, articles, personal stories and news items will be an essential part of future issues.

Copies of the first issue are being distributed in the Greater London area through unemployment centres, libraries, universities, polytechnics and outside benefit offices. Anyone having difficulty in obtaining a copy should contact Cheryl Assael or Christian Bailey at London Work Out, 9 Poland Street, London W1 (Tel: 01-439 3043).

General Appointments

CJA RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS 35 New Broad Street, London EC2M 1NH Tel: 01-588 3588 or 01-588 3576 Telex No. 887374

A key appointment - offering scope for wider responsibilities in a senior contracts and project finance position.

CONTRACTS ADMINISTRATOR - AIRCRAFT MANUFACTURING

LONDON £12,000 - £16,000 This vacancy, which arises out of expansion of international business, is open to candidates preferably aged 25-35, who have acquired five years practical experience in contract administration, client negotiation and export financing including leasing. Knowledge of leasing and credit finance documentation for high value equipment is very desirable.

CAMPBELL-JOHNSTON ASSOCIATES (MANAGEMENT RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS) LIMITED 35 NEW BROAD STREET, LONDON EC2M 1NH. TELEPHONE: 01-588 3588 or 01-588 3576. TELEX 887374. FAX: 01-638 9216

PRINT SALES TRAINEE

CENTRAL LONDON £6,500 - £9,000 + CAR A LEADING WELL-ESTABLISHED AND EXPANDING FIRM OF SHEET FED LITHO PRINTERS. We invite applications from candidates, aged 19-23, who ideally have had at least 18 months commercial experience with a demanding company, where they will have gained wide general exposure to clients both on the telephone and, preferably, face-to-face.

ADMINISTRATIVE & CLERICAL PERSONNEL LIMITED, 35 NEW BROAD STREET, LONDON EC2M 1NH. (RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS) TELEPHONE: 01-588 3588 or 01-588 3576. TELEX: 887374. FAX: 01-638 9216

EDUCATIONAL APPOINTMENTS

University College Cardiff DEPARTMENT OF LAW LECTURERS

Applications invited for the above post. The duties will include teaching, supervision and active pursuit of research in the Department of Law, University of Cardiff, Cardiff, South Wales. Duties to commence 5th January, 1984.

MARINE MIDLAND BANK, N.A.

Opportunity for immediate appointment to AVP International Lending Officer - French-Speaking

Marine Midland's London Branch has recently been extremely successful in marketing the Bank's services in French-speaking Europe, turning the sector into one of the most profitable parts of the Europe and Middle East area.

This growth, together with scope for further development of the market, means that we now seek applications for the above position from graduates in their mid to late twenties, who speak fluent French. The selected candidate will have had at least three years' experience of working in an international bank and must have face-to-face marketing experience with clients.

As part of a small and closely-knit team, the successful applicant will be responsible for the profitable and effective marketing of the Bank's range of financial services to large multinational corporations in French-speaking European countries, including the seeking out of new business and further development of existing clients.

We are looking for someone with a proven record of real achievement as well as strong marketing and communication skills, and are therefore prepared to negotiate a remuneration package which will attract the best talent available. Career opportunities with Marine Midland, which is part of the Hongkong Bank Group, are excellent.

Please apply in confidence to: Teresa Andrews, Personnel Officer, MARINE MIDLAND BANK, N.A., 34 Moorgate, London EC2R 6JR. Telephone: 01-638 1788.

MARINE MIDLAND BANK, N.A.

Editorial Opportunity

HOMES AND GARDENS require an experienced journalist as Assistant to the Furnishing Editor. The job involves research and writing on all consumer durables. The successful applicant will be thorough in approach to research, have the ability to write lively readable copy and to work on own initiative. A knowledge of cookery essential and a home economics background an advantage. Salary: £9,115 p.a.

Please apply in writing to: Freda Parker, Furnishing Editor, HOMES AND GARDENS Magazine, 5th Floor, Low Rise, IPC Magazines Ltd, King's Reach Tower, Stamford Street, London SE1 8LS. We are an Equal Opportunity Employer.

ipcmagazines

EXPERIENCED HOTELIER

Wemyss Hotels Limited require an experienced hotelier to take charge of the Belvedere Hotel. It is situated in a developing but secluded five coast village on the estuary of the River Forth. The vicinity of the Hotel provides a first class industrial catchment area.

Apply, with details of present post held, and a full C.V., to -

The Company Secretary, Wemyss Hotels Limited, 4 Melville Crescent, Edinburgh EH3 7JB. Tel: 031 226 4931.

It is envisaged that interviews will be arranged in the autumn.

HEAD OF CONSUMER PRODUCTS

\$7.5 Billion Bank in Kuwait. JOB RESPONSIBILITY: Maximize consumer product profitability through proposing new products, pricing, recommending promotional strategy and the monitoring of performance. Responsibilities include transaction, investment, credit and fee based products offered to Middle East Markets. Location is in Kuwait.

QUALIFICATIONS: Candidates should have a university degree, at least 2 years experience in bank product management, strong drive and initiative, good analytical and interpersonal skills, and the ability to communicate.

BENEFITS: Salary will be around \$30,000 plus 15% guaranteed bonus (tax free) plus accommodation, paid annual home leave and liberal vacation and educational assistance for children.

Please mail your resume to our London Representative Office THE GULF BANK K.S.C. London Representative Office 1 College Hill London EC4R 2RA

Administrative Assistant

The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors Applicants should be 22/28 years with a university degree and a secretarial training after leaving university.

This is an interesting appointment within the education department and involves working on a career in a Chartered Surveyors by later interview. Commencing salary £5,800 p.a.

Applications with C.V. (and daytime telephone number) to: The Personnel Officer, RICS, 12 Great George Street, Parliament Square, SW1P 3AD.

GILTS

Major Equity Firm of Stockbrokers seeks to strengthen its International Fixed Interest Department with a greater UK gilt institutional capability. All replies treated in the strictest confidence.

Please reply to: Box T/811, St. James's House, 4/7 Red Lion Court, Fleet Street, London, ECAA 3BB.

EXPERIENCED ADMINISTRATOR

Administrator, with at least ten years experience, required to help develop a leading national medical research charity and to co-ordinate its head office activities. The charity, based in central London, is a successful, widely respected organisation operating with a highly motivated headquarters staff. The selected applicant will be directly responsible to the Director, will be skilled at working within a small enthusiastic team, and be able to relate effectively in a fund raising environment. Points of advantage will be a knowledge of PR/media, an ability to motivate voluntary workers, and a complete willingness and capacity to become involved in the work of the organisation. Some travel might be necessary. Those looking for an easy option need not apply - hard work is needed and expected. If you have intelligence, integrity and initiative and seek a rewarding position offering a real challenge in an important field of activity, write with full C.V. and current salary to Box 1781 H The Times.

Banking and Accountancy Appointments

Treasury Manager

Willis Faber, a well established firm of international insurance Brokers, wishes to appoint a Treasury Manager.

The Group Treasury is responsible for cash and investment management, Foreign Exchange management and Banking operations of the Group. Total funds of over £500M are invested on behalf of Group Companies and other London based insurance organisations.

Reporting to the Group Treasurer the successful applicant will have prime responsibility for the banking function and the duties will encompass - Maintaining effective banking systems for the Group's cash flows.

- The organisation and negotiation of the Group's credit facilities.

- Contributing to investment and Foreign Exchange management policy.

- Preparation of reports for senior management. The position calls for a high degree of professional plus the ability to communicate effectively up to the highest level of Group Management.

Applicants between 25/32 years of age should have relevant experience probably gained in a bank or corporate treasury. Salary and benefits will be attractive to those suitably qualified.

To apply, please telephone or write to: Tim Baggott, Willis Faber & Dumas Ltd., 15th Trinity Square, London EC3P 3AX. Tel: 01-488 8255.

Willis Faber

CHEQUEPOINT Financial Controller

Continued expansion internationally and in the UK has necessitated the recruitment of two Financial Controllers to join the company. Aged 28-40, must be professionally qualified and able to travel. Excellent terms and conditions. Apply with full CV to:

Chequepoint (Head Office), 89 Nathan Road, Kowloon, Hongkong.

c/o Chequepoint, 13/15 Davies St, London W1. (Reference W-B)

Controller Self-Employed Pensions

Are you a successful manager with experience of self-employed retirement annuities, well perhaps an appropriate professional qualification? If the answer's yes - your may be the manager we need in our Individual Pensions Department.

Continuing expansion at UK Provident - one of the country's fastest growing Life Offices - has provided an opportunity for a Controller to take responsibility for the class of business, reporting directly to the Individual Pensions Manager.

Our new Head Office is situated in the delightful Cathedral city of Salisbury, close to the Hampshire border and the New Forest. There is easy access to the South Coast, and a variety of cultural interests in and around the city.

If you are attracted by the prospect of a challenging career with an exciting future, we'd like to hear from you. The rewards include an excellent salary (it is unlikely that anyone currently earning less than £10,000 p.a. will be able to make a sufficiently effective contribution), non-contributory pension plan, concessional house purchase scheme, and subsidised staff restaurant. Full details of the position and salary will be sent where appropriate.

Please telephone for an application form, or write, enclosing a curriculum vitae to:

Paul Ambrose, Assistant Manager (Recruitment and Personnel Administration), UK Provident, United Kingdom Home, Castle Street, Salisbury SP1 3SL. Telephone: (01722) 6242.

Success you can share

Forex Futures Traders

Private company seeks 1 Senior and 1 Junior Trader with knowledge of Cash/Futures. Markets in both foreign exchange and deposits. Salary will be commensurate with experience and ability.

Please send a full C.V. to Box No. 1786 H The Times.

Banking and Accountancy Appointments also on page 24

WEDDINGS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS... THE TIMES... COURT AND SOCIAL PAGE...

IN MEMORIAM... CLARKE... A wonderful life...

HOLIDAYS AND VILLAS... FRANCE, MID WEST COAST... THE FRENCH SELECTION...

PERSONAL COLUMNS... HOLIDAYS AND VILLAS... LAST MINUTE HOLIDAY AND FLIGHT BARGAINS...

SITUATIONS WANTED... CHALLENGER... WESTMINSTER PARLIAMENTARY...

NON-SECRETARIAL APPOINTMENTS... WESTMINSTER PARLIAMENTARY... SPORT AND RECREATION...

Super Secretaries also on pages 23-24 Secretarial Opportunity... Secretary Required for Circulation Manager - Age 25+ Preferred...

BIRTHS... BRADSHAW... On July 29, to Caroline...

HOLIDAYS AND VILLAS... ITALIAN FLIGHT SPECIALISTS... RETURN PRICES...

HOLIDAYS AND VILLAS... BRITANNY BARGAINS 27 AUG... UP TO £160 OFF...

HOLIDAYS THIS WEEKEND... SPETS FROM £199pp... POROS FROM £219pp...

SHORT LETS... FULLHAR... REGENCY PARK...

WEST CORNWALL... PETHERRIDGE... ARNOLD TERRIER...

ipmagazines... COMPANY NOTICES... NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF EUROPEAN DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS (EDRs) IN MITSUBI & CO. LTD.

SILVER WEDDINGS... CALDWELL BRAUNWELL... On July 26th 1958...

HOLIDAYS AND VILLAS... PILGRIM-AIR... ITALIAN FLIGHT SPECIALISTS...

HOLIDAYS AND VILLAS... UP, UP AND AWAY... RELIABLE FLIGHTS AND LOWEST PRICES...

HOUSE CONTENTS... WANTED... RENTALS... EATON PLACE SW1...

U.K. HOLIDAYS... WEST CORNWALL... PETHERRIDGE...

WEST CORNWALL... PETHERRIDGE... ARNOLD TERRIER...

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF EUROPEAN DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS (EDRs) IN MITSUBI & CO. LTD.

DEATHS... BAZELL... On August 1st, peacefully at home...

HOLIDAYS AND VILLAS... TRAVELERS BROAD... PENN PLACE, RICHMOND...

HOLIDAYS AND VILLAS... GREECE & ISLANDS FLIGHTS AND HOLIDAYS...

WANTED... RENTALS... STANHOPE PLACE W2... HIGHGATE N6...

U.K. HOLIDAYS... WEST CORNWALL... PETHERRIDGE...

WEST CORNWALL... PETHERRIDGE... ARNOLD TERRIER...

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF EUROPEAN DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS (EDRs) IN OKUMA MACHINERY WORKS LTD.

DEATHS... HARRWOOD-LUNDREY... On 1st August, peacefully at home...

HOLIDAYS AND VILLAS... TRAVELLERS BROAD... PENN PLACE, RICHMOND...

HOLIDAYS AND VILLAS... GREECE & ISLANDS FLIGHTS AND HOLIDAYS...

WANTED... RENTALS... STANHOPE PLACE W2... HIGHGATE N6...

U.K. HOLIDAYS... WEST CORNWALL... PETHERRIDGE...

WEST CORNWALL... PETHERRIDGE... ARNOLD TERRIER...

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF EUROPEAN DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS (EDRs) IN OKUMA MACHINERY WORKS LTD.

DEATHS... HARRWOOD-LUNDREY... On 1st August, peacefully at home...

HOLIDAYS AND VILLAS... TRAVELLERS BROAD... PENN PLACE, RICHMOND...

HOLIDAYS AND VILLAS... GREECE & ISLANDS FLIGHTS AND HOLIDAYS...

WANTED... RENTALS... STANHOPE PLACE W2... HIGHGATE N6...

U.K. HOLIDAYS... WEST CORNWALL... PETHERRIDGE...

WEST CORNWALL... PETHERRIDGE... ARNOLD TERRIER...

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF EUROPEAN DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS (EDRs) IN OKUMA MACHINERY WORKS LTD.

DEATHS... HARRWOOD-LUNDREY... On 1st August, peacefully at home...

HOLIDAYS AND VILLAS... TRAVELLERS BROAD... PENN PLACE, RICHMOND...

HOLIDAYS AND VILLAS... GREECE & ISLANDS FLIGHTS AND HOLIDAYS...

WANTED... RENTALS... STANHOPE PLACE W2... HIGHGATE N6...

U.K. HOLIDAYS... WEST CORNWALL... PETHERRIDGE...

WEST CORNWALL... PETHERRIDGE... ARNOLD TERRIER...

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF EUROPEAN DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS (EDRs) IN OKUMA MACHINERY WORKS LTD.

DEATHS... HARRWOOD-LUNDREY... On 1st August, peacefully at home...

HOLIDAYS AND VILLAS... TRAVELLERS BROAD... PENN PLACE, RICHMOND...

HOLIDAYS AND VILLAS... GREECE & ISLANDS FLIGHTS AND HOLIDAYS...

WANTED... RENTALS... STANHOPE PLACE W2... HIGHGATE N6...

U.K. HOLIDAYS... WEST CORNWALL... PETHERRIDGE...

WEST CORNWALL... PETHERRIDGE... ARNOLD TERRIER...

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF EUROPEAN DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS (EDRs) IN OKUMA MACHINERY WORKS LTD.

DEATHS... HARRWOOD-LUNDREY... On 1st August, peacefully at home...

HOLIDAYS AND VILLAS... TRAVELLERS BROAD... PENN PLACE, RICHMOND...

HOLIDAYS AND VILLAS... GREECE & ISLANDS FLIGHTS AND HOLIDAYS...

WANTED... RENTALS... STANHOPE PLACE W2... HIGHGATE N6...

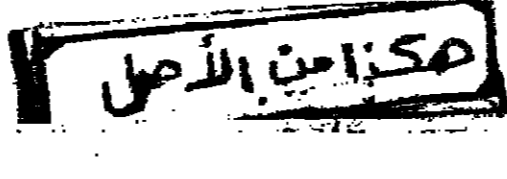
U.K. HOLIDAYS... WEST CORNWALL... PETHERRIDGE...

WEST CORNWALL... PETHERRIDGE... ARNOLD TERRIER...

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF EUROPEAN DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS (EDRs) IN OKUMA MACHINERY WORKS LTD.

Today's television and radio programmes

Edited by Peter Lee



BBC 1

- 6.00 Ceezlan AM. News, sport, weather...
6.30 Breakfast Time. Salina Scott and Mike Smith...
8.00 Captain Caveman. Cartoon...

TV-am

- 8.25 Good Morning Britain. Anne Diamond and Martin Wainwright...
10.30 News. 1.20 News. 1.30 News...

ITV/LONDON

- 9.25 Thames news headlines followed by Sesame Street...
12.00 Haggerty, Haggerty (and at 4.00). 12.10 Get Up and Go!...

BBC 2

- 6.05 Open University: Maths in Perspective...
10.30 Play School. The Painted Dragon...
12.00 News. 1.20 News. 1.30 News...

CHANNEL 4

- 5.30 Car 54 Where Are You? Lovelace cop comedy...
6.00 News. 6.15 News. 6.30 News...
7.00 News. 7.15 News. 7.30 News...

CHOICE

- 4.20pm. Andrea Adams samples a Cornish oyster...
6.00 News. 6.15 News. 6.30 News...
7.00 News. 7.15 News. 7.30 News...

TONIGHT'S PROM

- 7.30 Orp: Poor Oym Suite No. 1. BBC Violin Concerto...
8.45 Aulis Sallinen: Shadows - Prelude for orchestra...
10.00 Paganini and Spohr: The Paganini Sonata...

Radio 2

- News on the hour every hour (except 8.00 pm and 9.00 am)
8.00 pm. 8.00 am. 8.00 am. 8.00 am. 8.00 am. 8.00 am...

Radio 1

- News on the half hour from 8.30am until 8.30pm and then at 10.00 and 12.00
8.30 am. 8.30 am. 8.30 am. 8.30 am. 8.30 am...

FREQUENCIES

Radio 1: 105.3kHz/255m; 108.9kHz/275m; Radio 2: 693kHz/433m; 909kHz/330m; Radio 3: 1215kHz/247m; VHF 90-92.5; Radio 4: 200kHz/1500m; VHF 92-95; LBC 1152kHz/201m; VHF 97.3; Capital 1548kHz/194m; VHF 95.8; BBC Radio London 1458kHz/206m; VHF 94.9; World Service MF 649kHz/463m

ENTERTAINMENTS

Opera & Ballet: London Festival Ballet, Royal Opera House, Covent Garden.
Concerts: St Martin-in-the-Fields, St Paul's Cathedral.
Theatres: Albury Theatre, The Old Vic, The Royal Opera House.

ALAN BATES

ALAN BATES: THE BIRTH OF MURDER. A new play by Alan Bates.
ALAN BATES: THE BIRTH OF MURDER. A new play by Alan Bates.
ALAN BATES: THE BIRTH OF MURDER. A new play by Alan Bates.

ALAN BATES

ALAN BATES: THE BIRTH OF MURDER. A new play by Alan Bates.
ALAN BATES: THE BIRTH OF MURDER. A new play by Alan Bates.
ALAN BATES: THE BIRTH OF MURDER. A new play by Alan Bates.

ALAN BATES

ALAN BATES: THE BIRTH OF MURDER. A new play by Alan Bates.
ALAN BATES: THE BIRTH OF MURDER. A new play by Alan Bates.
ALAN BATES: THE BIRTH OF MURDER. A new play by Alan Bates.

ALAN BATES

ALAN BATES: THE BIRTH OF MURDER. A new play by Alan Bates.
ALAN BATES: THE BIRTH OF MURDER. A new play by Alan Bates.
ALAN BATES: THE BIRTH OF MURDER. A new play by Alan Bates.

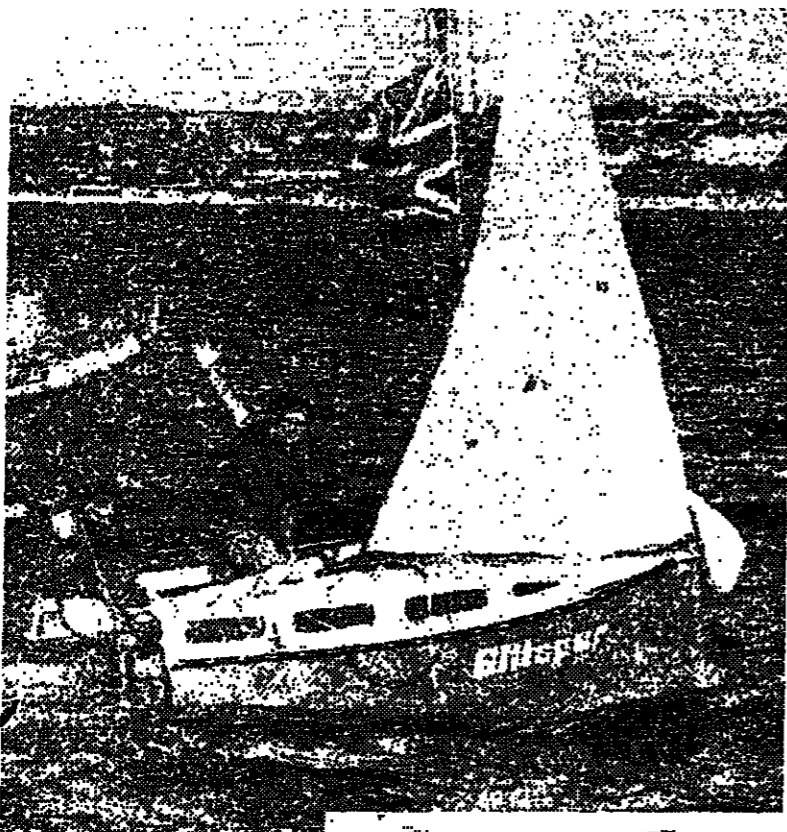
ALAN BATES

ALAN BATES: THE BIRTH OF MURDER. A new play by Alan Bates.
ALAN BATES: THE BIRTH OF MURDER. A new play by Alan Bates.
ALAN BATES: THE BIRTH OF MURDER. A new play by Alan Bates.

ALAN BATES

ALAN BATES: THE BIRTH OF MURDER. A new play by Alan Bates.
ALAN BATES: THE BIRTH OF MURDER. A new play by Alan Bates.
ALAN BATES: THE BIRTH OF MURDER. A new play by Alan Bates.

Advertisement for Times Newspapers Limited, Classified Dept, FREEPOST, London WC1B 8BB. Includes contact information and a note about advertising.



Tom McClean...

... is a veteran at crossing the Atlantic in search of records. In 1969 he became the first person to row single-handed across the 2,500-miles of water. When not at sea Mr McClean, pictured with his wife, Jill, runs an adventure training school near Malloha, west Scotland. Giltsbur, his bathtub-shaped craft, measures 7ft 9in.



Billy Dunlop...

... the American lorry driver who holds the present record for crossing the Atlantic in the smallest boat, achieved his success on board Wind's Will after 78 days at sea. Mr Dunlop, pictured with his wife Pam, had almost been given up for lost when he was sighted 500 miles off Land's End. His boat had a glass fibre hull, three sails and a pair of oars, but no engine.



Tom McNally...

... pictured with his wife Cathy, is at 5ft 11in just 21 inches shorter than his boat, The Big C. The wooden craft, sheathed in a bullet-proof skin, was built near Southampton. It has a 13ft 6in mast. Mr McNally, an engineer, will fly full length in it for most of the crossing. It is especially designed so that all the sail handling ropes lead back into the cockpit.

Winning by a short prow in cockleshell battle of the Atlantic

Almost a year to the day after setting, and quickly losing, the record for crossing the Atlantic in the smallest boat, Tom McClean, aged 40, is about to recapture the title - almost certainly to have it quickly snatched away yet again (Richard Evans writes).

The former SAS man, who set off on his latest Atlantic voyage from Canada 55 days ago on board his tiny yacht, Giltsbur, measuring just 7ft 9in long, is now about 100 miles off the coast of Portugal, having been blown south by strong headwinds.

When he reaches land today or tomorrow he will have broken the record set by Billy Dunlop, a 16-tonne American, who sailed into Falmouth last August aboard Wind's Will, his 9ft 6in craft - 17 days after Mr McClean had crossed the Atlantic in a yacht eight and one eighth inches longer.

But Mr McClean's victory celebrations will be tempered by the news that another Briton has already set out to break his new record.

Tom McNally, also aged 40, from Widnes, left Heathrow yesterday bound for Newfoundland, from where he will attempt to sail back to Britain in a boat 6ft 11in long "I am confident I will break the record", he said before leaving home. "It is something I have always wanted to do."

There is keen rivalry between him and

Mr McClean. "He tried to fool me by leaking the news that his boat was 8ft 10in long", he added. "But I know that this was just a ploy to trick me into commissioning a boat that would not be small enough to take the record."

"Tom McClean now knows that I have a smaller boat than his - and has very sportingly sent me a message wishing my venture the best of luck."

His trip, in aid of Cancer Research,

Anger over French curbs on day-trips

By a Staff Reporter

The Government was given a warning in May that France was unhappy about the way day-trippers from Britain were allowed into French ports on short-term excursion cards. It emerged last night.

The disclosure follows French immigration officials' refusal to admit 100 coloured British day trippers with 60-hour identity papers.

As anger over the refusal grew, the Foreign Office said the Government had already agreed to a review of the 18-year-old agreement which allows Britons into France for up to 60 hours without a passport or visa.

A spokesman said that France had made it clear in May that it felt the system was being "abused". As a result, French officials were due to meet Foreign Office and Home Office officials to try to resolve the differences.

Although no dates for meetings have been fixed, the floating of the agreement by the French has clearly angered the Government.

The Foreign Office said: "We are concerned about the report and are taking this up with the French authorities."

At least 100 coloured people, mainly West Indians, were turned back from Calais and Boulogne last Sunday because they failed to produce visas which are compulsory for entry to France by non-EEC citizens.

The French Embassy yesterday refused to comment when asked how the officials had known the day-trippers were not British citizens.

A spokesman said: "Some West Indians who did not have visas have been returned. They could not be allowed into the ports without a visa."

Mr William Trent, chairman of the West Indian Standing Conference, said: "I feel very angry about this. However you look at it, the French have chosen to discriminate against one group of people."

But the protests do not conceal the fact that, under the memorandum drawn up in 1971, the French are entitled to refuse admission to Britons.

Nevertheless, two ministers in Paris are already locked in argument. The Interior Ministry refuses to comment on the incident, and the Social Affairs Ministry says that if reports of the refusal are true, it could "constitute a scandal".

FT reaches peace settlement with striking print union

Continued from page 1

Times chairman said: "I don't think we could have got this agreement one day earlier than we got it."

He said the company had won productivity concessions, including the running of printing machines at faster speeds to obtain a nightly print run of 275,000 copies, and the use of

new equipment to achieve colour printing across two pages.

He added: "I am not saying it is a victory. Nobody can have a victory when the employers will have lost £10m and the men have lost earnings of £1.2m."

The NGA is also thought to have spent more than £100,000 in dispute benefits after bringing out all its 270 members in support of the machine-minders.

But Mr Wade insisted that the money has been well spent to preserve the NGA's right to make a separate agreement for its machine room members.

The TUC general council, whose members voted 25-8 last week to suspend the NGA for refusing to accept the mediator's report which was personally underwritten by Mr Murray, emerges with a somewhat impaired image.

Last night the TUC wanted to take advantage of its opportunity to deliver "had been vindicated".

An Aca's spokesman said one aim now was a disputes procedure for the introduction of new technology.

Lawson to identify job-creating sectors

Continued from page 1

said, included lack of skills and training, geographical mobility, the tax structure and financial constraint on companies wanting to market new products.

The Government said yesterday that unemployed 16 and 17-year-olds who join the Armed Forces' Youth Training Scheme will receive between £30 and £50 per week less spending money than youngsters recruited into the armed forces under normal procedures, Rodney Cowton, Defence Correspondent, writes.

They will receive the normal youth training scheme pay of £25 a week, less a food and accommodation deduction of about £10. Recruitment for the one-year training begins today.

In announcing further details of the scheme, Mr John Stanley, Minister of State for the Armed Forces, said that when the scheme was fully in operation - by about the middle of next year - it was hoped that it would provide 5,200 places for young people.

City Editor's Comment, page 17

Leading article, page 9

THE TIMES INFORMATION SERVICE

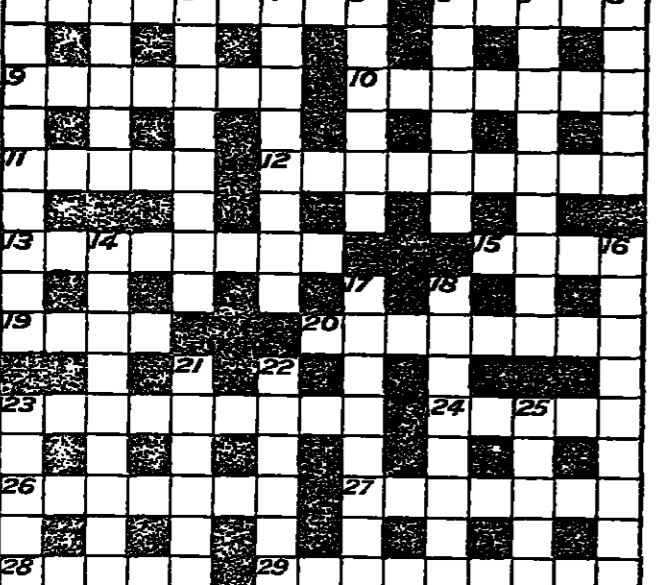
Today's events

Royal engagements
The Queen embarks on HMV Britannia to cruise the Western Isles, at Southampton Dock, 5.35.

New exhibitions
New aspects of the Borders: Entries to art competition, Traquair House, Inverlathie, daily 10.30 to 5.30 (until Aug 31).
Flower paintings and drawings by Jillian McDonald, Woodland Centre, near Jedburgh, daily 1 to 5.30 until Aug 21, then Sundays, Wednesdays and bank holidays only.

Local crafts and Scottish landscape photography, Borders Craft Centre, Jedburgh, near Jedburgh, Mon to Sat 9.30 to 5.30, Sun 12 to 5.30 (until Aug 31).
Mingrelay of the Scottish Borders: Costume figures by Anne Carrick and tapestries by Macdonald Scott, Smallholm Tower, near St Boswells, Mon, Thurs to Sat 9.30 to 7, Tues, Wed and Sun 2 to 7.
Egypt and the British Gallery of Modern Art, The Albion, Princess Street, Manchester, Mon to Sat 10 to 6 (until Sept 17).
Summer exhibition: Paintings, prints and crafts by more than 40 artists, Broughton Gallery, Peebles, 10.30 to 6 (until Friday).

The Times Crossword Puzzle No 16,199



- ACROSS**
- Cotswolds village sport (9).
 - He wrote as an enemy of French origin (5).
 - Cross-channel swimmer coming to sad end in real tragedy (7).
 - Black medick is unique (7).
 - Squeeze into cupboard (5).
 - Cite hippy perhaps, like one growing on another (9).
 - Gauche points about love from editions of Dante (8).
 - Mother is back in the old country (4).
 - Tory assembly in city of Paris (4).
 - See company with deficit - America makes it a huge figure (8).
 - Love-sickness? (9).
 - Shylock's friend returned but a pound (5).
 - Ward sort of house where he'd find Sally ensconced (7).
 - Food? I'm going into a fast (7).
 - Such courage shown perhaps at this auction? (5).
 - A beasty collection of people I agree in a way (9).
- DOWN**
- Writer takes note, everything having significance (4-5).
 - Arrange hangup of Dr Gibbon? (5).
 - Government Department makes eastern waterway test (8).
 - Excited by exchanges in Round Ten (6,2).
 - Sister on Channel Islands takes round Pope's representative (6).
 - Vessel holding survivors after being blown up (6).
 - Abbey squares (9).
 - One has key, after breaking the code (5).
 - Infantry to blame for service inefficiency (4-5).
 - Parasitic plant - bit of thrush-foot? (9).
 - Market surplus in one part of range (8).
 - Jack's original name for Ernest Moncrieff (8).
 - Put an end to drink! (6).
 - Understanding West is party to opening of mission (6).
 - Hebert has the same bug (5).
 - Dim vision of river in network of lines (5).
 - Solution of Puzzle No 16,198
- CONCISE CROSSWORD PAGE 6**

Exhibitions in progress

Man and his environment, National Museum of Wales, Cardiff, Eryri, Llanberis, Gwynedd, Mon to Sat 10 to 5, Sun 2.30 to 5 (until Sept 18).

Cirencester and Conflict: Life on the home front during the world wars, Corinium Museum, Cirencester, Mon to Sat 10 to 6, Sun 2 to 6 (until Sept 27).

The Floating World: Japanese prints, Glasgow Museum and Art Galleries, Kelvingrove, Mon to Sat 10 to 5, Sun 2 to 5 (until Sept 28).

Artists' impressions of the Underhill from eighteenth century to today, Carisbrooke Castle Museum, Newport, Isle of Wight, Mon to Sun 9.30 to 6.30.

Paintings by Mary Rose Hardy and Sidney Sadgrove, Tenbridge Wells Art Gallery, Civic Centre, Mount Pleasant, Mon to Fri 10 to 5.30, Sat 9.30 to 5 (until Aug 11).

Last chance to see
Work of North Oxfordshire Guild of Weavers, Spinners and Dyers, Banbury Museum, Horsefair, Mon to Sat 10 to 5 (ends Saturday).

Paintings by Scott Valentine, Rozelle House, Rozelle Park, Ayr, 11 to 5 (ends today).

Talks, lectures
Sonia Lawson talks about her paintings, Mappin Art Gallery, Weston Park, Sheffield, 7.15.
Creepy Crawly's - for children aged 8 and over, Royal Scottish Museum, Chambers Street, Edinburgh, 10.55.

Organ recital by Marcus Sealy, Bath Abbey, 1.10.
Recital by Janos Sebestyen, St David's Hall, Cardiff, 1.10.
Concert by Ulster Orchestra, New University of Ulster, Coleraine, 8.
Recital by Yuko Inoue (viola) and Ka Kit Tam (piano), St Mary's Centre, Aylesbury, 1.10.
Organ recital by Francis Jackson, St Mary's Cathedral, Palmerston Place, Edinburgh, 8.

New books - paperback

The Literary Editor's selection of interesting books published this week:

Alexander Pope: Collected Poems (Duck, £2.35).
Godefrida: Ghazals and Demons, the collected poems of Li He (Avalon, £10).
Hunting and Apparitions, by Andrew Mackenzie (Penguin, £2.50).
New Artists: Byrd, 01-228 8200; Seward, 16 Lancelotti, La Bourne, 1 Hamilton Park, 5 Buntingford Place, Sps, 01-228 7734.
The Altering Eye, Contemporary International Cinema, by Robert Philip Koller (Oxford, £9.95).
The Man from the Russian Empire, by Donald James (Granada, £1.95).
The Man from Russia, by Gravelly Wynne (Granada, £1.95).
The Newspaper: An International History, by Anthony Smith (Thames & Hudson, £3.95).

Cool eating

The following is a further selection of recommended London restaurants with air-conditioned dining:

Am on the Park, Four Seasons and Lansdowne Place, W1, 01-930 0888; Intercontinental Hotel, La Bourne, 1 Hamilton Park, 5 Buntingford Place, Sps, 01-228 7734.
Royal Lancaster Hotel, La Rose, Lancaster Terrace, W2, 01-262 6737.
Grosvenor Park, Tower, La Tronca, 103 Kingshead, Old Brompton, SW8, 01-895 7818.
Cheval Place, SW7, 01-582 8500.
Tavern, 22 Queen St. W., 01-492 3891.
Wax, 41, 01-481 2575.
Wheat House Restaurant, Abbey St. NW1, 01-387 1200.

Anniversaries

Births: John Tradescant, naturalist, Southampton, Kent, 1608; Percy Bysshe Shelley, Field Place, Hove, Sussex, 1792; William Henry Hudson, naturalist and writer (Green Meadows), Buenos Aires, 1841; Sir Harry Lauder, Portobello, Edinburgh, 1870; Queen Elizabeth The Queen Mother, St Paul's Waldenbury, Hertfordshire, 1900.
Deaths: Sigismund de Montfort, Earl of Leicester, killed at the Battle of Evesham, Worcester, 1265; William Cecil, Lord Burghley, London, 1598; Hans Christian Andersen, Copenhagen, 1875.
Britain declared war on Germany, 1914.

The pound

	Bank	Bank
Australia \$	1.78	1.70
Canada \$	32.30	31.25
Belgium F	83.50	79.50
Canada \$	1.92	1.84
Denmark Kr	14.93	14.23
Finland Mk	12.23	11.63
France F	124.5	119.0
Germany DM	4.15	3.95
Greece Dr	136.00	127.80
Italy Lira	246.00	236.00
Japan Yen	386.00	366.00
Netherlands Gld	4.63	4.41
Norway Kr	11.64	11.07
Portugal Esc	187.00	177.00
South Africa Rd	2.02	1.87
Spain Ptas	230.00	219.00
Sweden Kr	12.23	11.63
Switzerland Fr	3.34	3.17
USA \$	1.55	1.50
Yugoslavia Dnr	154.80	144.00

Rates for small denomination bank notes only.
Retail Price Index: 334.7.
London: The FT Index closed up 7.5 at 725.6

Hosepipe ban

A hosepipe ban will be extended in the south-west from midnight today because of the exceptionally heavy demand on water in the holiday region. Plymouth and nearly a hundred more parishes in Devon and Cornwall will come under the ban.

Bond winner

The winning number for the £250,000 Premium Bonds draw for August is 52N 30970. The winner lives in North Yorkshire.

Weather forecast

Pressure will be high over S Britain. A trough of low pressure will approach NW later.

6 am to midnight

London, East Angles, SE, Central S, SW England, Midlands, Channel Islands, Shetlands and Demons, the collected poems of Li He (Avalon, £10).

6 am to midnight
London, East Angles, SE, Central S, SW England, Midlands, Channel Islands, Shetlands and Demons, the collected poems of Li He (Avalon, £10).

Lake District, Isle of Man, Aberdeen, SW Scotland, Glasgow, Central England, Channel (E): Wind variable, light to moderate; sea, 18 to 20C (64 to 68F).

NE England, Borders, Edinburgh, Dumfries, Moray Firth: Mostly dry, sunny intervals; wind SW, moderate; sea, 18 to 20C (64 to 68F).

NE, NW Scotland, Argyll, Orkney, Shetland: Cloudy, a light rain chiefly in evening; wind W to SW, moderate to fresh; sea, 17 to 17C (63 to 63F).

Outlook for tomorrow and Saturday: Mostly dry, sunny periods. Becoming warmer.

SEA PASSAGES: W, light or moderate; sea slight. Straits of Dover, English Channel, Irish Sea, moderate, mainly W or NW, light; sea smooth. St George's Channel, Irish Sea: Wind W or SW, light or moderate; sea slight.

Sun rises: 5.28am Sun sets: 8.45pm
Moon rises: 5.02pm Moon sets: 5.02pm
New Moon August 6.

Lighting-up time

London 9.19 pm to 4.59 am
Bristol 9.24 pm to 5.09 am
Edinburgh 9.45 pm to 4.50 am
Manchester 9.28 pm to 5.00 am
Preston 9.31 pm to 5.03 am

Yesterday

Temperatures at midday yesterday: c. cloud: f. rain: s. sun. F C F C

Belfast	16.8	6.1	Sunny
Birmingham	17.6	6.3	Sunny
Bristol	17.3	6.3	Sunny
Cardiff	17.3	6.3	Sunny
Edinburgh	17.3	6.3	Sunny
Exeter	17.3	6.3	Sunny
Glasgow	17.3	6.3	Sunny
London	17.3	6.3	Sunny
Manchester	17.3	6.3	Sunny
Newcastle	17.3	6.3	Sunny
Nottingham	17.3	6.3	Sunny
Sheffield	17.3	6.3	Sunny
Southampton	17.3	6.3	Sunny
Stoke	17.3	6.3	Sunny
Wolverhampton	17.3	6.3	Sunny

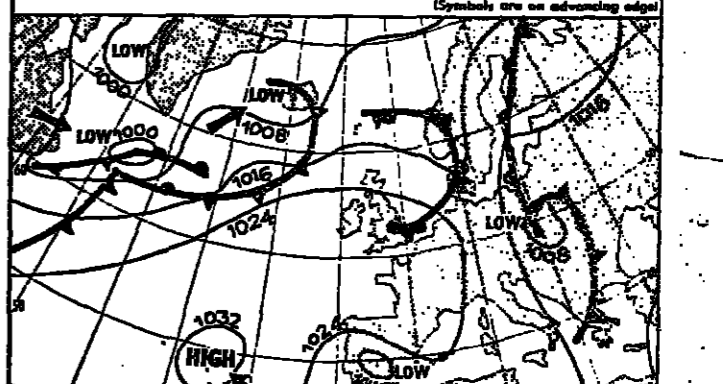
Pollen forecast

Pollen count	Peak times
Abscession	3 to 6 pm
Bass	3 to 6 pm
Beech	noon to 3 pm
Birch	3 to 6 pm
Bracken	3 to 6 pm
Burdock	3 to 6 pm
Cherry	3 to 6 pm
Claytonia	3 to 6 pm
Dandelion	3 to 6 pm
Elm	3 to 6 pm
Goosefoot	3 to 6 pm
Grass	3 to 6 pm
Heather	3 to 6 pm
Hemp	3 to 6 pm
Hollyhock	3 to 6 pm
Horsetail	3 to 6 pm
Juniper	3 to 6 pm
Labrador	3 to 6 pm
Lamb	3 to 6 pm
Linden	3 to 6 pm
Mast	3 to 6 pm
Nettle	3 to 6 pm
Olive	3 to 6 pm
Osprey	3 to 6 pm
Plantain	3 to 6 pm
Ragwort	3 to 6 pm
Rose	3 to 6 pm
Rumex	3 to 6 pm
Sage	3 to 6 pm
Stinging nettle	3 to 6 pm
Walnut	3 to 6 pm
Wormwood	3 to 6 pm
Yew	3 to 6 pm

Highest and lowest

Yesterday: Highest day temp London 25C (77F); lowest day temp London 12C (54F).
Newspapers: London, 11.30 am; Manchester, 11.30 am; Edinburgh, 11.30 am; Glasgow, 11.30 am.
1,000 metres - 29.53 m.

Weather forecast



High tides

Location	AM	HT	PM	FT
London Bridge	4.1	10.11	5.1	11.1
Aberdeen	9.34	3.5	10.27	3.5
Cardiff	2.45	10.2	3.25	10.1
Edinburgh	4.3	10.2	4.1	10.1
Exeter	2.30	9.8	3.11	9.8
Glasgow	12.28	4.5	12.32	4.5
Liverpool	12.26	4.3	12.43	4.3
London	4.1	10.2	4.1	10.2
Manchester	7.58	3.8	11.8	3.8
Nottingham	6.35	4.8	7.24	4.8
Sheffield	6.42	4.8	7.24	4.8
Southampton	1.41	7.1	2.17	7.1
Stoke	10.43	3.8	11.07	3.8
Wolverhampton	5.54	2.1	8.27	2.1
Worcester	6.6	2.5	8.27	2.5
Wrexham	2.00	9.8	3.11	9.8
Wye	1.00	9.8	3.11	9.8
York	12.18	4.8	1.09	4.8
Cardiff	2.45	10.2	3.25	10.1
Edinburgh	4.3	10.2	4.1	10.1
London	4.1	10.2	4.1	10.2
Manchester	7.58	3.8	11.8	3.8
Nottingham	6.35	4.8	7.24	4.8
Sheffield	6.42	4.8	7.24	4.8
Southampton	1.41	7.1	2.17	7.1
Stoke	10.43	3.8	11.07	3.8
Wolverhampton	5.54	2.1	8.27	2.1
Worcester	6.6	2.5	8.27	2.5
Wrexham	2.30	9.8	3.11	9.8
York	12.18	4.8	1.09	4.8
Cardiff	2.45	10.2	3.25	10.1
Edinburgh	4.3	10.2	4.1	10.1
London	4.1	10.2	4.1	10.2
Manchester	7.58	3.8	11.8	3.8
Nottingham	6.35	4.8	7.24	4.8
Sheffield	6.42	4.8	7.24	4.8
Southampton	1.41	7.1	2.17	7.1
Stoke	10.43	3.8	11.07	3.8
Wolverhampton	5.54	2.1	8.27	2.1
Worcester	6.6	2.5	8.27	2.5
Wrexham	2.30	9.8	3.11	9.8
York	12.18	4.8	1.09	4.8

Tide measurement in metres: 1m=3.2808ft.

Around Britain

Location	Sun	Rain	Max	Min	Sun	Rain	Max	Min
St Andrews	11.0	0.0	14.0	4.0	Sunny	14.0	4.0	11.0
Aberdeen	11.0	0.0	14.0	4.0	Sunny	14.0	4.0	11.0
Aberystwyth	11.0	0.0	14.0	4.0	Sunny	14.0	4.0	11.0
Birmingham	10.3	0.0	13.0	3.0	Sunny	13.0	3.0	10.3
Bristol	10.3	0.0	13.0	3.0	Sunny	13.0	3.0	10.3
Cardiff	10.3	0.0	13.0	3.0	Sunny	13.0	3.0	10.3
Edinburgh	10.3	0.0						